



राज्य स्तरीय पर्यावरण समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण, म.प्र.

(पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार)

पर्यावरण नियोजन एवं समन्वय संगठन

पर्यावरण परिसर, ई-5, अरेरा कॉलोनी

भोपाल-462016 (म.प्र.)

वेबसाइट- <http://www.mpseiaa.nic.in>

दूरभाष नं. - 0755-2466970, 2466859

फैक्स नं. - 0755-2462136

No: 2858/SEIAA/2023

Date: 10/2/23

प्रति,

कलेक्टर

जिला - भिण्ड (म.प्र.)

विषय: नवीन जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट - भिण्ड (रित खनिज)

संदर्भ: आपका पत्र क्र० क्यू दिनांक 13/01/23

राज्य स्तरीय समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण द्वारा 770वी बैठक दिनांक 02.02.2023 में निम्नानुसार निर्णय लिया गया :-

राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति (SEAC) की 620वी बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 में भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रित खनिज) में निम्नानुसार सुझाव सहित अनुशंसा की गई है :

..... समिति ने पाया कि प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड ने पत्र क्र० क्यू दिनांक 13/01/23 के माध्यम खदान की वांछित जानकारी प्रस्तुत कर दी है। अतः समिति की अनुशंसा है कि भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रित खनिज) अनुमोदन हेतु विचारार्थ एवं आगामी कार्यवाही हेतु राज्य स्तरीय पर्यावरण समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण की ओर प्रेषित की जाये।

राज्य स्तरीय समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण (SEIAA) द्वारा विस्तृत चर्चा एवं विचार विमर्श उपरांत SEAC की 620वी बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 के अनुमोदन प्रस्ताव को मान्य करते हुए भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रित खनिज) का अनुमोदन SEAC द्वारा सुझाई गई उपरोक्त अनुशंसाओं के साथ किया जाता है। तदनुसार जिला कलेक्टर, भिण्ड को जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट जिला पोर्टल पर अपलोड करवाये जाने एवं संचालक, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म को सूचित किया जाये।

उपरोक्त निर्णयानुसार कृपया अनुमोदित नवीन जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट जिला पोर्टल पर अपलोड करने का कष्ट करें। सुलभ संदर्भ हेतु अनुमोदित नवीन जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट की साफ्टकॉपी ई-मेल के माध्यम से आपकी ओर प्रेषित है।


(मुजीबुरहमान खान)
सदस्य सचिव

क्र..

/SEIAA/2023 भोपाल

दिनांक

प्रतिलिपि :-

1. प्रमुख सचिव, म.प्र. शासन, पर्यावरण विभाग, मंत्रालय, भोपाल की ओर कृपया सूचनार्थ ।
2. संचालक, प्रशासन/तकनीकी, संचालनालय, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, 29-ए, खनिज भवन, अरेरा हिल्स, भोपाल (म.प्र.)
3. सदस्य सचिव, राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति (SEAC), अनुसंधान एवं विकास विंग, म.प्र. प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड, पर्यावरण परिसर, ई-5, अरेरा कॉलोनी, भोपाल (म.प्र.) - 462016 की ओर सूचनार्थ ।

सदस्य सचिव

राज्य स्तरीय पर्यावरण समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण म.प्र. की 770वी बैठक दिनांक 02.02.2023
का कार्यवाही विवरण

1. जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट, भिण्ड (रेत खनिज)

राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति (SEAC) की 620वीं बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 में ^{भिण्ड} खंडवा जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (~~अन्य~~ गौण खनिज - रेत को ~~छोड़कर~~) में निम्नानुसार सुझाव सहित अनुशंसा की गई है :

"..... समिति ने पाया कि प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड ने पत्र क्र० क्यू दिनांक 13/01/23 के माध्यम खदान की वांछित जानकारी प्रस्तुत कर दी है। अतः समिति की अनुशंसा है कि भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रेत खनिज) अनुमोदन हेतु विचारार्थ एवं आगामी कार्यवाही हेतु राज्य स्तरीय पर्यावरण समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण की ओर प्रेषित की जाये।"


राज्य स्तरीय समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण (SEIAA) द्वारा विस्तृत चर्चा एवं विचार विमर्श उपरांत SEAC की 620वीं बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 के अनुमोदन प्रस्ताव को मान्य करते हुए भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रेत खनिज) का अनुमोदन SEAC द्वारा सुझाई गई उपरोक्त अनुशंसाओं के साथ किया जाता है। तदनुसार जिला कलेक्टर, भिण्ड को जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट जिला पोर्टल पर अपलोड करवाये जाने एवं संचालक, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म को सूचित किया जाये।

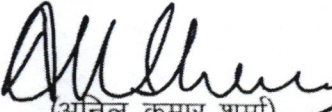
2. जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट, कटनी (संशोधित) - (अन्य गौण खनिज -रेत को छोड़कर)

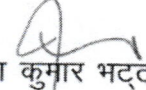
राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति (SEAC) की 620वीं बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 में कटनी जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (संशोधित) (अन्य गौण खनिज -रेत को छोड़कर) में निम्नानुसार सुझाव सहित अनुशंसा की गई है :

".....समिति ने प्राप्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट का अवलोकन करने पर पाया कि चेप्टर क्रमांक-25 के अंतर्गत सरल क्रमांक-9, 18, 19 इत्यादि में किये गए वृक्षारोपणों की संख्या दी गई है, उनको जब नमूने के तौर पर (रेन्डमली) सत्यापन करने पाया गया कि जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में दिए गए को-ऑर्डिनेट अनुसार गूगल पर देखने से किए गए वृक्षारोपण के संख्या की पुष्टि नहीं होती तथा ऐसा प्रतीत होता है कि दी गई जानकारी में त्रुटि है, अतः समिति की अनुशंसा है कि संबंधित खनिज अधिकारी उपरोक्त जानकारी को पुनः सत्यापित कर वास्तविक वृक्षों की संख्या के साथ जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को पुनः समिति के समक्ष अनुमोदन हेतु प्रस्तुत करें।

राज्य स्तरीय समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण (SEIAA) द्वारा विस्तृत चर्चा एवं विचार विमर्श उपरांत निर्णय लिया गया कि SEAC की 620वीं बैठक दिनांक 13.01.2023 की अनुशंसा को मान्य करते हुए सर्व सम्मति से निर्णय लिया गया कि जिला कलेक्टर कटनी को सूचित किया जाये कि SEAC द्वारा सुझाई की उपरोक्त अनुशंसाओं को संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में अद्यतन किया जाकर पर्यावरण, ~~वा~~ एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली द्वारा जारी अधिसूचना दिनांक 25/07/2018 में निर्धारित फार्मेट में संशोधित एवं अद्यतन वांछित जानकारी सीधे ही SEAC को प्रेषित करते हुए SEIAA को भी प्रति प्रस्तुत करें। तदनुसार संचालक, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म को सूचित किया जाये।


(मुजीबुर्रहमान खान)
सदस्य सचिव


(अनिल कुमार शर्मा)
सदस्य


(अरुण कुमार भट्ट)
अध्यक्ष

620वीं राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति की बैठक दिनांक 13 जनवरी 2023

18. जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट भिण्ड (रेत खनिज)

सिया के पत्र क्रमांक 728 दिनांक 08.06.2022 के द्वारा जिला भिण्ड की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट अनुमोदित की गई थी। कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड म.प्र. ने पत्र क्रमांक 6763 दिनांक 29/12/22 के माध्यम से अवगत कराया गया कि उनके द्वारा भिण्ड जिले की (रेत खनिज) नवीन जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट अनुमोदन हेतु प्रस्तुत की जा रही है, क्योंकि पूर्व में अनुमोदित डी0एस0आर0 में रेत खदानों के सभी जी.पी.एस. कॉर्डिनेट के आधार पर क्षेत्र में परिवर्तन, रेत खनिज मात्रा में REPLENISHMENT STUDY REPORT के आधार पर रेत खनिज मात्रा में संशोधन करने एवं ग्राम गोरम 1472, चंद्रावली व भरौलीखुर्द रेत खदानों में निजी सर्वे नंबर होने से संशोधन करने हेतु पुनः जिला स्तरीय समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा सस्टेनेबल सेण्ड माइनिंग मैनेजमेंट गाईडलाईन, 2016 एवं इनफोर्समेंट मॉनिटरिंग फॉर सेण्ड माइनिंग 2020 के निर्देशों के तहत प्रारूप जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) का तैयार की गई। प्रारूप डीएसआर को 21 दिवस की अवधि हेतु जिले के पोर्टल (bhind.nic.in) पर तथा हार्डकॉपी खनिज कार्यालय भिण्ड में आमजन के दाबा/आपत्ति एवं सुझाव हेतु रखी गयी। प्राप्त दाबा/आपत्तियों का समिति द्वारा अवलोकन एवं निराकरण कर उक्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को अद्यतन किया गया। पूर्ण परीक्षण उपरांत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के भौतिक और भौगोलिक क्षेत्रों से संबंधित प्रासंगिक तथ्यों के सही पाये जाने पर समिति द्वारा अनुमोदन कर प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया गया।

अध्यक्ष महोदय की अनुमति से दिनांक 11/01/23 को सेक की 618वीं बैठक के दौरान श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड समिति के समक्ष प्रस्तुतीकरण के हेतु उपस्थित हुए। समिति ने प्राप्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट का अवलोकन किया एवं पाया कि कई खदानों में लीज क्षेत्र में परिवर्तन, खनन की गहराई में परिवर्तन एवं उत्पादन क्षमता में परिवर्तन किया गया है। अतः समिति ने उपस्थित श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड को निर्देशित किया कि वे पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट एवं वर्तमान में प्रस्तुत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट का तुलनात्मक विवरण प्रस्तुत करें ताकि यह ज्ञात हो सके कि किन-किन खदानों में क्या-क्या परिवर्तन हुआ है। समिति ने यह भी निर्देशित किया कि यदि श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड चाहें तो जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में सुधार कर पुनरीक्षित जानकारी दिनांक 12/01/23 को प्रस्तावित सेक की 619वीं बैठक के दौरान कर सकते हैं।

श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड द्वारा तुलनात्मक शीट तैयार कर समिति के समक्ष दिनांक 12/01/23 को समिति की 619वीं बैठक में पुनः प्रस्तुत किया गया है। समिति ने प्राप्त पुनरीक्षित जानकारी का अवलोकन किया एवं पाया कि प्रस्तुत तुलनात्मक विवरण में रिमार्क कॉलम को जोड़कर यह बताया जाये कि जिन खदानों में उत्पादन क्षमता बढ़ी/ कम हुई है उसका कारण क्या है। क्षेत्र एवं गहराई कैसे बढ़ी के संबंध में स्पष्टीकरण चाहा गया। समिति ने यह भी निर्देशित किया कि यदि श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड चाहें तो जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में सुधार कर पुनरीक्षित जानकारी दिनांक 13/01/23 को प्रस्तावित सेक की 620वीं बैठक के दौरान कर सकते हैं।

620वीं राज्य स्तरीय विशेषज्ञ मूल्यांकन समिति की बैठक दिनांक 13 जनवरी 2023

श्री दिनेश सिंह डुडवे, प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड द्वारा समिति से प्राप्त निर्देशों के अनुरूप तुलनात्मक शीट तैयार कर समिति के समक्ष दिनांक 13/01/23 को समिति की 620वीं बैठक में पुनः प्रस्तुत किया गया। समिति ने पाया कि प्रभारी खनि निरीक्षक, जिला भिण्ड ने पत्र क्र० क्यू दिनांक 13/01/23 के माध्यम खदान की वांछित जानकारी प्रस्तुत कर दी है। अतः समिति की अनुशंसा है कि भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (रेत खनिज) अनुमोदन हेतु विचारार्थ एवं आगामी कार्यवाही हेतु राज्य स्तरीय पर्यावरण समाघात निर्धारण प्राधिकरण की ओर प्रेषित की जाये।

19. जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट, कटनी (अन्य गौण खनिज – रेत को छोड़कर)

आज दिनांक 13/01/2023 को कटनी जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत की गई। समिति ने पाया कि कटनी जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट पत्र क्र० 07 दिनांक 04/01/23 के माध्यम से सेक प्राप्त हुई है जिसको परीक्षण करने पर यह पाया कि बार-बार अवगत (दिनांक 21/09/22 एवं 14/12/22) कराने के बावजूद भी कटनी जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को निर्धारित प्रपत्र अनुसार सही जानकारी के साथ प्रस्तुत नहीं किया जा रहा है जिस पर समिति ने अप्रसन्नता व्यक्त की। समिति ने प्राप्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट का अवलोकन करने पर पाया कि चेप्टर क्रमांक-25 के अंतर्गत सरल क्रमांक-9, 18, 19 इत्यादि में किये गए वृक्षारोपणों की संख्या दी गई है, उनको जब नमूने के तौर पर (रेन्डमली) सत्यापन करने पाया गया कि जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में दिए गए को-ऑर्डिनेट अनुसार गूगल पर देखने से किए गए वृक्षारोपण के संख्या की पुष्टि नहीं होती तथा ऐसा प्रतीत होता है कि दी गई जानकारी में त्रुटि है, अतः समिति की अनुशंसा है कि संबंधित खनिज अधिकारी उपरोक्त जानकारी को पुनः सत्यापित कर वास्तविक वृक्षों की संख्या के साथ जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को पुनः समिति के समक्ष अनुमोदन हेतु प्रस्तुत करें।

20. अध्यक्ष महोदय की अनुमति से अन्य विषय पर चर्चा –

पूर्व में सेक द्वारा प्रकरणों के प्रस्तुतीकरण के दौरान राष्ट्रीय उद्यान / अभ्यारण्य या वन क्षेत्र से दूरी की पुष्टि हेतु संबंधित जानकारी एकल प्रमाण पत्र के माध्यम से या वन विभाग के सक्षम प्राधिकारी से प्राप्त जानकारी के आधार पर किया जाता था।

विगत कुछ महीनों से पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली द्वारा परिवेश-2 पोर्टल के माध्यम से आवेदन स्वीकार कर सिया के माध्यम से सेक को प्राप्त हो रहे हैं जिसमें वन विभाग से संबंधित जानकारी (राष्ट्रीय उद्यान / अभ्यारण्य / वन क्षेत्र) की जानकारी डिजिटालाइज्ड मैप के माध्यम से अन्य मैप्स के साथ एक प्लेटफॉर्म पर उपलब्ध करा दी गई है।

परिवेश-2 पर इन डिजिटालाइज्ड मैप के माध्यम से प्रकरणों के प्रस्तुतीकरण के दौरान यह देखने में आया है कि कई प्रकरणों में एक प्रमाण पत्र के अनुसार आवेदित क्षेत्र वनसीमा से 250 मीटर से अधिक दूरी पर है (प्रकरण क्र. 9401/606, 9423/608, 9228/609, 9490/614, 9518/616, 8720/618, 9042/619 इत्यादि) किंतु परिवेश-2 पर अपलोडिड डिजिटालाइज्ड मैप के अनुसार वह आवेदित क्षेत्र 250 मीटर की सीमा के अंदर दिख रहा है। ऐसी स्थिति में समिति ने पूर्व में यह निर्धारित किया था कि

Discovered by SEAC on 618/619/620 04
Date 11/12 & 13 Jan 2023

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कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड (म0प्र0)

Email - modgmbhi@mp.gov.in

क्रमांक-...../खनिज/2022

भिण्ड, दिनांक 13/01/23

प्रति,

सचिव (SEAC),
अनुसंधान एवं विकास विंग,
म.प्र. प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड,
पर्यावरण परिसर, ई-5, अरेरा कॉलोनी, भोपाल (म.प्र.)

विषय:-जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के संबंध में।

- संदर्भ:-1. माननीय राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण नई दिल्ली का आदेश 726/2018 एवं 456/2018 दिनांक 04.11.2020।
2. संवाचनालय, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, म.प्र. भोपाल का पत्र क्र.-16039 दिनांक 25.11.2021, पत्र क्र. 2981 दिनांक 03.03.2022 एवं पत्र क्र. 4755 दिनांक 08.04.2022

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उपरोक्त विषयान्तर्गत लेख है कि जिला भिण्ड की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट SEIAA के पत्र क्र. 728 दिनांक 08.06.2022 से अनुमोदित की गई है। अनुमोदित डी0एस0आर0 में रेत खदानों के सभी जी.पी.एस. कॉर्डिनेट के आधार पर क्षेत्र में परिवर्तन, रेत खनिज मात्रा में REPLENISHMENT STUDY REPORT के आधार पर रेत खनिज मात्रा में संशोधन करने एवं ग्राम गोरग 1472, चंद्रावली व भरौलीखुर्द रेत खदानों में निजी सर्वे नंबर होने से एवं अन्य खदानों में संशोधन करने हेतु पुनः जिला स्तरीय समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा सस्टेनेबल सेण्ड माइनिंग मैनेजमेंट गाईडलाइन, 2016 एवं इनफोर्समेंट मॉनिटरिंग फार सेण्ड माइनिंग 2020 के निर्देशों के तहत प्रारूप जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) का तैयार की गई। प्रारूप डीएसआर को 21 दिवस की अवधि हेतु जिले के पोर्टल (bhind.nic.in) पर तथा हार्डकॉपी खनिज कार्यालय भिण्ड में आमजन के दाबा/आपत्ति एवं सुझाव हेतु रखी गयी। प्राप्त दाबा/आपत्तियों का समिति द्वारा अवलोकन एवं निराकरण कर उक्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को अद्यतन किया गया। पूर्ण परीक्षण उपरांत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के भौतिक और भौगोलिक क्षेत्रों से संबंधित प्रासंगिक तथ्यों के सही पाये जाने पर समिति द्वारा अनुमोदन कर प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया गया।

दिनांक 11/01/23 को अधोहस्ताक्षरकर्ता समिति के समक्ष प्रस्तुतीकरण के हेतु उपस्थित हुए। समिति द्वारा पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट एवं वर्तमान में प्रस्तुत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट तुलनात्मक शीट बनाने हेतु निर्देशित किया गया। निर्देशानुसार तुलनात्मक शीट तैयार कर समिति के समक्ष दिनांक 12/01/23 को समिति के समक्ष पुनः प्रस्तुत किया गया है। समिति द्वारा वर्तमान में प्रस्तुत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में रिगार्ड कॉलम को जोड़कर क्षेत्र में परिवर्तन एवं गहराई कैसे बढ़ी के संबंध में स्पष्टीकरण चाहा गया। उक्त संशोधन के साथ समिति के समक्ष दिनांक 13/01/23 को प्रस्तुत किया


गया । प्रस्तुतीकरण के दौरान समिति ने जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सरल क्रमांक-14, 32 एवं 33 में क्षेत्र में बढ़ोत्तरी कैसे हुई, इस संबंध में को-आर्डिनेट सहित स्पष्टीकरण चाहा गया ।

पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में टंकण त्रुटि के कारण संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सरल क्रमांक-14 पर 6.00 टंकण पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में लिपिकीय त्रुटि के कारण संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सरल क्रमांक-14 पर 6.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 23.81, सरल क्रमांक-32 पर 9.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 13.51 है एवं सरल क्रमांक 33 पर 4.67 टंकित था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 7.00 है । पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में लिपिकीय त्रुटि के कारण संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सरल क्रमांक-14 पर 6.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 23.81, सरल क्रमांक-32 पर 9.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 13.51 है एवं सरल क्रमांक 33 पर 4.67 टंकित था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 7.00 है । पूर्व में अनुमोदित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट में लिपिकीय त्रुटि के कारण संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सरल क्रमांक-14 पर 6.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 23.81, सरल क्रमांक-32 पर 9.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 13.51 है एवं सरल क्रमांक 33 पर 4.67 टंकित था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 7.00 है । कित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 23.81, सरल क्रमांक-32 पर 9.00 टंकित हो गया था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 13.51 है एवं सरल क्रमांक 33 पर 4.67 टंकित था, जिसका वास्तविक क्षेत्र 7.00 है ।

अतः भिण्ड जिले की संशोधित जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) अग्रिम कार्यवाही हेतु आपकी ओर अग्रेषित है।

संलग्न:- उपरोक्तानुसार।


State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)


(3/01/23)
प्रभारी खनि अधिकारी
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)

// प्रतिवेदन //


प्रति,


कलेक्टर महोदय
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


विषय:- जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के संबंध में प्रतिवेदन विषयक।
सन्दर्भ:- 1. माननीय राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण नई दिल्ली का आदेश 726/2018/ एवं 456/2018 दिनांक 04.11.2020।
2. संचालनालय, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, म.प्र. भोपाल का पत्र क्रमांक-16039 दिनांक 25.11.2021 एवं पत्र क्रमांक 2981 दिनांक 03.03.2022।


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उपरोक्त विषयांतर्गत आज दिनांक 13/12/2022 को कार्यालय संचालक, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, मध्यप्रदेश भोपाल के पत्र क्रमांक 2981 दिनांक 03.03.2022 तथा कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड का आदेश क्रमांक 5303 दिनांक 30.03.2022 के परिपालन में गठित समिति के सदस्य उपस्थित हुये। जिला स्तर पर गठित समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा रेत खनिज हेतु जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट तैयार की गई तथा उसे आमजन की दावा/आपत्ति एवं सुझाव हेतु दिनांक 16.11.2022 को 21 दिन की अवधि के लिये जिले के पोर्टल bhind.nic.in पर तथा भौतिक रूप से अवलोकन हेतु खनिज कार्यालय में रखी गई। प्राप्त दावा/आपत्ति/सुझाव के आधार पर जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट का पुनः परीक्षण कर आवश्यक संशोधन किया गया। इस प्रकार अंतिम रूप से तैयार जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) का समिति द्वारा अनुमोदन किया गया। प्रतिवेदन श्रीमान की ओर सादर प्रेषित है।


अनुविभागीय अधिकारी
राजस्व
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


कार्यप्रालीन/यंत्री
जल संसाधन विभाग
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


वनमण्डलाधिकारी
सामान्य वनमण्डल
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


प्रभारी अधिकारी
(खनिज शाखा)
जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


प्रभारी अधिकारी
राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल
ग्वालियर (म.प्र.)

State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
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Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)



GOVERNMENT OF MADHYA PRADESH
**DISTRICT SURVEY REPORT
OF
(RIVER SAND MINING)
FOR BHIND DISTRICT MADHYA PRADESH**



As per Notification No. S.O. 141(E) Appendix -x, Dated 15.01.2016 & S.O. 3611 (E)
New Delhi, the 25th July, 2018 of Ministry of
Environment Forest and Climate change, Government of India



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PREFACE

The purpose and structure of District Survey Report has been discretely discussed under Para 7(iii) (a) and Annexure (x) of the notification issued by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India on 15th January 2016 to which the Central Government makes the amendments by Notification dated 25 July 2018. The District Survey Report (DSR) is to be prepared in every district for each minor mineral. It will guide systematic and scientific utilization of natural resources, so that present and future generation may be benefitted at large. The purpose of District Survey Report (DSR) is identification of areas of aggradations or deposition where mining can be allowed; and identification of areas of erosion and proximity to infrastructural structures and installations where mining should be prohibited.

The District Survey Report (DSR) is comprised of secondary data published and endorsed by various departments and websites about geology of the area, mineral wealth details, details of lease and mining activity in the district and revenue of mineral along with the primary data collected from ground survey. This report also contains details of climatic conditions, topography and terrain, land form, forest, rivers, soil, agriculture, road, transportation, irrigation etc. The DSR would also help to calculate the annual rate of replenishment wherever applicable and allow time for replenishment.


Further, In pursuance to the order of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated the 27th February, 2012 in I.A. No.12- 13 of 2011 in Special Leave Petition (C) No.19628-19629 of 2009, in the matter of Dcepak Kumar etc. Vs. State of Haryana and Others etc., prior environmental clearance has now become mandatory for mining of minor minerals irrespective of the area of mining lease; And also in view of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, order dated the 13th January, 2015 in the matter regarding sand mining has directed for making a policy on environmental clearance for mining leases in cluster for minor Minerals, The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change in consultation with State governments has prepared Guidelines on Sustainable Sand Mining detailing the provisions on environmental clearance for cluster, creation of District Environment Impact Assessment Authority and proper monitoring of minor mineral mining using information technology and information technology enabled services to track the mined out material from source to destination.


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DISCLAIMER

The data may vary due to flood, heavy rains and other natural calamities. Therefore it is recommended that SEIAA may take into consideration all its relevant aspects / data while scrutinizing and recommending.


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ABBREVIATIONS

A.D.	Anno Domini
NH	National Highway
SH	South Highway
MDH	Major District Highway
CR	Central Railway
EC	Environmental Clearance
BP	Boundary Pillar
mm	Milli- meter
IMD	Indian Metrological Department
RH	Relative Humidity
GMECI	Global Management And Engineering Consultants International
CM	Centi meter
GPS	Global Positioning System
RBM	River Bed Material
MIDC	Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation
NHM	National Horticulture Mission
MT	Metric Tonnes
G2E	Good to Excellent
M2G	Medium to Good
B	Bad
B2V	Bad to very Bad
WL	Water Level
BGL	Below Ground Level
GW	Ground Water
LOI	Letter of Intent
IS	Indian Standard
GIB	Gangewadi New Great Indian Bustard Wildlife Sanctuary
TSP	Total Suspended Particulate matter
PM	Particular Matter
CPCB	Central Pollution Control Board
GoM	Government of Maharashtra
APTI	Air Pollution Tolerance Index

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DISTRICT SURVEY REPORT FOR BHIND DISTRICT
FOR
SAND MINING

Prepared under:

- a) Appendix -X of MoEF&CC, GoI Notification S.O. 141(E) dated 15.1.2016**
- b) Sustainable Sand Mining Guidelines**
- c) MoEFCC, GoI Notification S.O. 3611(E) dated 25.07.2018**
- d) Sand Mining Framework-2018**
- e) Enforcement & Monitoring Guidelines for Sand Mining by MoEF&CC-2020**


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DISTRICT SURVEY REPORT FOR RIVER BED SAND MINING

As per the Gazette Notification dated 15th January, 2016 of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change a joint survey has been carried out by the District Environment Impact Assessment Authority (DEIAA) with the assistance of Irrigation Department, Drainage Department, Forest Department, Mining Department and Revenue Department in the district for preparation of the District Survey Report.

The Ministry of Environment Forest & Climate Change formulated the Sustainable Sand Management Guidelines 2016 which focuses on the Management of Sand Mining in the Country. But in the recent past, it has been observed that apart from management and systematic mining practices there is an urgent need to have a guideline for effective enforcement of regulatory provision and their monitoring.

Section 23 C of MMDR, Act 1957 empowered the State Government to make rules for preventing illegal mining, transportation and storage of minerals. But in the recent past, it has been observed that there was large number of illegal mining cases in the Country and in some cases, many of the officers lost their lives while executing their duties for curbing illegal mining incidence. The illegal and uncontrolled illegal mining leads to loss of revenue to the State and degradation of the environment.

India is developing at a faster pace and much technological advancement has already been taken place in the surveillance and remote monitoring in the field of mining. Thus, it is prudent to utilize the technological advancement for the effective monitoring of the mining activities particularly sand mining in the country.

Use of latest remote surveillance and IT services helps in effective monitoring of the sand mining activity in-country and also assist the government in controlling the illegal mining activity in the country. Thus, there is a need for an effective policy for monitoring of sand mining in the Country which can be enforced on the ground. These guidelines focus on the effective monitoring of the sand mining since from the identification of sand mineral sources to its dispatch and end-use by consumers and the general public. Further, the effective monitoring and enforcement require efforts from not only Government agencies but also by consumers and the general public.

It is the responsibility of every citizen of India to protect the environment and effective monitoring can only be possible when all the stakeholders viz. Central Government, State Government, Leaseholders/Mine Owners, Distributors, Dealers, Transporters and Consumers (bulk & retail) will contribute towards sustainable mining, and comply with all the statutory provisions. It is felt necessary to identify the minimum requirements across all geographical regions to have a uniform protocol for monitoring and enforcement of regulatory provision prescribed for sustainable sand and gravel mining.

This document will serve as a guideline for collection of critical information for enforcement of the regulatory provision(s) and also highlights the essential infrastructural requirements necessary for effective monitoring for Sustainable Sand Mining.



The document is prepared in consideration of various orders/directions issued by Hon'ble NGT in matters pertaining to illegal sand mining and also based on the reports submitted by expert committees and investigation teams.

Further, this document is supplemental to the existing "Sustainable Sand Mining Management Guideline-2016" (SSMG-2016), and these two guidelines viz. "Enforcement & Monitoring Guidelines for Sand Mining" (EMGSM-2020) and SSMG-2016 shall be read and implemented in sync with each other. In case, any ambiguity or variation between the provisions of both these document arises, the provision made in "Enforcement & Monitoring Guidelines for Sand Mining-2020" shall prevail.


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CHPATER -1 INTRODUCTION

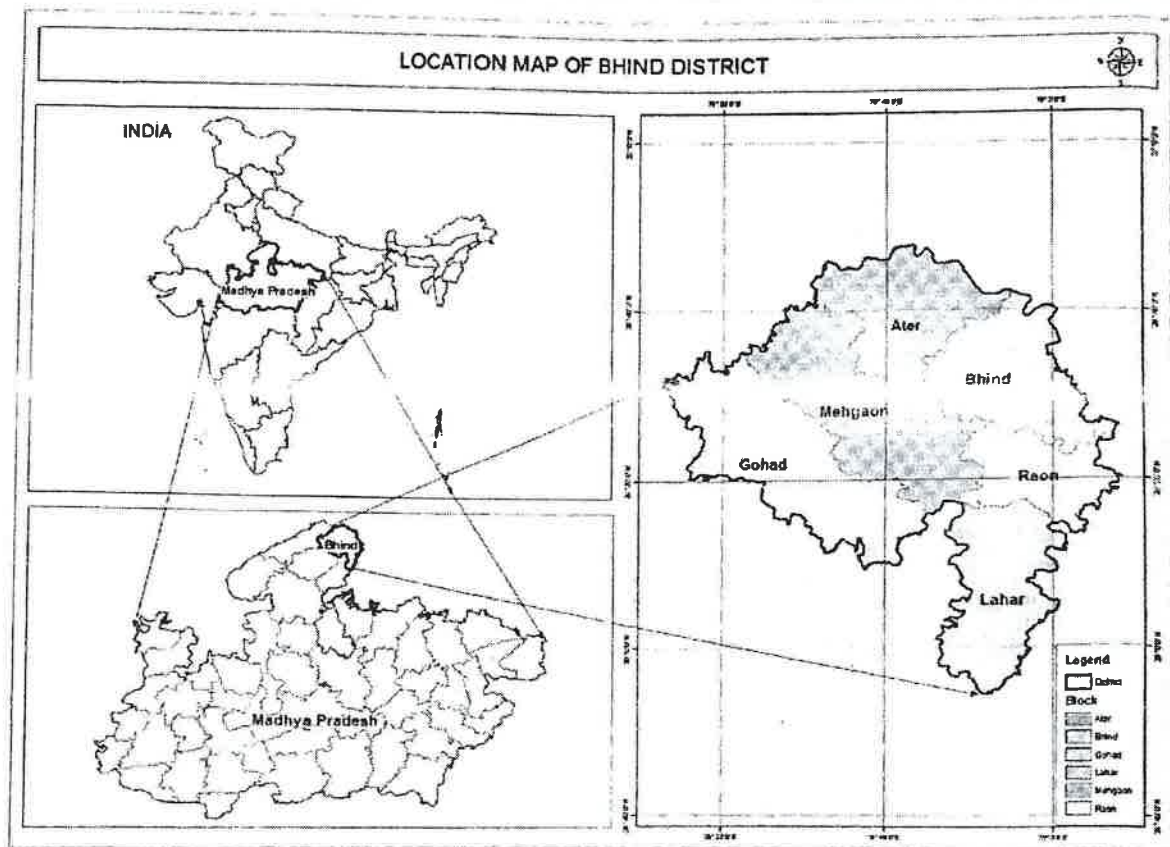
The entire District lies in the Chambal valley. It forms the south western part of Ganga Valley. The Hills are only a few, small and isolated, mostly in the south west. It is only in the Bhind Tehsil that the rivers flow towards east. The topology of Bhind is the topography of the valley plains. The plains at present are closely cultivated fields devoid of trees, stubbed with shrubby growth only along the moist hollows, and thickly populated. The only divisions of topography are offered by the network of rivers with deep channels and steep bank. The shape of the district is semicircular, bulging towards the north east. The greatest length of Bhind district measures about 105 km south east to North West.

Location and Boundary: Bhind district is situated in the northern part of the Madhya Pradesh and covers an area of 4459 sq. km. It lies between N Latitude $25^{\circ}55'$ and $26^{\circ}45'$ and E longitude $78^{\circ}12'$ and $79^{\circ}05'$ and falling in Survey of India toposheet numbers 54 J and N. The District is bounded by Agra and Etawa districts of Uttar Pradesh in the north and Gwalior and Datia districts in the south. The eastern boundary is closed by the districts of Etawah Auraiya and Jalaun of Uttar Pradesh in the east, where as the western and north western boundaries are common with Morena district. The north western boundary is marked by the Asan and the Kunwari rivers, the northern and eastern boundaries being traversed by the Chambal and the Pahuj. Bhind district is divided into 8 tehsils and 6 blocks. It has 949 villages.


History: The district is named after the mythological Hindu saint Vibhandak Rishi, also called Bhindi Rishi. During the Mahabharata war it was believed to have been ruled by the Chedis, then the Yadus. The Chedis were one of the Mahajanapadas.

In the Mughal period the district fell under the Subedar of Agra. At the latter half of the 17th century a Jat family founded the town of Gohad and captured all the territory around it. He was, however, defeated by the Bhadawar rajputs. In 1736 and 1737, the Marathas defeated the Raja of Bhadawar and forced him to flee from the district. In 1805, the British, under a treaty with Gwalior, gave all the land comprising Bhind to the Scindias of Gwalior. In 1899, the Bhind-Gwalior light rail was built.


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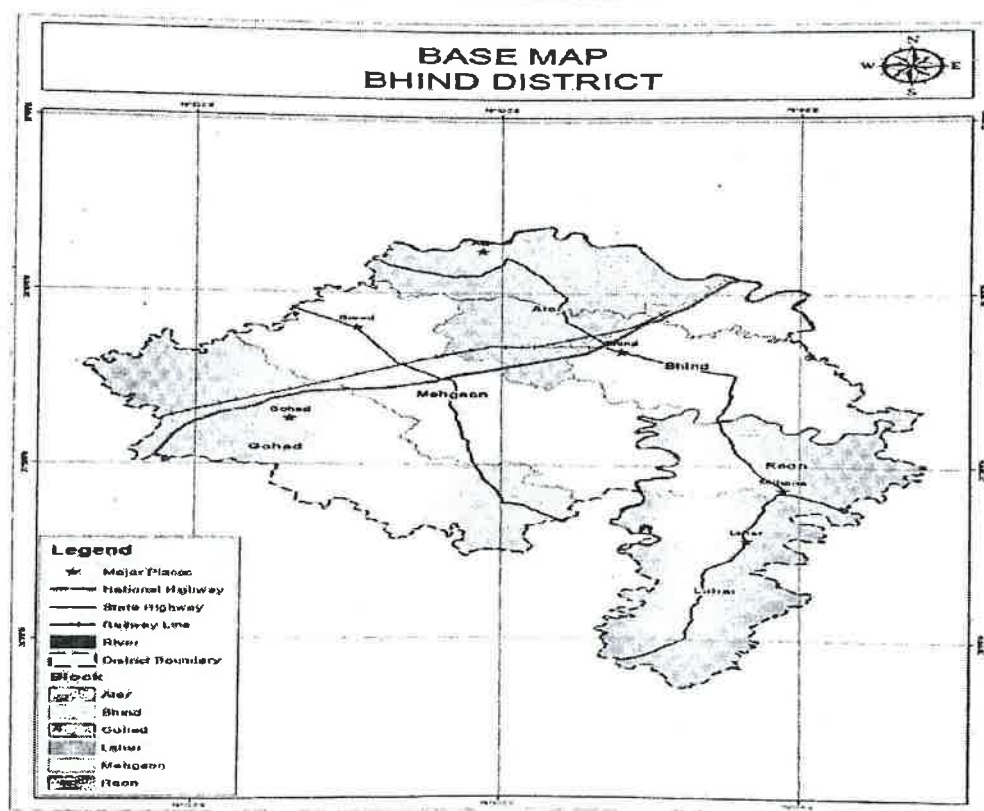


Location of bhind District .


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Administrative

SUB-DIVISION	TEHSIL	BLOCKS
Bhind	Bhind	Janpad Panchayat Bhind
Ater	Ater	Janpad Panchayat Ater
Labar	Lahar	Janpad Panchayat Roun
Gohad	Mehgaon	Janpad Panchayat Lahar
Mehgaon	Mau	Janpad Panchayat Gohad
	Raon	Janpad Panchayat Mehgaon
	Mihona	
	Gohad	
	Gormi	



Map Showing Tehsils in Bhind District


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Topography:

The topology of Bhind is the topography of the valley plains. The plains at present are closely cultivated fields devoid of trees, stubbed with shrubby growth only along the moist hollows, and thickly populated. The only divisions of topography are offered by the network of rivers with deep channels and steep bank.

Demography of Bhind District

According to the 2011 census Bhind District had a population of 1,703,005, roughly equal to the nation of The Gambia or the US state of Nebraska. This gives it a ranking of 286th in India (out of a total of 640). The district has a population density of 382 inhabitants per square kilometer (990/sq mi). Its population growth rate over the decade 2001-2011 was 19.25%. Bhind has a sex ratio of 937 females for every 1000 males, and a literacy rate of 64.29%. Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes make up 22.01% and 0.36% of the population respectively.

Basin/Sub-basin and Drainage:

Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers drain the area. Ravines & Gullies have developed along the course of all rivers particularly along the flood plains. A very fine network of gullies and forming dendritic drainage network characterizes these. The depth of dissection by gullies is more intense along the river Chambal as compared to others.

Soil:

The soil in the district generally falls under the broad group of deep alluvial soils. Color of the soil varies from brown, yellowish brown to dark gray brown. Texture of soils varies from sandy loam (below 20% clay), loam (20 – 30% clay), clay loam (30 – 40% clay) & clay (more than 40% clay). Clay loam soil found in some parts of Gohad & Mehgaon blocks and sandy loam soil is usually found in other blocks.

Climatic Conditions:

The climate of Bhind district, characterised by a hot summer and general dryness except during the southwestern monsoon. A year may be divided into four seasons, cold season from December to February followed by the hot season from March to about middle of June. The period from Middle of June to September is the southwestern monsoon season. October & November forms the post monsoon or transition period. The nearest observatory is at Gwalior and all meteorological parameters except rainfall of this station are used for analysis.

The normal rainfall of the district is 754.4 mm. District receives maximum rainfall during south west monsoon period i.e. June to Septmber. About 91.9% of the annual rain fall predicates during the monsoon season. During the southwest monsoon season the relative humidity generally exceeds 83% (August month). The driest period is summer season, when relative humidity is less than 26%. May is the driest month of the year.

Normal maximum temperature during the month of May is 42°C and minimum during January month is 7.10°C. Normal mean maximum & minimum temperature is 32.50°C & 21.80°C respectively. Wind velocity is higher during the pre monsoon period as compared to the post monsoon period. The maximum wind velocity is 11.3 km/h during the month of June and minimum is 3.1 km/h during the month of November. Average normal annual wind velocity is 6.4 km/h.



Connectivity:

By Air

Bhind do not have any airport. The nearest Airport is in Gwalior, which is around 75 KMs from Bhind.

By Rail

The railway line connects Bhind with Gwalior. This line was constructed by the erstwhile Gwalior State and opened on 3rd December 1899. The Gwalior light Railway (later known as Scindhia State railway) was worked by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company upto 30th June 1913, after which was taken by the Gwalior Durbar. The line was integrated into Central Railway on 5th November 1951.

By Road

Road transport is the main mode of transportation in Bhind. Main link Road of Bhind is Etawah Gwalior State Highways which connects with MP and UP states. it is 80 Kms from Gwalior and 40 Kms from Etawah.


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CHAPTER -2

OVERVIEW OF MINING ACTIVITY IN THE DISTRICT

General Information:

No major minerals are found in the district. Mostly minor minerals are found in the district which includes stone, Gitti, Murrum and sand. Stone is mostly mined in the district and illegal mining has been a critical problem in the district.

Approach to Sand Mining:

River sand mining is a common practice as habitation concentrates along the rivers and the mining locations are preferred near the markets or along the transportation route, for reducing the transportation cost. River sand mining can damage private and public properties as well as aquatic habitats. Excessive removal of sand may significantly distort the natural equilibrium of a stream channel.

Mainly three types of minor minerals constituents such as sand, stone and Bajri are required for any type of construction apart from other material like cement and steel. In earlier times, the houses/buildings were constructed in form of small dwellings with walls made up of mud plaster, stone and interlocking provided with wooden frames and there were negligible commercial as well as developmental activities resulting in less demand of building material.

However with the passage of time, new vistas of developmental activities were started. The quantity of minor minerals consumption in a particular area is a thermometer to assess the development of the area. Thus with the pace of development activities, the consumption of minor minerals also increased. As such the demand of minor minerals in the district has started an increasing trend. In order to meet the requirement of raw material for construction, the extraction of sand is being carried out exclusively from the river beds.

Main Objectives of Sustainable Sand Mining:

- To ensure that sand and gravel mining is done in environmentally sustainable and socially responsible manner.
- To ensure availability of adequate quantity of aggregate in sustainable manner.
- To improve the effectiveness of monitoring of mining and transportation of mined out material.
- Ensure conservation of the river equilibrium and its natural environment by protection and restoration of the ecological system.
- Avoid aggradations at the downstream reach especially those with hydraulic structures such as jetties, water intakes etc.
- Ensure that the rivers are protected from bank and bed erosion beyond its stable profile. No obstruction to the river flow, water transport and restoring the riparian rights and in stream habitats.
- Avoid pollution of river water leading to water quality deterioration.
- To prevent depletion of ground water reserves due to excessive draining out of ground water.
- To prevent ground water pollution by prohibiting sand mining on fissures where it works as filter prior to ground water recharge.
- To maintain the river equilibrium with the application of sediment transport principles in determining the locations, period and quantity to be extracted.
- Streamlining and simplifying the process for grant of environmental clearance (EC) for sustainable mining

CHPATER -3


GENERAL PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

District at a Glance

This district of Madhya Pradesh is geographically known for its Ravines, Fertile land and dense Forests. Bhind was one among the 16 districts of United State of Madhya Bharat which was constituted on 28th May 1948. Subsequently, as a result of reorganization of States in November 1956, district Bhind became part of new Madhya Pradesh. Formerly there were 4 Tehsils viz; Bhind, Mehgaon, Gohad and Lahar but at Present there are 8 Tehsils viz; Bhind, Ater, Mehgaon, Gohad, Mihona, Lahar, Gormi and Raun. As per the History, the District is named after the Bhindi Rishi (Sage Bhindi). It is well known fact that the region has been subjected to depredations of dacoits, robbers or thugs since ages. The majestic Chambal, surrounded yawning chasms and gaping bechads (ravines) provide an ideal setting to this murky banditry in a big way. Even during Mughal times the powerful administration failed to curb these menace. As many as 216 dacoits were shot dead and 697 arrested in Bhind district alone from 1959 to 1963.

With 14,28,559 persons living on an area of 4459 sq km, the district ranks 20th in population ranking in the State having about 2% of the state's population (As per 2001 census). The Sex ratio of the district according to 2001 census is 829. Rural sex ratio is 825 and Urban is 843. The sex ratio is the number of females per 1000 males.


The soil of Bhind is very fertile and is well drained by the Chambal and Sind rivers and the tributary streams of the Kunwari and Puhuj.


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General Profile of the District

1. Geographical Position	It lies between N Latitude 25°55' and 26°45' and E longitude 78°12' and 79°05' and falling in Survey of India topo sheet numbers 54 J and N.
2. Area and Population	<p>I. Geographical Area (SqKm) Total Area (Sq.Km): 4,459 Km²</p> <p>II. Census 2011</p> <p>I. Population</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Total Population: 1,703,005 b. Male Population: 926,843 c. Female Population: 776,162 <p>II. Literates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Total Literates: 1,094,917 b. Male: 676,513 c. Female: 418,404 <p>III. Main Workers (Census 2011)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Total Workers: 520,768 b. Male Workers: 455,775 c. Female Workers: 64,993 d. Cultivators: 231,185 e. Agricultural Laborer's: 158,266 f. Other Workers: 121,479 <p>V. Languages Spoken in the District</p> <p>Hindi is a common language spoken by the inhabitant of the city.</p>


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3. Temperature	Mean- Maximum temperature: 32.5°C Mean- Minimum temperature: 21.8°C
4. Rainfall (In mm)	Normal - South West Monsoon: 612.7 mm Annual Rainfall: 754.4mm
5. Agriculture	Total Cultivated Area (Ha): 344.8 Net Area Sown (Ha): 320.8 Area Sown more than once (Ha): 24.0
6. Rivers, etc.	Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers drain the area.
7. Revenue Administrative Divisions	Revenue Divisions: Revenue Blocks: 6 Revenue Tehsils: 8
8. Local Bodies	Municipalities: 2 Nagar Panchayats: 9

Climate Conditions

The climate of Bhind district, characterized by a hot summer and general dryness except during the southwestern monsoon. A year may be divided into four seasons, cold season from December to February followed by the hot season from March to about middle of June.

The period from Middle of June to September is the southwestern monsoon season. October & November forms the post monsoon or transition period. During the southwest monsoon season the relative humidity generally exceeds 83% (August month). The driest period is summer season when relative humidity is less than 26%. May is the driest month of the year.

Normal maximum temperature during the month of May is 42°C and minimum during January month is 7.1°C. Normal mean maximum & minimum temperature is 32.5°C & 21.8°C respectively.

Wind velocity is higher during the pre-monsoon period as compared to the post monsoon period.

The maximum wind velocity is 11.3 km/h during the month of June and minimum is 3.1 km/h during the month of November. Average normal annual wind velocity is 6.4 km/h. The geography of the district is characterized by uneven ravines, plain fertile fields and scanty forests. The total area of the district is 4,459 km² (1,722 sq mi).

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Demographic features of the district

Sr no	Items	Statistics
1	Total Population	17.03 Lakhs
2	Male Population	926843
3	Femal Population	776162
4	Sex Ration	837
5	Population Density	382 per Sq Km
6	Literacy	75.26%

Irrigation

As per the district statistical book 2015, the total area of Bhind district is 4459 sq.kms. Out of which forest area is 89 sq.kms.. The district falls in Lower Chambal Sub Basin of Yamuna Basin. Rivers of Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj drains the entire area.

The area irrigated by tube wells is 739.94 sq kms, by open-wells 542.47 sq.kms, by canals 759.94 sq.kms and by ponds 12.70 sq.kms. The total area under irrigation from various sources is 2062.01sq.kms. About 62 % area is irrigated by Ground water of total irrigated area. The principal crops grown are Wheat, Rice, Maize, Jowar and others. However the major part of the area fall in the Ganga basin.

The drainage of the district is towards north and north east. The five rivers, from west to east are the Bina, the Dhasan, the Bewas, the Sonar and the Bamner. The Bina takes its course upto several Kilometer to the south of the district and enters it near village Mahura. After flowing through Rahatgarh, the river takes a north easterly course and at places forms the boundary with Vidisha district.

Connectivity

By Air


Bhind do not have any airport. The nearest Airport is in Gwalior, which is around 75 KMs from Bhind.

By Rail

The railway line connects Bhind with Gwalior. This line was constructed by the erstwhile Gwalior State and opened on 3rd December 1899. The Gwalior light Railway (later known as Scindhia State railway) was worked by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company upto 30th June 1913, after which was taken by the Gwalior Durbar. The line was integrated into Central Railway on 5th November 1951.

By Road

Road transport is the main mode of transportation in Bhind. Main link Road of Bhind is Etawah Gwalior State Highways which connects with MP and UP states. it is 80 Kms from Gwalior and 40 Kms from Etawah.


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CHAPTER-3


THE LIST OF MINING LEASES IN THE DISTRICT WITH LOCATION, AREA AND OTHER DETAILS

List of Sand Mines

S. No	Name of River Bed	Tehsil	Mines Name	Khasra No.	Area	length	width	Depth	Total Mineable mineral potential	Mineable mineral potential (in M3 (60 % of total mineral potential))	Mineable mineral potential (in MT (60 % of total mineral potential))	Coordinate
1	Sindh	Mehgaon	Ajeeta	1360	9	900	100	1.15	103333	62000	36800	A 26°21'42.12"N 78°51'30.76"E B 26°21'38.87"N 78°51'27.99"E C 26°21'42.69"N 78°51'22.03"E D 26°21'44.03"N 78°51'19.49"E E 26°21'52.48"N 78°51'19.74"E F 26°21'55.26"N 78°51'12.75"E
2	Sindh	Mehgaon	Bacchreta	883	3	307	98	1.80	54000	32400	15360	A 26°18'39.28"N 78°50'24.93"E B 26°18'36.04"N 78°50'26.18"E C 26°18'32.23"N 78°50'16.08"E D 26°18'34.88"N 78°50'14.88"E
3	Sindh	Mehgaon	Barethiraj	445	3	299	101	1.00	30000	18000	25200	A 26°20'4.56"N 78°51'17.30"E B 26°20'2.79"N 78°51'16.99"E C 26°20'2.67"N 78°51'24.05"E D 26°20'3.84"N 78°51'32.53"E E 26°20'7.21"N 78°51'32.19"E F 26°20'5.29"N 78°51'27.17"E G 26°20'4.60"N 78°51'22.89"E
4	Sindh	Iahar	Girwasa Naveen	6,210,1325	10	800	125	1.08	108333	65000	91000	A 26°10'54.59"N 78°48'58.87"E B 26°10'56.53"N 78°48'57.81"E C 26°10'59.49"N 78°49'5.69"E D 26°11'0.26"N 78°49'10.17"E E 26°10'59.72"N 78°49'22.17"E F 26°10'58.13"N 78°49'27.95"E G 26°10'54.52"N 78°49'26.41"E H 26°10'56.64"N 78°49'17.96"E I 26°10'56.34"N 78°49'12.04"E J 26°10'54.55"N 78°49'9.76"E



5	Sindh	Lahar	Girwasa Purani	100	167 2	171	98	1.50	25080	15048	21067	A 26°10'37.94"N 78°48'51.99"E B 26°10'32.56"N 78°48'51.27"E C 26°10'32.78"N 78°48'47.49"E D 26°10'38.15"N 78°48'48.57"E
6	Sindh	Mihona	Gurira	1	4	339	118	1.80	72000	43200	60480	A 26°16'5.46"N 78°49'45.24"E B 26°16'5.80"N 78°49'40.37"E C 26°16'1.02"N 78°49'39.91"E D 26°15'55.47"N 78°49'38.50"E E 26°15'54.50"N 78°49'41.82"E F 26°16'1.29"N 78°49'44.49"E
7	Sindh	Mehgaon	Kaccharch at	610	5	945	53	1.17	58667	35200	49280	A 26°20'12.28"N 78°51'50.50"E B 26°20'13.86"N 78°51'48.89"E C 26°20'17.82"N 78°51'53.41"E D 26°20'33.98"N 78°52'2.04"E E 26°20'37.47"N 78°52'2.10"E F 26°20'37.37"N 78°52'4.55"E G 26°20'31.90"N 78°52'3.38"E H 26°20'28.99"N 78°52'2.33"E I 26°20'15.76"N 78°51'54.44"E
8	Sindh	Lahar	Lagdua	185	2	204	98	1.33	26667	16000	22400	A 26°10'26.68"N 78°48'34.06"E B 26°10'23.81"N 78°48'36.22"E C 26°10'28.13"N 78°48'42.11"E D 26°10'30.38"N 78°48'40.24"E
9	Sindh	Lahar	Lilwari-1	258,259	4	397	101	1.50	60000	36000	50400	A 26°11'35.39"N 78°50'51.13"E B 26°11'35.53"N 78°50'44.23"E C 26°11'38.22"N 78°50'44.00"E D 26°11'42.32"N 78°50'42.43"E E 26°11'43.82"N 78°50'45.67"E F 26°11'36.82"N 78°50'51.51"E


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10	Sindh	Lahar	Lilwari-2	258,259	17.1 7	998	172	1.09	186667	112000	156800	A 26°11'1.67"N 78°50'9.94"E B 26°11'13.62"N 78°50'32.46"E C 26°11'16.46"N 78°50'37.30"E D 26°11'14.93"N 78°50'39.57"E E 26°11'13.70"N 78°50'38.11"E F 26°11'10.84"N 78°50'40.54"E G 26°11'9.28"N 78°50'38.38"E H 26°11'8.10"N 78°50'38.99"E I 26°11'1.87"N 78°50'24.60"E J 26°11'3.23"N 78°50'23.68"E K 26°10'54.73"N 78°50'12.95"E
11	Sindh	Mihona	Matiyawal i-2	452	15.2 1	1237	123	0.89	135000	81000	113400	A 26°18'35.17"N 78°50'42.31"E B 26°18'39.09"N 78°50'42.43"E C 26°18'31.41"N 78°50'17.23"E D 26°18'25.11"N 78°50'07.71"E E 26°18'21.44"N 78°50'1.02"E F 26°18'21.57"N 78°50'2.29"E G 26°18'36.32"N 78°50'58.04"E H 26°18'36.11"N 78°50'57.06"E
12	Sindh	Mihona	Matiyawal i-3	514	17.6 5	1161	152	0.88	155833	93500	130900	A 26°18'38.55"N 78°51'22.71"E B 26°18'43.54"N 78°51'22.54"E C 26°18'42.61"N 78°51'14.12"E D 26°18'39.10"N 78°50'42.52"E E 26°18'36.63"N 78°51'11.32"E F 26°18'35.15"N 78°50'42.41"E
13	Sindh	Mehgaon	Sanduri	665,666 8	3.19	351	91	1.50	47850	28710	40194	A 26°17'26.75"N 78°49'11.03"E B 26°17'27.30"N 78°49'14.34"E C 26°17'20.04"N 78°49'13.21"E D 26°17'19.63"N 78°49'17.66"E E 26°17'15.72"N 78°49'17.42"E F 26°17'15.27"N 78°49'13.30"E G 26°17'24.03"N 78°49'11.02"E H 26°17'24.73"N 78°49'11.96"E


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14	Sindh	lahar	Ajnaar 1	1576	238 1	678	351	1.28	304767	182860	256004	A 26°13'8.38"N 78°50'3.29"E B 26°13'4.42"N 78°50'6.54"E C 26°12'52.65"N 78°50'12.79"E D 26°12'43.70"N 78°50'15.08"E E 26°12'42.47"N 78°50'2.47"E F 26°12'46.75"N 78°50'0.35"E G 26°12'49.04"N 78°49'57.60"E D 26°12'49.54"N 78°49'55.83"E
15	Sindh	lahar	Ajnaar 2	1576	9	353	255	1.21	108667	65200	91280	A 26°12'43.70"N 78°50'15.08"E B 26°12'37.72"N 78°50'14.51"E C 26°12'37.77"N 78°50'12.33"E D 26°12'32.59"N 78°50'12.91"E C 26°12'32.97"N 78°50'4.40"E D 26°12'42.47"N 78°50'2.47"E
16	Sindh	Mihona	Baddettar	1	24.9	1547	161	0.31	78207	46924	65694	A 26°17'12.28"N 78°49'33.12"E B 26°17'6.03"N 78°49'33.99"E C 26°17'5.80"N 78°49'34.44"E D 26°17'1.51"N 78°49'34.65"E E 26°17'1.37"N 78°49'35.19"E F 26°17'0.31"N 78°49'35.00"E G 26°16'31.72"N 78°49'41.30"E H 26°16'28.86"N 78°49'41.13"E I 26°16'21.86"N 78°49'42.79"E J 26°16'23.71"N 78°49'36.31"E K 26°17'10.92"N 78°49'26.69"E
17	Sindh	Mehgaon	Badera	542	4	507	79	2.18	87000	52200	73080	A 26°18'24.32"N 78°49'44.68"E B 26°18'27.49"N 78°49'44.43"E C 26°18'28.89"N 78°49'58.42"E D 26°18'25.46"N 78°49'58.79"E
18	Sindh	Mehgaon	Baretikhu rd-2	434	4	405	99	2.23	89167	53500	74900	A 26°19'19.63"N 78°51'38.46"E B 26°19'21.64"N 78°51'41.16"E C 26°19'11.24"N 78°51'50.60"E D 26°19'9.35"N 78°51'47.82"E




19	Sindh	Mehgaon	Bharolikalan	1713.2278, 2435	11.1 7	865	129	1.82	203333	122000	170800	A 26°25'43.36"N 78°49'25.01"E B 26°25'44.62"N 78°49'18.35"E C 26°25'46.34"N 78°49'21.00"E D 26°25'46.98"N 78°49'20.55"E E 26°25'50.32"N 78°49'25.33"E F 26°25'52.49"N 78°49'31.98"E G 26°25'52.27"N 78°49'39.90"E H 26°25'51.13"N 78°49'42.81"E I 26°25'50.13"N 78°49'42.55"E J 26°25'48.81"N 78°49'45.82"E K 26°25'50.21"N 78°49'46.56"E L 26°25'47.04"N 78°49'50.99"E N 26°25'46.47"N 78°49'50.72"E O 26°25'45.87"N 78°49'51.77"E P 26°25'46.24"N 78°49'52.84"E Q 26°25'44.67"N 78°49'55.11"E R 26°25'44.38"N 78°49'49.38"E S 26°25'46.61"N 78°49'45.58"E T 26°25'48.74"N 78°49'32.90"E U 26°25'47.35"N 78°49'28.80"E
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20	Sindh	Mihona	Dhaur-1	1,2,12,45,67	18.2 3	981	186	0.39	71357	42814	59940	A 26°15'24.97"N 78°49'3.74"E B 26°15'23.68"N 78°48'59.79"E C 26°15'23.99"N 78°48'59.65"E D 26°15'22.34"N 78°48'55.91"E E 26°15'22.71"N 78°48'55.60"E F 26°15'22.67"N 78°48'54.97"E G 26°15'21.26"N 78°48'55.28"E H 26°15'21.12"N 78°48'54.52"E I 26°15'21.63"N 78°48'54.40"E J 26°15'20.12"N 78°48'48.81"E K 26°15'19.84"N 78°48'49.09"E L 26°15'19.31"N 78°48'49.10"E M 26°15'18.57"N 78°48'47.34"E N 26°15'17.14"N 78°48'48.14"E O 26°15'17.43"N 78°48'51.16"E P 26°15'16.68"N 78°48'51.94"E Q 26°15'11.08"N 78°48'47.35"E R 26°15'11.94"N 78°48'42.77"E S 26°15'13.36"N 78°48'41.21"E T 26°15'15.30"N 78°48'42.76"E U 26°15'16.02"N 78°48'32.00"E V 26°15'23.87"N 78°48'43.80"E W 26°15'29.70"N 78°49'4.13"E X 26°15'11.91"N 78°48'44.06"E Y 26°15'6.60"N 78°48'44.28"E Z 26°15'7.02"N 78°48'37.37"E AA 26°14'59.85"N 78°48'37.45"E AB 26°14'56.31"N 78°48'32.50"E AC 26°15'6.99"N 78°48'36.94"E AD 26°15'6.82"N 78°48'28.05"E AE 26°15'15.39"N 78°48'33.91"E AF 26°15'15.30"N 78°48'42.76"E AG 26°15'13.36"N 78°48'41.21"E
21	Sindh	Mihona	Dhaur-2	245,246,25 1	11.6 8	596	196	0.47	55040	33024	46234	A 26°15'11.91"N 78°48'44.06"E B 26°15'6.60"N 78°48'44.28"E C 26°15'7.02"N 78°48'37.37"E D 26°14'59.85"N 78°48'37.45"E E 26°14'56.31"N 78°48'32.50"E F 26°15'6.99"N 78°48'36.94"E G 26°15'6.82"N 78°48'28.05"E H 26°15'15.39"N 78°48'33.91"E I 26°15'15.30"N 78°48'42.76"E J 26°15'13.36"N 78°48'41.21"E



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22	Sindh	Mihona	Dhaur-3	247,200	15.8 5	905	175	0.41	65000	39000	54600	A 26°15'6.99"N 78°48'36.94"E B 26°14'58.93"N 78°48'31.70"E C 26°14'59.54"N 78°48'30.63"E D 26°14'59.17"N 78°48'30.38"E E 26°14'59.36"N 78°48'29.69"E F 26°14'55.90"N 78°48'27.65"E G 26°14'55.19"N 78°48'29.06"E H 26°14'52.44"N 78°48'27.33"E I 26°14'53.50"N 78°48'25.14"E J 26°14'53.50"N 78°48'25.14"E K 26°14'49.13"N 78°48'22.96"E L 26°14'48.00"N 78°48'24.76"E M 26°14'39.70"N 78°48'20.49"E N 26°14'40.79"N 78°48'16.53"E O 26°14'47.50"N 78°48'17.34"E P 26°14'53.66"N 78°48'20.55"E Q 26°14'55.28"N 78°48'20.64"E R 26°15'6.82"N 78°48'28.05"E
23	Sindh	Mehgaon	Goram 1420	1420	10	893	112	1.18	118333	71000	99400	A 26°23'35.67"N 78°50'25.33"E B 26°23'36.92"N 78°50'25.29"E C 26°23'44.21"N 78°50'33.31"E D 26°23'57.35"N 78°50'26.46"E E 26°23'48.10"N 78°50'39.31"E F 26°23'39.33"N 78°50'37.22"E
24	Sindh	Mehgaon	Kheroll	546,850	19	2140	89	1.11	210833	126500	177100	A 26°22'12.52"N 78°50'3.39"E B 26°22'9.73"N 78°50'3.75"E C 26°22'10.32"N 78°50'17.17"E D 26°22'6.37"N 78°50'39.53"E E 26°22'0.12"N 78°50'53.84"E F 26°22'3.72"N 78°50'56.72"E G 26°22'11.15"N 78°50'39.48"E H 26°22'13.61"N 78°50'26.76"E
25	Sindh	Mehgaon	Kheriyasi ndh	1331	4	488	82	1.94	77600	46560	65184	A 26°19'46.41"N 78°50'44.61"E B 26°19'41.09"N 78°50'38.78"E C 26°19'37.38"N 78°50'45.08"E D 26°19'41.81"N 78°50'49.34"E E 26°19'44.93"N 78°50'45.39"E F 26°19'45.34"N 78°50'45.72"E



26	Sindh	lahar	Madori	770	3	229	131	2.41	72333	43400	60760	A 26°13'7.84"N 78°49'37.72"E B 26°13'4.97"N 78°49'41.64"E C 26°12'58.13"N 78°49'39.33"E D 26°13'0.96"N 78°49'35.21"E
27	Sindh	Mihona	Matiyawal i-1	66.75	14.7 1	1751	84	0.62	91683	55010	77014	A 26°18'18.02"N 78°49'34.77"E B 26°18'16.94"N 78°49'28.87"E C 26°18'13.13"N 78°49'22.33"E D 26°18'0.30"N 78°49'19.66"E E 26°18'1.20"N 78°49'13.45"E F 26°18'14.60"N 78°49'15.64"E G 26°18'20.62"N 78°49'25.02"E H 26°18'22.30"N 78°49'34.61"E
28	Sindh	Mehgaon	Baccholi	545	2.97	351	85	2.02	60000	36000	50400	A 26°18'1.82"N 78°49'13.41"E B 26°18'2.24"N 78°49'8.82"E C 26°18'1.59"N 78°49'8.39"E D 26°18'2.76"N 78°49'6.00"E E 26°18'4.20"N 78°49'7.01"E F 26°18'5.15"N 78°49'7.08"E G 26°18'4.58"N 78°49'8.26"E H 26°18'6.46"N 78°49'9.08"E I 26°18'6.70"N 78°49'7.88"E J 26°18'8.77"N 78°49'9.12"E K 26°18'8.71"N 78°49'9.81"E L 26°18'7.98"N 78°49'9.47"E M 26°18'7.33"N 78°49'13.73"E
29	Sindh	Mehgaon	Baretkhu rd-1	284.515	13	942	138	1.50	195000	117000	163800	A 26°19'2.904"N 78°51'47.416"E B 26°18'53.998"N 78°51'42.679"E C 26°18'48.610"N 78°51'35.188"E D 26°18'45.769"N 78°51'24.416"E E 26°18'42.961"N 78°51'25.161"E F 26°18'45.642"N 78°51'37.200"E G 26°18'51.300"N 78°51'46.497"E H 26°19'2.311"N 78°51'52.095"E


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30	Sindh	Mehgaon	Bharolikhurd	3349, 3355, 3402, 3403, 3405	8.94	853	124	1.00	105730	63438	88813	A 26°24'38.28"N 78°50'9.08"E B 26°24'41.73"N 78°50'7.49"E C 26°24'49.91"N 78°50'15.30"E D 26°24'49.24"N 8°50'20.23"E E 26°24'45.60"N 78°50'18.44"E F 26°24'43.53"N 8°50'20.73"E
31	Sindh	lahar	Chandrawali	1, 20, 15	5.975	906	66	1.01	60158	36095	50533	A 26°11'18.59"N 78°50'48.03"E B 26°11'20.22"N 78°50'43.62"E C 26°11'34.99"N 78°50'47.27"E D 26°11'34.86"N 78°50'52.12"E
32	Sindh	Mehgaon	Dubka	1208	13.51	1001	135	2.13	287750	172650	241710	A 26°18'38.92"N 78°51'23.63"E B 26°18'43.19"N 78°51'23.26"E C 26°18'44.55"N 78°51'35.20"E D 26°18'52.27"N 78°51'46.14"E E 26°19'0.55"N 78°51'52.07"E F 26°19'3.45"N 78°51'53.20"E G 26°19'2.69"N 78°51'57.26"E H 26°18'56.39"N 78°51'54.91"E I 26°18'40.18"N 78°51'37.07"E J 26°18'40.18"N 78°51'37.07"E
33	Sindh	Mehgaon	Musawali	1212	7	715	98	2.50	175000	105000	147000	A 26°26'5.95"N 78°52'8.54"E B 26°26'3.93"N 78°52'9.59"E C 26°26'5.92"N 78°52'17.78"E D 26°26'13.93"N 78°52'20.00"E E 26°26'20.00"N 78°52'23.11"E F 26°26'21.23"N 78°52'21.07"E G 26°26'13.30"N 78°52'16.12"E H 26°26'11.55"N 78°52'15.74"E I 26°26'11.78"N 78°52'15.17"E J 26°26'12.28"N 78°52'15.44"E K 26°26'12.62"N 78°52'15.05"E L 26°26'9.50"N 78°52'12.86"E



A 26°22'4.88"N 78°49'34.04"E
B 26°22'0.60"N 78°49'32.79"E
C 26°22'8.33"N 78°49'17.46"E
D 26°22'10.43"N 78°49'21.10"E

42000

30000

50000

1.00

61

819

5

801

Sadha

Mehgaon

34 Sindh

37800

27000

45000

1.71

82

321

2.63

125, 127, 91

Bhapar

lahar

35 Sindh

A 26°23'37.25"N 78°50'25.43"E
B 26°23'47.46"N 78°50'28.54"E
C 26°23'58.03"N 78°50'20.29"E
D 26°24'0.86"N 78°50'22.46"E
E 26°23'54.59"N 78°50'27.70"E
F 26°23'47.31"N 78°50'32.81"E
G 26°23'42.88"N 78°50'32.60"E

65352

46680

77800

1.00

109

714

7.78

1418

Goram 1472

Mehgaon

36 Sindh

A 26°13'55.21"N 78°47'32.20"E
B 26°13'54.22"N 78°47'53.50"E
C 26°13'51.24"N 78°47'56.83"E
D 26°13'52.61"N 78°47'50.81"E

42000

30000

50000

0.63

107

746

7.98

61

Sijroli

lahar

37 Sindh

A 26°25'41.44"N 78°56'3.96"E
B 26°25'42.69"N 78°56'2.77"E
C 26°25'53.96"N 78°56'14.29"E
D 26°25'51.58"N 78°56'15.98"E

36400

26000

43333

1.08

82

488

4.00

2787

Dochra

Bhind

38 Sindh

A 26°22'23.35"N 78°49'19.40"E
B 26°22'22.49"N 78°49'14.30"E
C 26°22'5.04"N 78°49'38.47"E
D 26°22'10.43"N 78°49'39.13"

112056

80000

133400

1.00

141

946

13.34

274

Kaundh
Madeyan - 2

Roun

39 Sindh

A 26°25'53.36"N 78°51'10.58"E
B 26°25'52.65"N 78°51'36.27"E
C 26°25'59.29"N 78°51'49.31"E
D 26°25'55.90"N 78°51'51.67"E
E 26°25'38.23"N 78°51'16.21"E
F 26°25'55.36"N 78°51'14.01"E

60200

43000

71667

1.79

53

755

4.00

2

Mahayar 2

Roun

40 Sindh



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41	Sindh	Roun	Padhora-1	22	5.00	746	67	1.53	76667	46000	64400	A 26°24'31.65"N 79° 0'38.13"E B 26°24'34.16"N 79° 0'37.20"E C 26°24'36.44"N 79° 0'45.88"E D 26°24'36.32"N 79° 0'52.41"E E 26°24'32.71"N 79° 1'2.44"E F 26°24'30.90"N 79° 1'1.12"E G 26°24'31.21"N 79° 1'0.69"E H 26°24'31.58"N 79° 1'0.63"E I 26°24'32.08"N 79° 0'59.37"E J 26°24'31.89"N 79° 0'59.20"E
42	Sindh	Roun	Niwsai 534-2	534	19.0 0	2209	86	0.60	114167	68500	95900	A 26°23'33.69"N 78°50'34.51"E B 26°23'37.02"N 78°50'31.78"E C 26°23'55.12"N 78°50'28.63"E D 26°24'5.33"N 78°50'12.35"E E 26°24'1.42"N 78°49'51.35"E F 26°24'3.53"N 78°49'50.24"E G 26°24'8.19"N 78°50'13.03"E H 26°23'49.79"N 78°50'41.64"E
43	Sindh	Roun	Niwsai Ridiya-2	410	24.4 0	634	385	0.87	213333	128000	179200	A 26°24'7.49"N 78°49'19.29"E B 26°23'58.06"N 78°49'8.50"E C 26°23'47.28"N 78°49'11.10"E D 26°23'59.72"N 78°49'39.12"E E 26°23'59.70"N 78°49'26.76"E F 26°24'2.50"N 78°49'22.67"E

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44	Sindh	Roun	Kaundh Madayan - 1	1	16.7 2	1230	136	0.96	161200	96720	135408	A 26°23'2.75"N 78°49'34.27"E B 26°23'5.49"N 78°49'31.04"E C 26°22'49.58"N 78°49'18.43"E D 26°22'28.67"N 78°49'13.79"E E 26°22'22.45"N 78°49'14.27"E F 26°22'23.42"N 78°49'19.47"E G 26°22'27.86"N 78°49'17.97"E H 26°22'47.25"N 78°49'21.87"E I 26°22'54.72"N 78°49'26.99"E J 26°22'55.03"N 78°49'26.75"E K 26°22'57.36"N 78°49'28.81"E L 26°22'57.39"N 78°49'29.48"E
45	Sindh	Roun	Niwsai 534-1	534	19.8 6	2159	92	1.00	199567	119740	167636	A 26°24'7.32"N 78°49'19.24"E B 26°24'8.19"N 78°49'14.48"E C 26°23'58.39"N 78°49'4.32"E D 26°23'51.89"N 78°49'4.01"E E 26°23'45.39"N 78°49'9.12"E F 26°23'45.39"N 78°49'20.89"E G 26°24'1.42"N 78°49'51.35"E H 26°24'3.53"N 78°49'50.24"E I 26°23'58.52"N 78°49'35.96"E J 26°23'47.31"N 78°49'19.01"E K 26°23'47.00"N 78°49'10.50"E L 26°23'55.75"N 78°49'7.08"E
46	Sindh	Roun	Niwsai Ridiya-3	410	2.00	308	65	1.54	30833	18500	25900	A 26°23'57.85"N 78°49'8.56"E B 26°23'55.27"N 78°49'6.86"E C 26°23'50.67"N 78°49'7.18"E D 26°23'48.65"N 78°49'8.64"E E 26°23'47.30"N 78°49'11.07"E
47	Sindh	Roun	Kaundh Madryan - 3	500	13.9 3	1064	131	0.80	111000	66600	93240	A 26°22'10.40"N 78°49'39.15"E B 26°22'6.60"N 78°49'38.69"E C 26°22'16.72"N 78°50'15.82"E D 26°22'20.52"N 78°50'13.74"E




48	Sindh	Bhind	Kheira Shyampur a-1	849, 855, 1486	1.70	266	64	1.18	20083	12050	16870	A 26°25'6.33"N 78°54'24.45"E B 26°25'8.43"N 78°54'23.67"E C 26°25'11.38"N 78°54'32.69"E D 26°25'9.87"N 78°54'33.63"E
49	Sindh	Roun	Bahadurpura	1288, 1339	10.0 0	2179	46	0.65	65000	39000	54600	A 26°25'19.91"N 78°57'43.02"E B 26°25'20.86"N 78°57'44.33"E C 26°25'12.91"N 78°57'52.88"E D 26°25'10.64"N 78°58'0.18"E E 26°25'13.29"N 78°58'15.87"E F 26°25'10.22"N 78°58'27.01"E G 26°24'55.24"N 78°58'43.54"E H 26°24'44.68"N 78°58'46.64"E I 26°24'44.75"N 78°58'44.92"E J 26°24'53.56"N 78°58'42.60"E K 26°25'11.63"N 78°58'13.69"E L 26°25'9.21"N 78°57'58.71"E M 26°25'9.86"N 78°57'58.73"E N 26°25'10.99"N 78°57'54.23"E O 26°25'10.49"N 78°57'53.88"E P 26°25'14.59"N 78°57'47.57"E


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50	Sindh	Roun	Muratpur a	1	4.88	602	81	1.24	60750	36450	51030	A 26°22'56.29"N 79° 2'24.61"E B 26°22'53.06"N 79° 2'14.97"E C 26°22'49.59"N 79° 22.76"E D 26°22'48.20"N 79° 1'59.52"E E 26°22'48.52"N 79° 1'59.31"E F 26°22'48.27"N 79° 1'58.38"E G 26°22'50.81"N 79° 1'58.92"E H 26°22'53.36"N 79° 2'9.88"E I 26°22'58.58"N 79° 2'22.59"E
51	Sindh	Roun	Mahayar	1.2	5.00	910	55	2.50	125000	75000	105000	A 26°25'33.32"N 78°51'10.50"E B 26°25'34.80"N 78°51'9.42"E C 26°25'52.56"N 78°51'36.12"E D 26°25'50.51"N 78°51'37.24"E 26°25'38.16"N 78°51'16.22"E F 26°25'35.50"N 78°51'13.93"E
52	Sindh	Bhind	Bilav	5234	3.50	328	107	2.57	90000	54000	75600	A 26°26'40.80"N 78°52'55.01"E B 26°26'39.68"N 78°52'45.55"E C 26°26'42.42"N 78°52'41.71"E D 26°26'44.85"N 78°52'53.31"E
53	Sindh	Roun	Dahema 3	181	24.7 3	2355	105	0.50	123650	74190	103866	A 26°25'26.00"N 78°49'43.56"E B 26°25'8.94"N 78°50'27.90"E C 26°24'43.26"N 78°50'34.78"E D 26°24'39.65"N 78°50'28.56"E E 26°24'42.28"N 78°50'26.66"E F 26°24'50.25"N 78°50'30.41"E G 26°25'6.62"N 78°50'25.70"E H 26°25'22.15"N 78°49'40.59"E



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54	Sindh	Roun	Mangarh	1043, 1103	9.46	1139	83	1.00	94600	56760	79464	A 26°21'38.99"N 78°51'40.96"E B 26°21'18.93"N 78°52'4.91"E C 26°21'30.18"N 78°51'46.44"E D 26°21'19.77"N 78°51'51.82"E E 26°21'11.39"N 78°51'59.36"E F 26°21'17.37"N 78°52'1.65"E G 26°21'37.82"N 78°51'39.01"E H 26°21'17.88"N 78°51'57.86"E I 26°21'17.65"N 78°51'56.27"E J 26°21'22.72"N 78°51'53.53"E K 26°21'23.01"N 78°51'53.98"E L 26°21'26.83"N 78°51'51.17"E M 26°21'27.02"N 78°51'51.43"E N 26°21'32.30"N 78°51'47.83"E
55	Sindh	Roun	Dahema 1	1	24.0 0	2530	95	0.50	120000	72000	100800	A 26°25'29.18"N 78°51'6.04"E B 26°25'31.34"N 78°51'5.57"E C 26°25'30.75"N 78°50'23.22"E D 26°25'48.27"N 78°49'35.41"E E 26°25'45.75"N 78°49'36.63"E F 26°25'27.60"N 78°50'22.60"E
56	Sindh	Roun	Mehanda	1	10.0 0	2174	46	1.03	103333	62000	86800	A 26°25'15.94"N 78°54'57.06"E B 26°25'18.63"N 78°54'55.79"E C 26°25'28.32"N 78°55'43.59"E D 26°25'24.42"N 8°55'43.62"E
57	Sindh	Roun	Virauna	2638	21.1 0	1991	106	1.00	211020	126612	177257	A 26°19'54.21"N 78°50'37.80"E B 26°19'54.11"N 78°50'52.00"E C 26°19'43.74"N 78°50'57.76"E D 26°19'39.86"N 78°51'5.37"E E 26°19'37.98"N 78°51'12.91"E F 26°19'33.51"N 78°51'11.95"E G 26°19'37.32"N 78°50'54.77"E

58	Sindh	Roun	Nivsai Ridiya-1	1,2,9,37,1,37 2	20.1 4	1995	101	1.00	201400	120840	169176	A 26°24'7.45"N 78°49'19.35"E B 26°24'8.26"N 78°49'15.02"E C 26°24'17.78"N 78°49'19.68"E D 26°24'38.11"N 78°50'18.48"E E 26°24'36.12"N 78°50'21.65"E F 26°24'22.84"N 78°49'34.19"E
59	Sindh	Bhind	Attrsuma	1115, 1171	4.00	534	75	1.28	51000	30600	42840	A 26°25'16.47"N 78°57'59.92"E B 26°25'15.35"N 78°58'17.39"E C 26°25'14.63"N 78°58'17.52"E D 26°25'14.98"N 78°58'19.06"E E 26°25'13.43"N 78°58'18.82"E F 26°25'12.61"N 78°58'17.43"E G 26°25'13.74"N 78°57'59.09"E
60	Sindh	Roun	Dahema 2	1,2,181	12.7 5	1302	98	0.50	63750	38250	53550	A 26°25'43.78"N 78°49'36.43"E B 26°25'48.25"N 78°49'35.08"E C 26°25'32.30"N 78°49'25.00"E D 26°25'23.38"N 78°49'41.02"E E 26°25'26.30"N 78°49'42.20"E F 26°25'35.12"N 78°49'27.53"E
61	Sindh	Bhind	Khroshya mupura-2	1486	9.75	1950	50	0.45	43883	26330	36862	A 26°25'13.43"N 78°54'37.20"E B 26°25'11.16"N 78°54'38.46"E C 26°25'28.10"N 78°55'40.65"E D 26°25'30.26"N 78°55'40.21"E E 26°25'24.18"N 78°55'53.56"E




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62	Sindh	Bhind	Khroshya mupura-3	578,599, 741,787	7.06	905	78	0.33	23400	14040	19656	A 26°25'34.87"N 78°53'15.88"E B 26°25'33.40"N 78°53'18.22"E C 26°25'25.64"N 78°53'13.50"E D 26°25'21.22"N 78°53'14.95"E E 26°25'22.71"N 78°53'11.32"E F 26°25'12.75"N 78°53'10.79"E G 26°25'7.90"N 78°53'14.91"E H 26°25'8.45"N 78°53'10.26"E I 26°25'13.33"N 78°53'8.25"E J 26°25'10.17"N 78°53'24.88"E K 26°25'7.83"N 78°53'27.84"E L 26°25'9.75"N 78°53'23.88"E M 26°25'7.07"N 78°53'33.44"E N 26°25'5.25"N 78°53'40.16"E O 26°25'4.26"N 78°53'39.81"E P 26°25'6.33"N 78°53'32.98"E Q 26°25'3.64"N 78°53'55.29"E R 26°25'3.40"N 78°54'1.94"E S 26°25'2.04"N 78°54'2.30"E T 26°25'1.60"N 78°53'55.35"E
63	Sindh	Bhind	Khroshya mupura-4	809,810, 1486	7.22	729	99	0.45	32472	19483	27276	A 26°24'59.09"N 78°54'4.07"E B 26°25'2.12"N 78°54'3.51"E C 26°25'2.71"N 78°54'5.81"E D 26°25'6.16"N 78°54'3.89"E E 26°25'7.42"N 78°54'5.94"E F 26°25'6.13"N 78°54'7.01"E G 26°25'7.64"N 78°54'10.15"E H 26°25'4.49"N 78°54'12.79"E I 26°25'8.26"N 78°54'23.50"E J 26°25'5.68"N 78°54'24.61"E
64	Sindh	Roun	Mehanda	1	4.90	505	98	0.55	27000	16200	22680	A 26°24'57.11"N 78°54'5.64"E B 26°24'58.96"N 78°54'5.37"E C 26°25'18.63"N 78°54'55.79"E D 26°25'15.94"N 78°54'57.06"E



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65	Sindh	Roun	Padhora - 2	1201, 1139 (Naveen- 629, 1209)	10.0 0	2170	46	0.45	45000	27000	37800	A 26°24'32.40"N 79°01'05.60"E B 26°24'29.60"N 79°01'03.30"E C 26°24'19.20"N 79° 1'11.63"E D 26°24'9.01"N 79° 1'11.62"E E 26°23'44.48"N 79° 0'51.57"E F 26°23'26.10"N 79°00'36.60"E G 26°23'24.70"N 79°00'39.70"E H 26°23'29.43"N 79° 0'41.04"E I 26°23'42.03"N 79° 0'52.02"E J 26°23'51.20"N 79° 1'3.55"E K 26°24'12.00"N 79° 1'14.68"E L 26°24'19.10"N 79° 1'14.29"E
66	Sindh	Roun	Remja	197/2, 200, 285 (Naveen- 205, 739)	14.2 5	1696	84	0.90	128232	76939	107715	A 26°26'40.456"N 78°52'46.041"E B 26°26'42.439"N 78°53'1.232"E C 26°26'35.634"N 78°53'19.253"E D 26°26'23.291"N 78°53'23.194"E E 26°26'1.781"N 78°53'21.778"E F 26°26'1.582"N 78°53'23.667"E G 26°26'24.218"N 78°53'25.444"E H 26°26'36.523"N 78°53'21.581"E I 26°26'43.604"N 78°53'2.013"E J 26°26'43.180"N 78°52'44.852"E
67	Sindh	Roun	Nivsai 534-3	534	19.0 0	2116	90	0.30	57000	34200	47880	A 26°23'33.69"N 78°50'34.51"E B 26°23'37.02"N 78°50'31.78"E C 26°23'24.21"N 78°49'52.40"E D 26°23'6.42"N 78°49'33.15"E E 26°23'3.84"N 78°49'35.69"E F 26°23'23.02"N 78°49'59.29"E



68	Sindh	Roun	Baghali Bhadurpu ra	287	4.00	340	118	1.00	40000	24000	33600	A 26°25'32.46"N 78°55'55.90"E B 26°25'34.73"N 78°55'53.12"E C 26°25'44.88"N 78°56'8.75"E D 26°25'43.68"N 78°56'10.15"E
69	Sindh	Roun	Larol	472	3.22	400	80	0.45	14490	8694	12172	A 26°24'1.74"N 79° 3'32.96"E B 26°24'4.19"N 79° 3'33.14"E C 26°24'3.51"N 79° 3'47.53"E D 26°24'0.77"N 79° 3'47.25"E
70	Sindh	Bhind	Dwar	1195	4.00	513	78	2.00	80000	48000	67200	A 26°24'25.68"N 79° 6'27.46"E B 26°24'24.07"N 79° 6'27.64"E C 26°24'23.60"N 79° 6'15.94"E D 26°24'24.13"N 79° 6'4.60"E E 26°24'25.75"N 79° 6'6.08"E F 26°24'26.17"N 79° 6'16.56"E
71	Sindh	Roun	Hilgawan	1,391	23.5 8	1800	131	0.36	84888	50933	71306	A 26°24'43.40"N 79°5'12.88"E B 26°24'43.78"N 79° 5'10.81"E C 26°25'25.03"N 79° 5'1.80"E D 26°25'36.98"N 79°5'15.26"E E 26°25'34.67"N 79°5'17.02"E F 26°25'23.90"N 79° 5'6.57"E G 26°25'12.30"N 79°6'17.39"E H 26°24'41.67"N 79°5'59.03"E I 26°24'42.60"N 79° 5'57.52"E J 26°25'12.24"N 79° 6'14.11"E
72	Sindh	Roun	Indurkhi	8/3010, 8/3011, 8/3015, 8/3016, 8/3018	10.9 6	1085	101	0.50	54785	32871	46019	A 26°20'31.20"N 78°52'3.84"E B 26°20'31.66"N 78°52'7.15"E C 26°20'46.75"N 78°52'9.65"E D 26°20'56.60"N 78°52'8.62"E E 26°21'7.85"N 78°52'5.61"E F 26°21'4.26"N 78°51'59.94"E G 26°20'47.69"N 78°52'5.34"E H 26°20'40.71"N 78°52'5.86"E


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73	Sindh	Bhind	Jakhmoli	1274, 1290 (Naveen- 121, 1846)	4.15	346	120	1.50	62250	37350	52290	A 26°23'36.05"N 79° 0'50.88"E B 26°23'36.65"N 79° 0'49.95"E C 26°23'28.81"N 79° 0'42.88"E D 26°23'26.58"N 79° 0'44.24"E
74	Sindh	Bhind	Kakhara	1374, 1619, 2324, 2341	19.7 7	2246	88	0.60	117632	70579	98811	A 26°24'11.58"N 78°58'45.96"E B 26°24'13.09"N 78°58'51.20"E C 26°23'52.83"N 78°59'19.99"E D 26°23'59.91"N 78°59'52.07"E E 26°24'6.97"N 78°59'57.57"E F 26°24'25.48"N 79°0'12.85"E G 26°24'23.38"N 79°0'15.92"E H 26°24'5.24"N 78°59'59.57"E I 26°23'59.19"N 78°59'52.54"E J 26°23'50.42"N 78°59'21.41"E
75	Sindh	Bhind	Ojhaghat	1254	4.00	485	83	1.00	40000	24000	33500	A 26°24'4.47"N 79°4'48.49"E B 26°24'2.48"N 79°4'49.14"E C 26°23'58.93"N 79°4'31.31"E D 26°24'1.93"N 79°4'31.14"E E 26°24'3.56"N 79°4'39.61"E F 26°24'1.38"N 79° 4'40.35"E



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CHPATER -4

LAND UTILIZATION PATTERN IN THE DISTRICT: FOREST, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, MINING ETC.

As per the district statistical book 2015, the total area of Bhind district is 4459 sq kms. Out of which forest area is 89 sq.kms.. The district falls in **Lower Chambal Sub Basin of Yamuna Basin**. Rivers of Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj drains the entire area. The area irrigated by tube wells is 739.94 sq kms, by open-wells 542.47 sq.kms, by canals 759.94 sq.kms and by ponds 12.70 sq.kms. The total area under irrigation from various sources is 2062.01sq.kms. About 62 % area is irrigated by Ground water of total irrigated area. The principal crops grown are Wheat, Rice, Maize, Jowar and others.

However the major part of the area fall in the Ganga basin. The drainage of the district is towards north and north east. The five rivers, from west to east are the Bina, the Dhasan, the Bewas, the Sonar and the Bamner. The Bina takes its course upto several Kilometer to the south of the district and enters it near village Mahura. After flowing through Rahatgarh, the river takes a north easterly course and at places forms the boundary with Vidisha district.

Hydrology & Irrigation

The entire Bhind district lies in lower Chambal basin. Major tributaries are Kunwari, Asad, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers. The details of the catchment area of each river is given in table no. 2.


Table No. 2 Catchment Area of the Major Rivers

Sub Basin	Catchment area in the district (sq.Km.)	% of the Catchment area in the district	Length of river in the district (Km)
Direct Catchment of River Chambal	257.87	5.79	46.3
Asad & Kunwari	896.14	20.13	85.0
Besali	1729.28	38.84	57.0
Sindh	785.76	17.65	64.0
Pahuj	783.17	17.59	30.0
Total	4451.96	100.00	282.30

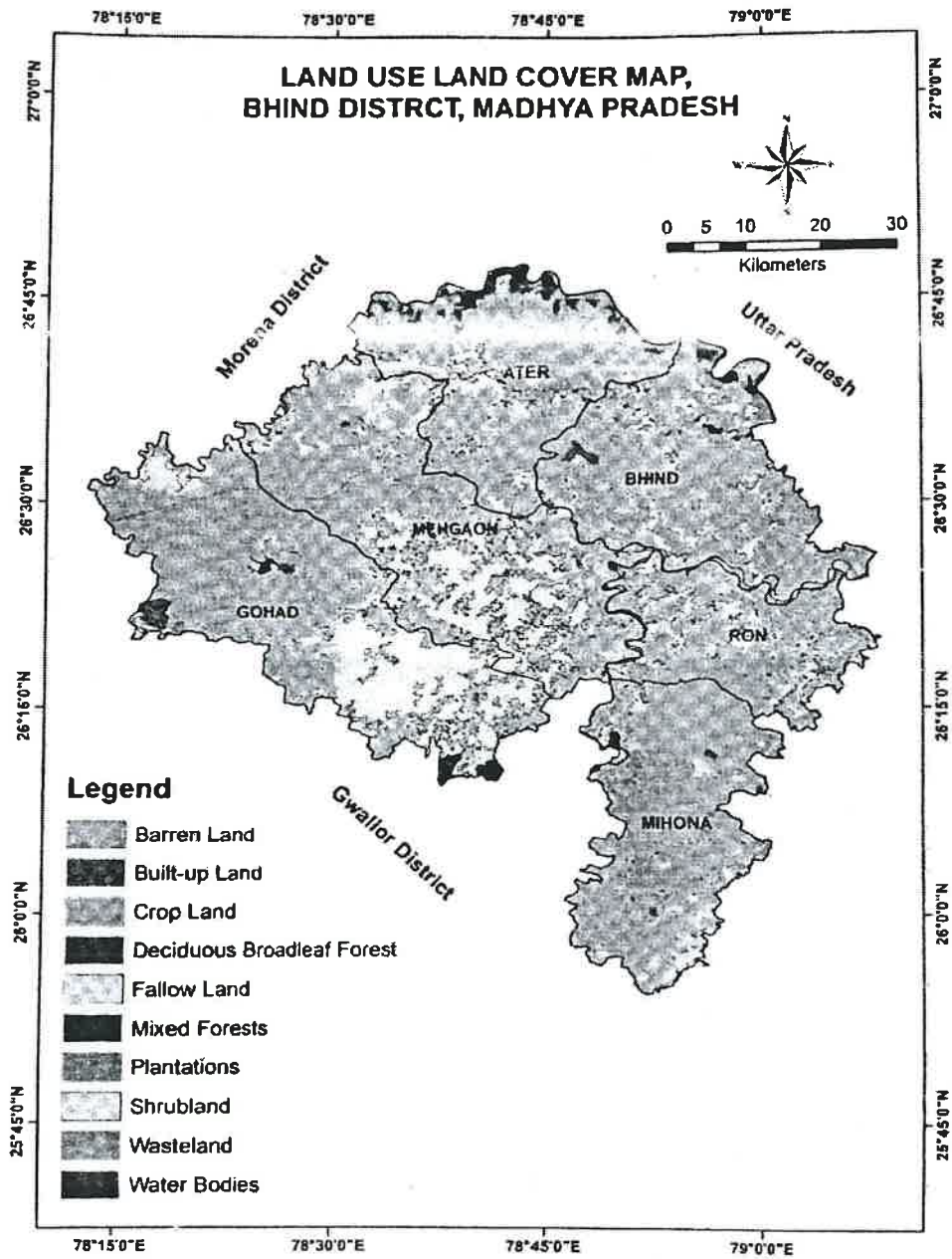


Sr. No.	Class	Area in Ha.	Percentage of coverage
1	Canal/drain	171.3626	0.04 %
2	Cropland	3,73,815.9	83.97 %
3	Deciduous (Dry/Moist/Thom)	7,250.911	1.63 %
4	Fallow land	530.2852	0.12 %
5	Forest Plantation	50.17493	0.01 %
6	Gullied/Ravenous land	40,788.25	9.16 %
7	Industrial	1,258.708	0.28 %
8	Lake/Ponds	124.8923	0.03 %
9	Mining / Quarry	267.6855	0.06 %
10	Reservoir/Tank	759.3986	0.17 %
11	River	4,301.775	0.97 %
12	Rural	4,964.047	1.12 %
13	Scrub Forest	1,024.176	0.23 %
14	Scrub land	6,847.507	1.54 %
15	Tree Clad Area	258.9849	0.06 %
16	Urban	2,769.467	0.62 %
	Total	4,45,183.553	100 %




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Land use Map of Bhind District



Source : Minister of jal shakti Department of water resource



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CHAPTER -05

PHYSIOGRAPHY OF THE DISTRICT

Physiographically, a large area of the district forms part of the vast older alluvial plains. Ravines along the river Chambal is special feature of the district. The area has very gentle slope towards northeast with highest elevation of 190 m above MSL in the southwestern part and the lowest elevation of 149 m above MSL in the northwestern part. The district is crossed by a number of rivers and streams. The Chambal and the Sind are the main rivers of the district. The Chambal forms the northern boundary. As the 2 rivers are the tributaries of the Yamuna, they form parts of the Ganga drainage system. Apart from these, the other important rivers of the district are the Kunwari, the ahuj, the Asan and the Vaisali.

Geomorphology:

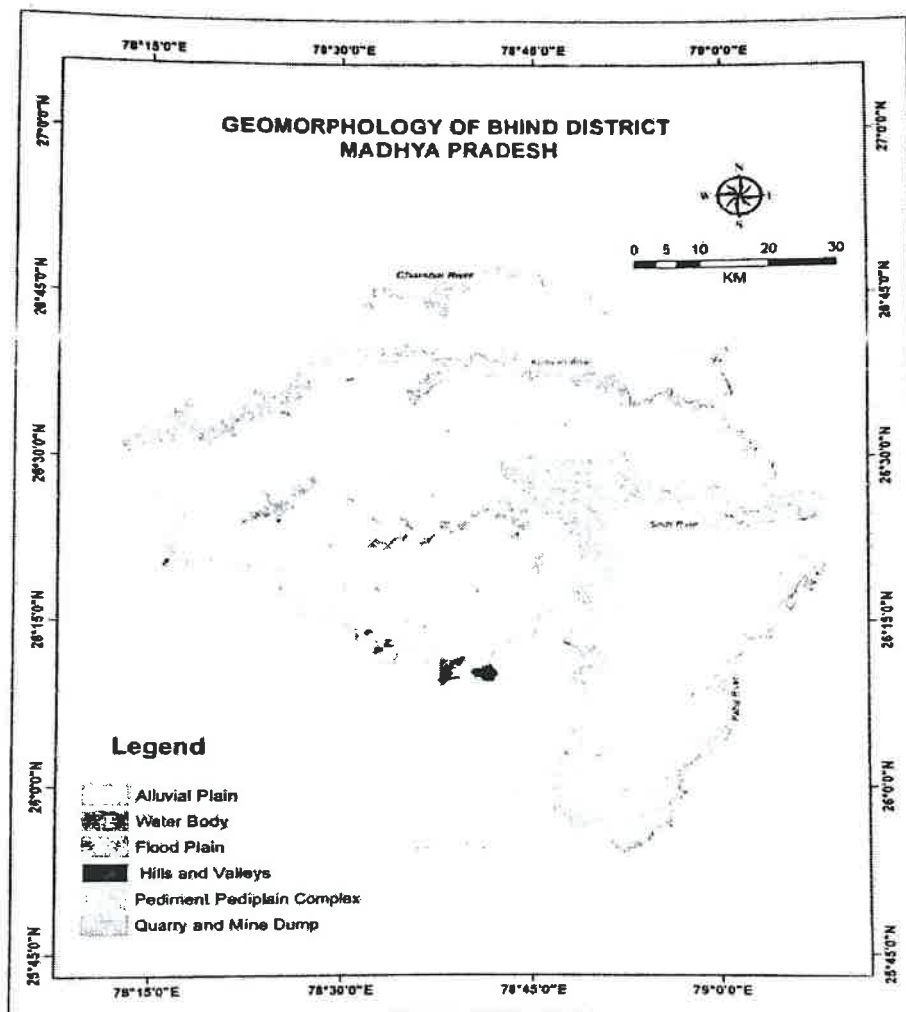
The north west area of the district forms vast alluvial plains. The south eastern area forms pediment Padi plain complex. A small area in the southern part forms hills and valleys. The geomorphological map of Bhind district is given in Fig 3.



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Geomorphological Map of Bhind District



Source : Minister of Jal Shakti Department of water resource

Soil cover:

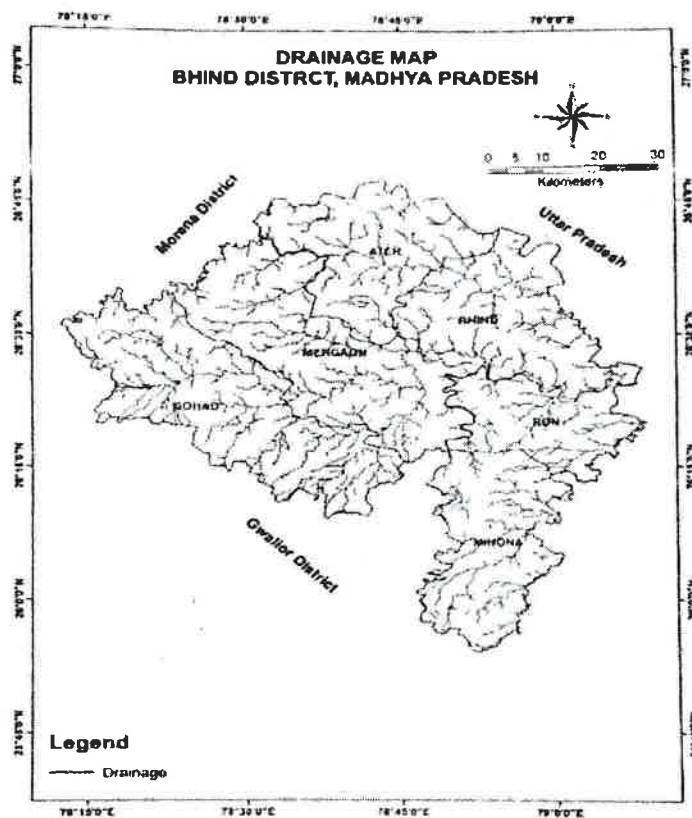
The soil in the district generally falls under the group of deep alluvial soils. Color of the soil varies from brown, yellowish brown to dark gray brown. Texture of soils varies from sandy loam (below 20% clay), loam (20 – 30% clay), clay loam (30 – 40% clay) & clay (more than 40% clay). Clay loam soil found in some parts of Gohad & Mehgaon blocks and sandy loam soil is usually found in other blocks.

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Hydrology and Drainage:

Chambal, Asand, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers drain the area. Ravines & Gullies have developed along the course of all rivers particularly along the flood plains. A very fine network of gullies and forming dendritic drainage network characterizes these. The depth of dissection by gullies is more intense along the river Chambal as compared to others.




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Chapter- 6					
List of Mines with Area Khasara and validation					
Sl no	Mines Name	Tehsil	Khasra No	Area	Validation
1	Ajeeta	Mehgaon	1360	9	30.06.2023
2	Bacchreta	Mehgaon	803	3	30.06.2023
3	Barethiraj	Mehgaon	445	3	30.06.2023
4	Girwasa Naveen	lahar	6,210,1325	10	30.06.2023
5	Girwasa Purani	lahar	100	1.672	30.06.2023
6	Gurira	Mihona	1	4	30.06.2023
7	Kaccharchat	Mehgaon	610	5	30.06.2023
8	Ladha	lahar	192	7	30.06.2023
9	Lilwari-1	Lahar	258,259	4	30.06.2023
10	Lilwari-2	Lahar	258,259	17.17	30.06.2023
11	Matiyawali-2	Mihona	452	15.21	30.06.2023
12	Matiyawali-3	Mihona	514	17.65	30.06.2023
13	Sanduri	Mehgaon	665,666.668	3.19	30.06.2023
14	Ajnaar 1	lahar	1576	23.81	30.06.2023
15	Ajnaar 2	lahar	1576	9	30.06.2023
16	Baddettar	Mihona	1	24.9	30.06.2023
17	Badera	Mehgaon	542	4	30.06.2023
18	Baretikhurd-2	Mehgaon	434	4	30.06.2023
19	Bharolikalan	Mehgaon	1713,2278,2435	11.17	30.06.2023
20	Dhaur-1	Mihona	1,2,12,45,67	18.23	30.06.2023
21	Dhaur-2	Mihona	245,246,251	11.68	30.06.2023
22	Dhaur-3	Mihona	247,200	15.85	30.06.2023
23	Goram 1420	Mehgaon	1420	10	30.06.2023
24	Kharoli	Mehgaon	546,850	19	30.06.2023
25	Kheriyasindh	Mehgaon	1331	4	30.06.2023
26	Madori	lahar	770	3	30.06.2023
27	Matiyawali-1	Mihona	66,75	14.71	30.06.2023
28	Bacchroli	Mehgaon	545	2.97	30.06.2023
29	Baretikhurd-1	Mehgaon	284,515	13	30.06.2023
30	Bharolikurd	Mehgaon	3349, 3355, 3402, 3403, 3405	8.94	30.06.2023
31	Chandrawali	lahar	1, 20, 15	5.975	30.06.2023
32	Dubka	Mehgaon	1208	13.51	30.06.2023
33	Musawali	Mehgaon	1212	7	30.06.2023
34	Sadhya	Mehgaon	801	5	30.06.2023
35	Bhapar	lahar	125,127,91	2.63	30.06.2023
36	Goram 1472	Mehgaon	1472,1473,1495	7.78	30.06.2023
37	Sijroli	lahar	61	7.98	30.06.2023
38	Dochra	Bhind	2787	4.00	Proposed in Auction

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67	Nivsai 534-3	Roun	534	19.00	Proposed in Auction
68	Baghali Bhadurpura	Roun	287	4.00	Proposed in Auction
69	Larol	Roun	472	3.22	Proposed in Auction
70	Dwar	Bhind	1195	4.00	Proposed in Auction
71	Hilgawan	Roun	1,391	23.58	Proposed in Auction
72	Indurkhi	Roun	8/3010, 8/3011, 8/3015, 8/3016, 8/3018	10.96	Proposed in Auction
73	Jakhmoli	Bhind	1274, 1290 (Naveen- 121, 1846)	4.15	Proposed in Auction
74	Kalkhata	Bhind	1374, 1619, 2324, 2341	19.77	Proposed in Auction
75	Ojhaghat	Bhind	1254	4.00	Proposed in Auction


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CHAPTER -07 RECOMMENDATION

Introduction

India is developing at a faster pace and much technological advancement has already been taken place in the surveillance and remote monitoring in the field of mining. Thus, it is prudent to utilize the technological advancement for the effective monitoring of the mining activities particularly sand mining in the country.


Following a series of orders by the National Green Tribunal in 2018, the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change has for the first time released guidelines to monitor and check illegal sand mining in the country. The Enforcement and Monitoring (EM) Guidelines for Sand Mining 2020 released by the Ministry include directions to states to carry out river audits, put detailed survey reports of all mining areas online and in the public domain, conduct replenishment studies of river beds, constantly monitor mining with drones, aerial surveys, ground surveys and set up dedicated task forces at district levels. The guidelines also push for online sales and purchase of sand and other riverbed materials to make the process transparent. They propose night surveillance of mining activity through night-vision drones.

While the MoEF&CC has already put in place the Sustainable Sand Management Guidelines 2016, which focus on the management of sand mining in India, that there is an urgent need to have guidelines for effective enforcement of regulatory provisions and their monitoring.

Background

The Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957 has empowered state governments to make rules to prevent illegal mining, transportation and storage of minerals. "But in the recent past, it has been observed that there were a large number of illegal mining cases in the country and in some cases, many of the officers lost their lives while executing their duties to curb illegal mining. Illegal and uncontrolled illegal mining leads to loss of revenue to the State and degradation of the environment. The enforcement guidelines focus on the "effective monitoring of sand mining from the identification of sand mineral sources to its dispatch and end-use by consumers and the general public and looks at a uniform protocol for the whole country".

The need for replenishment study for river bed sand is also required in order to "nullify the adverse impacts arising due to excessive sand extraction". No riverbed mining will be allowed during the monsoon. In cases where rivers become district boundaries or state boundaries, the districts or states sharing the boundary shall constitute the combined task force for monitoring of mined materials, mining activity and participate in the preparation of District Survey Reports (DSR) by providing appropriate inputs.


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The guidelines say the detailed survey needs to be carried out for quantification of minerals and the demand and supply of the riverbed material through market survey, including the future demand for the next five years.

The guidelines also push for the sale and purchase of sand and river bed material (RBM) online to make the process more transparent. "In order to curb illegal mining, it is very necessary that the general public is aware of the legal source of sand and RBM suppliers. It is suggested that the state government should develop an online portal for sale and purchase of sand and RBM. The state government will also decide the model of sale and the price of RBM. "It is suggested that the controlled price model is more effective in controlling illegal sand mining," the guidelines state

This document will serve as a guideline for collection of critical information for enforcement of the regulatory provision(s) and also highlights the essential infrastructural requirements necessary for effective monitoring for Sustainable Sand Mining. The document is prepared in consideration of various orders/directions issued by Hon'ble NGT in matters pertaining to illegal sand mining and also based on the reports submitted by expert committees and investigation teams.

Further, this document is supplemental to the existing "Sustainable Sand Mining Management Guideline-2016" (SSMG-2016), and these two guidelines viz. "Enforcement & Monitoring Guidelines for Sand Mining" (EMGSM-2020) and SSMG-2016 shall be read and implemented in sync with each other. In case, any ambiguity or variation between the provisions of both these document arises, the provision made in "Enforcement & Monitoring Guidelines for Sand Mining-2020" shall prevail.

Objective of Guidelines

- Identification and Quantification of Mineral Resource and its optimal utilization.
- To regulate the Sand & Gravel Mining in the Country since its identification to its final end-use by the consumers and the general public.
- Use of IT-enabled services & latest technologies for surveillance of the sand mining at each step.
- Reduction in demand & supply gaps.
- Setting up the procedure for replenishment study of Sand.
- Post Environmental Clearance Monitoring.
- Procedure for Environmental Audit.
- To control the instance of illegal mining.

Salient Features of the Guidelines

- **District Survey Report:** The guidelines provide the procedure to be followed for identifying areas where mining can be allowed or prohibited. It provides guidelines for preparing a district survey report, which includes: Preparing a report before granting a mining lease, and Defining mining and no mining zones based on certain environmental and social factors.

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- **Preventing Illegal Mining:** The guidelines suggest that sites can be monitored remotely by using unmanned artificial vehicles or drones. Drones can also be used for quantity estimation and land use monitoring. Further, the guidelines propose night surveillance of mining activity through night-vision drones. The environmental damages incurred due to illegal mining will be assessed by a committee constituted by the District Administration.
- **Environmental Clearance:** Environmental Clearance for mining is given by regulatory authorities after considering the potential environmental impact. However, it has been observed that often the Letter of Intent (LoI) is granted for a location which is not feasible for environment-friendly mining. The guidelines provide that LoIs should be granted for those locations which have the least possibility of an impact on the environment and nearby habitation.

The guidelines also push for online sales and purchase of sand and other riverbed materials to make the process transparent.

There are some important key points of EM guidelines for sand mining 2020:

Source to Destination Monitoring:

- The new set of guidelines focuses on the effective monitoring of sand mining from the identification of sand mineral sources to its dispatch and end-use by consumers and the general public and look at a uniform protocol for the whole country.
- Constantly monitor mining with drones and night surveillance of mining activity through night-vision drones.

Audits:

- States to carry out river audits put detailed survey reports of all mining areas in the public domain.

Enforcement:

- It gives directions to states to set up dedicated task forces at district levels.
- In cases where rivers become district boundaries or state boundaries, the districts or states sharing the boundary shall constitute the combined task force for monitoring of mined materials, mining activity and participate in the preparation of District Survey Reports (DSR) by providing appropriate inputs.

Sustainability:

- Conduct replenishment study for river bed sand in order to nullify the adverse


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impacts arising due to excessive sand extraction.

- No riverbed mining will be allowed during the monsoon.

Requirement for Monitoring & Enforcement

Sustainable Sand Mining Management Guidelines (SSMMG) 2016 and past experience suggest that the sources of sand in India are through:

- ✓ River (riverbed and flood plain),
- ✓ Lakes and reservoirs,
- ✓ Agricultural fields,
- ✓ Coastal / marine sand,
- ✓ Palaeo-channels and
- ✓ Manufactured Sand (M-Sand).


Preparation of District Survey Report

“Sustainable Sand Mining Guidelines, 2016” issued by MoEF&CC requires preparation of District Survey Report (DSR), which is an important initial step before grant of mining lease/Lol. The guidelines emphasize detailed procedure to be followed for the purpose of identification of areas of aggradation/ deposition where mining can be allowed and identification of areas of erosion and proximity to infrastructural structures and installation where mining should be prohibited. Calculation of annual rate of replenishment, allowing time for replenishment after mining, identification of ways of scientific and systematic mining; identifying measures for protection of environment and ecology and determining measures for protection of bank erosion, benchmark (BM) with respect to mean Sea Level (MSL) should be made essential in mining channel reaches (MCR) below which no mining shall be allowed.

Therefore, preparation of District Survey Report is a very important step and sustainable sand mining in any part of the country will depend on the quality of District Survey Report.

Considering the importance of district survey report, the Ministry of Environment Forest and climate change, after consultation with experts dealing with mining-related matters, formulated the following guidelines for the preparation of comprehensive District Survey Report for sand mining.

- a) District Survey Report for sand mining shall be prepared before the auction/e-auction/grant of the mining lease/Letter of Intent (LoI) by Mining department or department dealing the mining activity in respective states.
- b) The first step is to develop the inventory of the River Bed Material and Other sand sources in the District. In order to make the inventory of River Bed Material, a detailed survey of the district needs to be carried out, to identify the source of

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River Bed Material and alternative source of sand (M-Sand). The source will include rivers, de-siltation of reservoir/dams, Patta lands/Khatedari Land, M-sand etc.

- c) District Survey Report is to be prepared in such a way that it not only identifies the mineral-bearing area but also define the mining and no mining zones considering various environmental and social factors.
- d) Identification of the source of Sand & M-Sand. The sources may be from Rivers, Lakes, Ponds, Dams, De-silting locations, Patta land/Khatedari lands. The details in case of Rivers such as [name, length of river, type (Perennial or Non-Perennial), Villages, Tehsil, District], in case of Lakes, Ponds, Dams, De-silting locations [Name, owned/maintained by (State Govt./PSU), area, Villages, Tehsil, District] in case of Patta land/Khatedari lands [Owner Name, Sy No, Area, Agricultural/Non-Agricultural, Villages, Tehsil, District], in case of M- Sand Plant [Owner Name, Sy No, Area, Quantity/Annum, Villages, Tehsil, District], needs to be recorded as per format given in Annexure-I.
- e) Defining the sources of Sand/M-Sand in the district is the next step for identification of the potential area of deposition/aggradation wherein mining lease could be granted. Detailed survey needs to be carried out for quantification of minerals. The purpose of mining in the river bed is for channelization of rivers so as to avoid the possibility of flooding and to maintain the flow of the rivers. For this, the entire river stretch needs to be surveyed and original ground level (OGL) to be recorded and area of aggradation/deposition needs to be ascertained by comparing the level difference between the outside riverbed OGL and water level. Once the area of aggradation/deposition is identified, then the quantity of River Bed Material available needs to be calculated. The next step is channelization of the river bed and for this central $\frac{1}{4}$ th part of the river, width needs to be identified on a map. Out of the $\frac{1}{4}$ th part area, where there is a deposition/aggradation of the material needs to be identified. The remaining $\frac{1}{4}$ th area needs to be kept as no mining zone for the protection of banks. The specific gravity of the material also needs to be ascertained by analyzing the sample from a NABL accredited lab. Thus, the quantity of material available in metric ton needs to be calculated for mining and no mining zone.
- f) The permanent boundary pillars need to be erected after identification of an area of aggradation and deposition outside the bank of the river at a safe location for future surveying. The distance between boundary pillars on each side of the bank shall not be more than 100 meters.
- g) Identifying the mining and no mining zone shall follow with defining the area of

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sensitivity by ascertaining the distance of the mining area from the protected area, forest, bridges, important structures, habitation etc. and based on the sensitivity the area needs to be defined in sensitive and non-sensitive area.

- h) Demand and supply of the Riverbed Material through market survey needs to be carried out. In addition to this future demand for the next 5 years also needs to be considered.
- i) It is suggested that as far as possible the sensitive areas should be avoided for mining, unless local safety condition arises. Such deviation shall be temporary & shall not be a permanent feature.
- j) The final area selected for the mining should be then divided into mining lease as per the requirement of State Government. It is suggested the mining lease area should be so selected as to cover the entire deposition area. Dividing a large area of deposition/aggradation into smaller mining leases should be avoided as it leads to loss of mineral and indirectly promote illegal mining.
- k) Cluster situation shall be examined. A cluster is formed when one mining lease of homogenous mineral is within 500 meters of the other mining lease. In order to reduce the cluster formation mining lease size should be defined in such a way that distance between any two clusters preferably should not be less than 2.5 Km. Mining lease should be defined in such a way that the total area of the mining leases in a cluster should not be more than 10Ha.
- l) The number of a contiguous cluster needs to be ascertained. Contiguous cluster is formed when one cluster is at a distance of 2.5 Km from the other cluster.
- m) The mining outside the riverbed on Patta land/Khatedari land be granted when there is possibility of replenishment of material. In case, there is no replenishment then mining lease shall only be granted when there is no riverbed mining possibility within 5 KM of the

Patta land/Khatedari land. For government projects, mining could be allowed on Patta land/Khatedari land but the mining should only be done by the Government agency and material should not be used for sale in the open market. Cluster situation as mentioned in para k above is also applicable for the mining in Patta land/Khatedari land.

- n) The State Government should define the transportation route from the mining lease considering the maximum production from the mines as at this stage the size of mining leases, their location, the quantity of mineral that can be mined safely etc. is available with the State Government. It is suggested that the transportation route should be selected in such a way that the movement of trucks/tippers/tractors


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from the villages having habitation should be avoided. The transportation route so selected should be verified by the State Government for its carrying capacity.

- o) Potential site for mining having its impact on the forest, protected area, habitation, bridges etc, shall be avoided. For this, a sub-divisional committee may be formed which after the site visit shall decide its suitability for mining. The list of mining lease after the recommendation of the Committee needs to be defined in the following format given in as **Annexure-II**. The Sub-Divisional Committee after the site visit shall make a recommendation on the site for its suitability of mining and also records the reason for selecting the mining lease in the Patta land. The details regarding cluster and contiguous cluster needs to be provided as in **Annexure-III**. The details of the transportation need to be provided as in **Annexure IV**.
- p) **Public consultation**-The Comments of the various stakeholders may be sought on the list of mining lease to be auctioned. The State Government shall give an advertisement in the local and national newspaper for seeking comments of the general public on the list of mining lease included in the DSR. The DSR should be placed in the public domain for at least one month from the date of publication of the advertisement for obtaining comments of the general public. The comments so received shall be placed before the sub-divisional committee for active consideration. The final list of sand mining areas [leases to be granted on riverbed & Patta land/Khatadari land, de-siltation location (ponds/lakes/dams), M-Sand Plants (alternate source of sand)] after the public hearing needs to be defined in the final DSR in the format as per **Annexure-V**. The details regarding cluster and contiguous cluster needs to be provided in **Annexure-VI**. The details of the transportation need to be provided in **Annexure-VII**.

No Of Annexure	Details
Annual Deposition	Sustainable sand Mining Management Guidelines 2016
Annexure -I	Details of Sand/ M-Sand Sources
Annexure -II	List of Potential Mining Leases (Existing & Proposed)
Annexure -III	Cluster & Contiguous Cluster details
Annexure -IV	Transportation Routes for individual leases and leases in Cluster
Annexure - V	Final List of Potential Mining Leases (Existing & Proposed)
Annexure - VI	Final List of Cluster & Contiguous Cluster
Annexure - VII	Final Transportation Routes for individual leases and leases in Cluster


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SR NO	Annual Deposition				Mineable minerals potential (in metric tonne (60% of total mineral potential)
	Portion of River/Stream Recommended for Minerals Concession	Length of area recommended for mineral concession (in Kilometer)	Average width of area recommended for mineral concession (in meters)	Area recommended for mineral concession (in square meters)	
1	From Downstream of Confluence with tons River Sind in Bhind Madhya Pradesh	115	83	9545000	9140292
	Note - Considering the density of river bed material to be 1.40 t/Cm3				

Mineral Potential			Total Mineable Mineral Potential (MT)
Boulder (MT)	Bajari (MT)	Sand (MT)	
2041530	1102024	5996738	9140292

Sr.NO	Annual Deposition of Sindh River				Mineable minerals potential (in metric tonne (60% of total mineral potential)
	River/Stream	Portion of River/Stream Recommended for Minerals Concession	Length of area recommended for mineral concession (in Kilometer)	Average width of area recommended for mineral concession (in meters)	
1	Sindh River	Start of lease to end of lease	115	83	9140292
Total For District				93,45,000.00	

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Owner	Sy. No	Area	District	Tehsil	Village	Total Reserve (MT)	Total Mineral to be mined (MT)	Existing /Proposed
NIL								
De-Siltation Location: (Lakes/Ponds/Dams etc.) (Existing & proposed)								
Name of Reservoir /Dams	Reservoir /Dams Maintain /Controlled by State Govt./PSU etc.	Location	District	Tehsil	Village	Size (Ha)	Quantity MT / Year	Existing /Proposed
NIL								
M-Sand Plants : (existing & proposed)								
Plant Name	Owner	District	Tehsil	Village	Geolocation	Quantity Tonnes/Annum	Existing/Proposed	
NIL								



ANNEXURE-II

List of potential Mining Leases (existing & Proposed)

S No.	River Details	Lease Details	Area (in Ha)	Distance (in KM) from PA/BR/WC/	Distance from Forest Area (in KM)	Mining leases within 500 meters (if yes cluster area)	Total excavation in Tonnes /Annum considering digging depth max as 3 meters	Mineral to be mined (Sand/ Bajri/ RBM etc.)	Existing / Proposed
1	Sindh	Ajeeta	9	-	More than 500	Yes	86800	Sand	Existing
2	Sindh	Bacchreta	3	-	More than 500	Yes	45360	Sand	Existing
3	Sindh	Barethiraj	3	-	More than 500	No	25200	Sand	Existing
4	Sindh	Girwasa N'veen	10	-	More than 500	No	91000	Sand	Existing
5	Sindh	Girwasa Purani	1.672	-	More than 500	Yes	21067	Sand	Existing
6	Sindh	Gurira	4	-	More than 500	No	60480	Sand	Existing
7	Sindh	Kacchaghat	5	-	More than 500	Yes	49280	Sand	Existing
8	Sindh	Lagdua	2	-	More than 500	No	22400	Sand	Existing
9	Sindh	Lilwari-1	4	-	More than 500	Yes	50400	Sand	Existing
10	Sindh	Lilwari-2	17.17	-	More than 500	Yes	156800	Sand	Existing
11	Sindh	Matiyawali-2	15.21	-	More than 500	Yes	113400	Sand	Existing
12	Sindh	Matiyawali-3	17.65	-	More than 500	Yes	130900	Sand	Existing
13	Sindh	Sanduri	3.19	-	More than 500	Yes	40194	Sand	Existing
14	Sindh	Ajnaar 1	23.81	-	More than 500	Yes	256004	Sand	Existing
15	Sindh	Ajnaar 2	9	-	More than 500	Yes	91280	Sand	Existing
16	Sindh	Baddettar	24.9	-	More than 500	Yes	65694	Sand	Existing
17	Sindh	Badera	4	-	More than 500	Yes	73080	Sand	Existing
18	Sindh	Baretikhurd-2	4	-	More than 500	Yes	74900	Sand	Existing
	Sindh	Bharoliikalan	11.17	-	More than 500	Yes	170800	Sand	Existing
	Sindh	Dhaur-1	18.23	-	More than 500	Yes	59940	Sand	Existing

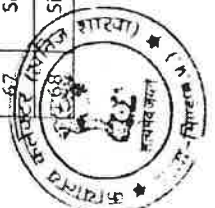


21	Sindh	Dhaur-2	11.68	-	More than 500	Yes	46234	Sand	Existing
22	Sindh	Dhaur-3	15.85	-	More than 500	Yes	54600	Sand	Existing
23	Sindh	Goram 1420	10	-	More than 500	Yes	99400	Sand	Existing
24	Sindh	Kharoli	19	-	More than 500	Yes	177100	Sand	Existing
25	Sindh	Kheriyasindh	4	-	More than 500		65184	Sand	Existing
26	Sindh	Madori	3	-	More than 500	No	60760	Sand	Existing
27	Sindh	Matiyawali-1	14.71	-	More than 500	Yes	77014	Sand	Existing
28	Sindh	Baccholi	2.97	-	More than 500	No	50400	Sand	Existing
29	Sindh	Baretkhurd-1	13	-	More than 500	Yes	163800	Sand	Existing
30	Sindh	Bharolikhurd	8.94	-	More than 500	Yes	88813	Sand	Existing
31	Sindh	Chandrawali	5.975	-	More than 500	Yes	50533	Sand	Existing
32	Sindh	Dubka	13.51	-	More than 500	Yes	241710	Sand	Existing
33	Sindh	Musawali	7	-	More than 500	Yes	147000	Sand	Existing
34	Sindh	Sadha	5	-	More than 500	Yes	42000	Sand	Existing
35	Sindh	Bhappar	2.63	-	More than 500	No	37800	Sand	Existing
36	Sindh	Goram 1472	7.78	-	More than 500	Yes	65352	Sand	Existing
37	Sindh	Sijroli	7.98	-	More than 500	No	42000	Sand	Existing
38	Sindh	Dochra	4.00	-	More than 500	No	36400	Sand	Proposed
39	Sindh	Kaundh Madeyan - 2	13.34	-	More than 500	Yes	112056	Sand	Proposed
40	Sindh	Mahayar 2	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	60200	Sand	Proposed
41	Sindh	Padhora-1	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	64400	Sand	Proposed
42	Sindh	Niwsai 534-2	19.00	-	More than 500	Yes	95900	Sand	Proposed
43	Sindh	Niwsai Ridiya-2	24.40	-	More than 500	Yes	179200	Sand	Proposed
44	Sindh	Kaundh Madeyan - 1	16.72	-	More than 500	Yes	135408	Sand	Proposed
45	Sindh	Niwsai 534-1	19.86	-	More than 500		167636	Sand	Proposed

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46	Sindh	Nivsai Ridiya-3	2.00	-	More than 500	Yes	25900	Sand	Proposed
47	Sindh	Kaundh Madeyan - 3	13.93	-	More than 500	Yes	93240	Sand	Proposed
48	Sindh	Kheira Shyampur-1	1.70	-	More than 500	Yes	16870	Sand	Proposed
49	Sindh	Bahadurpura	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	54600	Sand	Proposed
50	Sindh	Muratpura	4.88	-	More than 500	No	51030	Sand	Proposed
51	Sindh	Mahayar	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	105000	Sand	Proposed
52	Sindh	Billav	3.50	-	More than 500	Yes	75600	Sand	Proposed
53	Sindh	Dahema 3	24.73	-	More than 500	Yes	103866	Sand	Proposed
54	Sindh	Mangarh	9.46	-	More than 500	Yes	79464	Sand	Proposed
55	Sindh	Dahema 1	24.00	-	More than 500	Yes	100800	Sand	Proposed
56	Sindh	Mehanda	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	86800	Sand	Proposed
57	Sindh	Virauna	21.10	-	More than 500	Yes	177257	Sand	Proposed
58	Sindh	Nivsai Ridiya-1	20.14	-	More than 500	Yes	169176	Sand	Proposed
59	Sindh	Attrsuma	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	42840	Sand	Proposed
60	Sindh	Dahema 2	12.75	-	More than 500	Yes	53550	Sand	Proposed
61	Sindh	Khroshyamupura-2	9.75	-	More than 500	Yes	36862	Sand	Proposed
62	Sindh	Khroshyamupura-3	7.06	-	More than 500	Yes	19656	Sand	Proposed
63	Sindh	Khroshyamupura-4	7.22	-	More than 500	Yes	27276	Sand	Proposed
64	Sindh	Mehanda	4.90	-	More than 500	Yes	22680	Sand	Proposed
65	Sindh	Padhora -2	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	37800	Sand	Proposed
66	Sindh	Remja	14.25	-	More than 500	Yes	107715	Sand	Proposed
67	Sindh	Nivsai 534-3	19.00	-	More than 500	Yes	47880	Sand	Proposed
68	Sindh	Baghali Bhadurpura	4.00	-	More than 500	No	33600	Sand	Proposed



69	Sindh	Larol	3.22	-	More than 500	No	12172	Sand	Proposed
70	Sindh	Dwar	4.00	-	More than 500	No	67200	Sand	Proposed
71	Sindh	Hilgawan	23.58	-	More than 500	No	71306	Sand	Proposed
72	Sindh	Indurkt:l	10.96	-	More than 500	No	46019	Sand	Proposed
73	Sindh	Jakhmoli	4.15	-	More than 500	No	52290	Sand	Proposed
74	Sindh	Kakhara	19.77	-	More than 500	No	98811	Sand	Proposed
75	Sindh	Ojhaghat	4.00	-	More than 500	No	33600	Sand	Proposed




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ANNEXURE III							
Cluster & Contiguous Cluster details cluster							
River Name	Cluster	Lease No	Location Rivebad/Patta land	Village	Area (in Ha)	Total Excavation (CUM)	Total Excavation (TON)
Sindh	1	1	River Bed	Attrsuma	14	69600	97440
		1	River Bed	Bahadurpura			
Sindh	2	1	River Bed	Padhora-1	15	73000	102200
		1	River Bed	Padhora-2			
Sindh	3	1	River Bed	Mehanda	46.63	150103	210144
		1	River Bed	Mehanda			
		1	River Bed	Kheira Shyampura 1			
		1	River Bed	Khroslyamupura-2			
		1	River Bed	Khroslyamupura-3			
Sindh	4	1	River Bed	Musawali	24.78	235939	330315
		1	River Bed	Reinja			
		1	River Bed	Bilav			
Sindh	5	1	River Bed	Dahema 1	212.77	1095338	1533473
		1	River Bed	Dahema 2			
		1	River Bed	Dahema 3			
		1	River Bed	Bharolikalan			
		1	River Bed	Mahayar			
		1	River Bed	Mahayar 2			
		1	River Bed	Goram 1420			
		1	River Bed	Goram 1472			
		1	River Bed	Bharolikurd			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-1			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-2			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-3			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai 534-1			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai 534-2			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai 534-3			
Sindh	6	1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan - 1	86.45	518620	726068
		1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan- 2			
		1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan- 3			
		1	River Bed	Mangarh			
		1	River Bed	Ajeeta			
		1	River Bed	Kharoli			
Sindh	7	1	River Bed	Sadha	28.09	75634	105888
		1	River Bed	Baddettar			
Sindh	8	1	River Bed	Sanduri	109.182	801872	1122621
		1	River Bed	Bacchreta			
		1	River Bed	Virauna			
		1	River Bed	Barethiraj			
		1	River Bed	Baretikurd-I			

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		1	River Bed	Baretikhurd-2			
		1	River Bed	Badera			
		1	River Bed	Dubka			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-1			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-2			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-3			
Sindh	9	1	River Bed	Dhaur-1	45.76	114838	160773
		1	River Bed	Dhaur-2			
		1	River Bed	Dhaur-3			
Sindh	10	1	River Bed	Lagdua	3.672	31048	43467
		1	River Bed	Girwasa Purani			
Sindh	11	1	River Bed	Lilwari-1	27.145	184095	257733
		1	River Bed	Lilwari-2			
		1	River Bed	Chandrawali			
Sindh	12	1	River Bed	Ajnaar 1	32.81	248060	347284
		1	River Bed	Ajnaar 2			
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Dochra	10.957	26,000	36400
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Muratpura	5	36,450	51030
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Baghali Bhadurpura	4	24,000	33600
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Larol	4	8,694	12172
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Dwar	2.63	48,000	67200
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Hilgawan	2.97	50,933	71306
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Indurkhi	4	32,871	46019
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Jakhmoli	23.58	37,350	52290
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Kakhara	4	70,579	98811
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Ojhaghat	4.15	24,000	33600
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Bacchroli	3.22	36,000	50400
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Bhapar	4.88	27,000	37800
Sindh	Without cluster	1	River Bed	Girwasa Naveen	19.77	65,000	91000
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Gurira	4	43,200	60480
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Kaccharghat	3	35,200	49280
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Xheriyasindh	4	46,560	65184
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Madori	10	43,400	60760
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Sijroli	7.98	30,000	42000

2. Contiguous Clusters:							
River Name	Contiguous Cluster No.	Cluster No	Number of leases in the cluster	Location (Riverbed)/ Patta Land	Distance between clusters	Village	Area of Cluster (Ha)
Nil							

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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES


Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. **Cluster** consists of Lagdua & Girvasa old sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Lahar Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 3.672 Hectares located in village/Lagdua & Girvasa under Lahar Tehsil of District Bhind

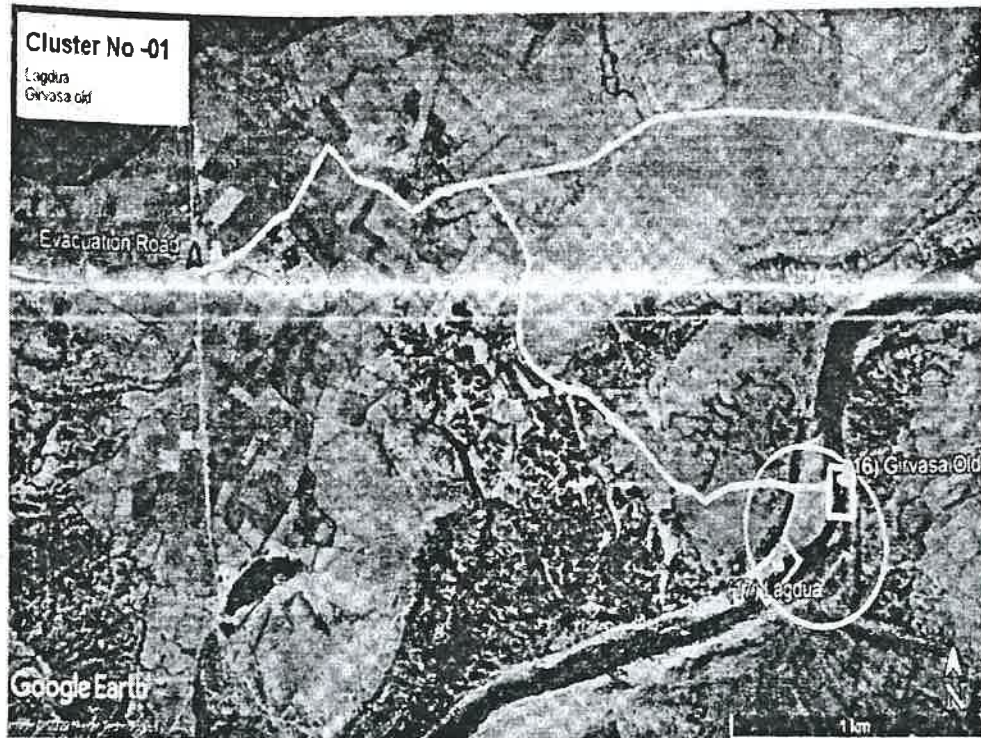
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi ,the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mines leases less than 5 ha has a Category B2

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
1	1	Lagdua	2.000	3.672	Block-2
	2	Girvasa Old	1.672		Block-2


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -01 LEASE AREA




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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines Cluster- consists of Lilwari area 4.000 ha & Lilwari area 17.170 ha & Chandawali 5.975ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Lahar Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 27.145 Hectares located in village/Lilwari, Chandawali under Lahar Tehsil of District Bhind

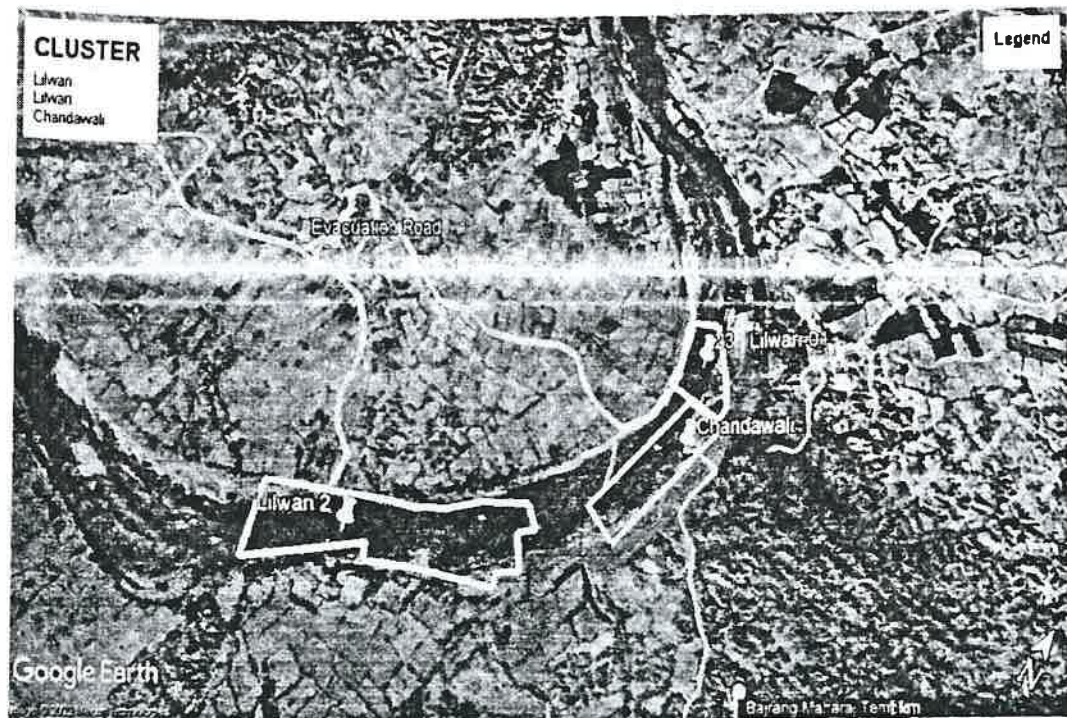
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
2	1	Lilwar	4.000	27.145	Block-2
	2	Lilwari 2	17.170		Block-2
	3	Chandawali	5.975		Block-2




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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -02 LEASE AREA




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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES


Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster consists of Ajnar 01 Area 23.810ha & Ajnar 02 Area 9ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Lahar Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 32.180 Hectares located in village Ajnar under Lahar Tehsil of District Bhind

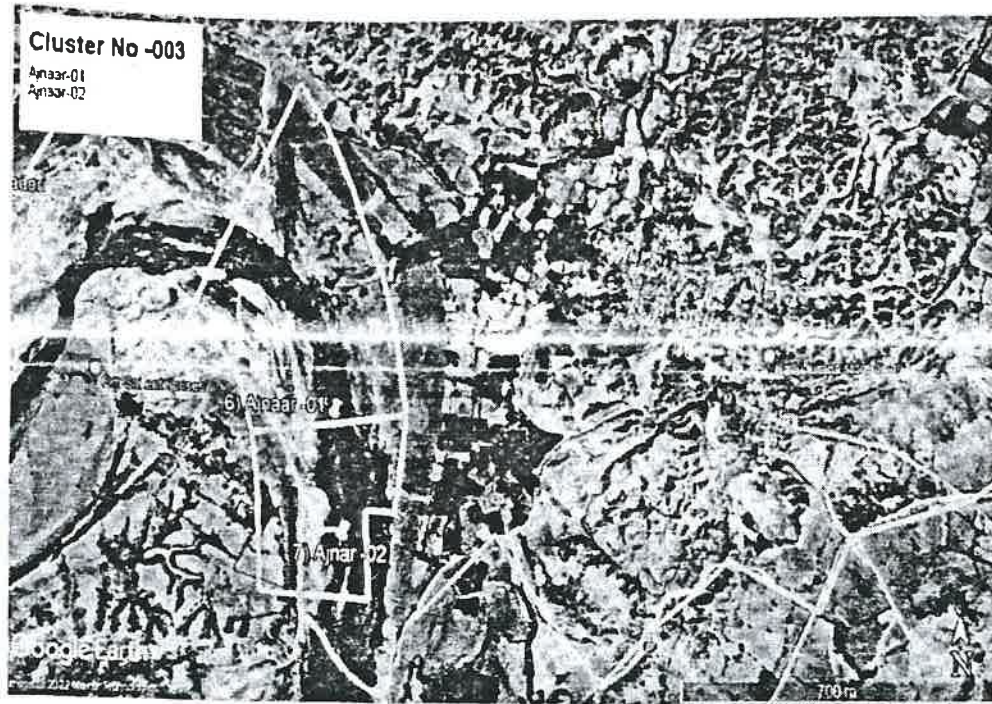
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1


Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
3	1	Ajnar -1	23.810	32.810	Block-2
	2	Ajnar - 2	9.000		Block-2


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -03 LEASE AREA




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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt. 15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster consists of Dhaur 1 Area 18.230 & Dhaur 02 Area 11.680 ha & Dhaur 03 Area 15.850ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Mihona Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 45.760 Hectares located in village/Dhour under Mihona Tehsil of District Bhind

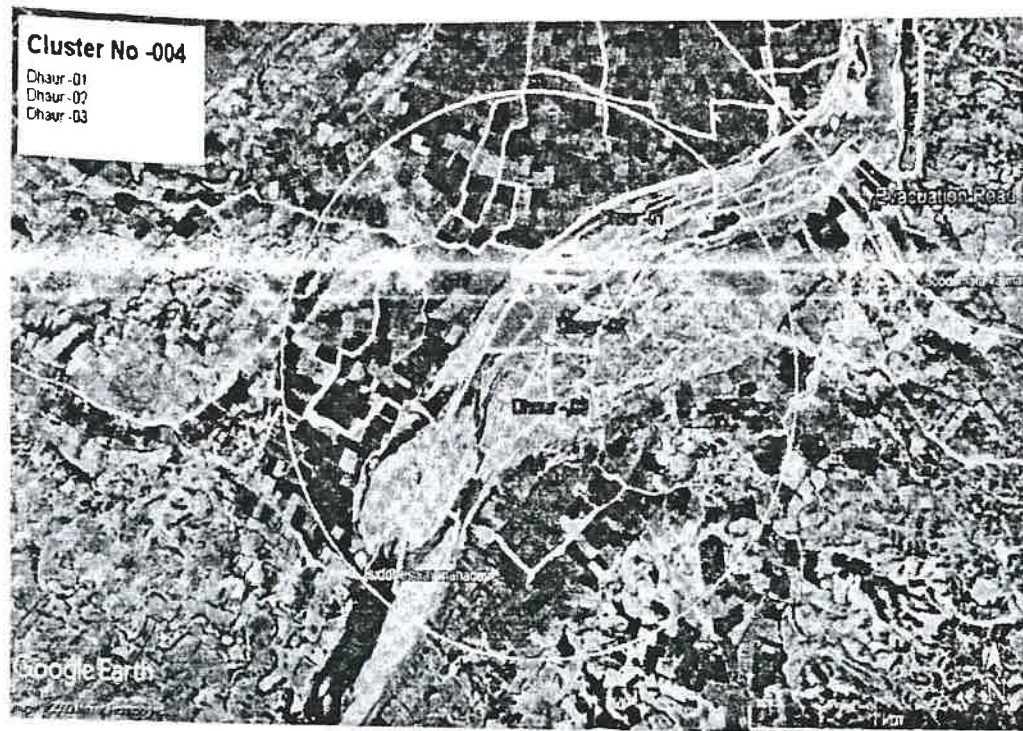
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
4	1	Dhaur - 1	18.230	45.760	Block-2
	2	Dhaur - 2	11.680		Block-2
	3	Dhaur - 3	15.850		Block-2

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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -04 LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES


Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster-consists of Badettar Area 24.900 & Sanduri Area 3.19 ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Mihona & Mehgaon Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 28.090 Hectares located in village/ Badettar & Sanduri under Mihona & Mehgaon Tehsil of District Bhind

As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
5	1	Badettar	24.900	28.090	Block-2
	2	Sanduri	3.190		Block-2


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -05 LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster consists of Matiyawali-02 area 15 210 ha, Matiyawali-03 area 17 650 ha, Bachhretha area 3ha, Badera area 04 ha, Barethikhurd-01 area 13ha, Barethikhurd-02 area 04ha, Kheriyasindh area 04ha & Virauna area 21.102ha, Dubka 13.51ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Mehgaon & Roun Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 95.427 Hectares located in village/Matiyawali, Bachhretha, Badera, Barethikhurd, Kheriyasindh & Virauna under Mehgaon & Roun Tehsil of District Bhind

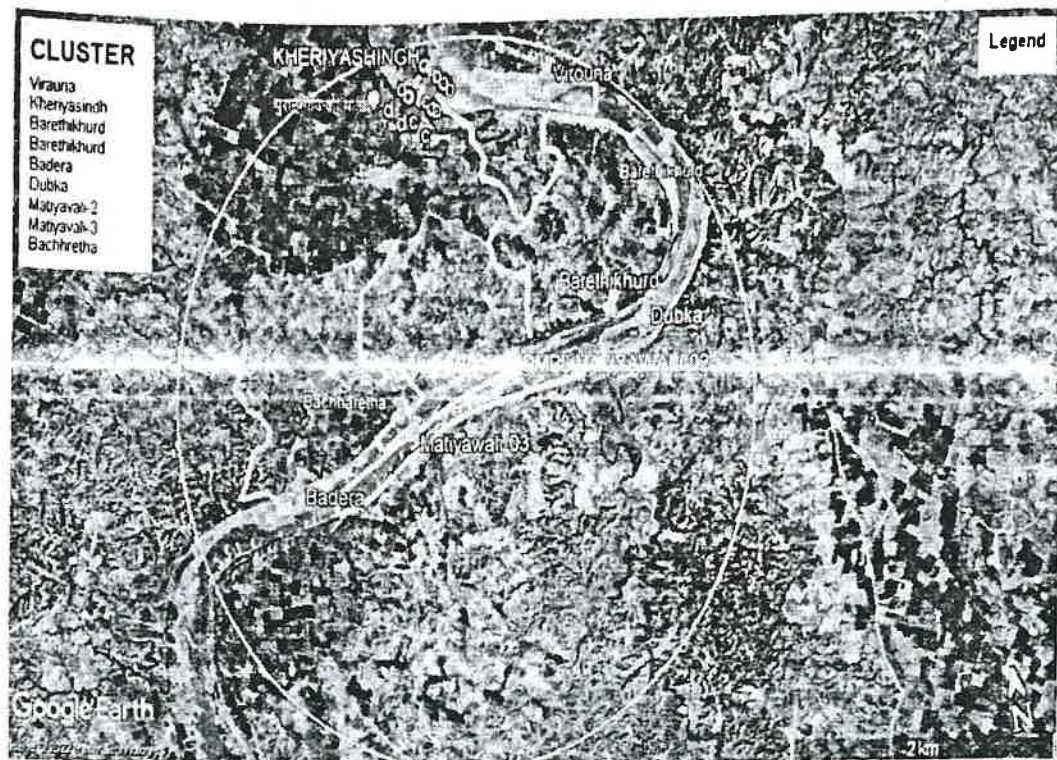
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
6	1	Virauna	21.102	95.427	Block-1
	2	Kheriyasindh	4		Block-2
	3	Barethikhurd	13		Block-2
	4	Barethikhurd	4		Block-2
	5	Badera	4		Block-2
	6	Dubka	13.51		Block-2
	7	Matiyavali-2	15.21		Block-2
	8	Matiyavali-3	17.65		Block-2
	9	Bachhretha	3		Block-2



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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -06 LEASE AREA



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E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)

CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt. 15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster consists of Mangarh-9.460 ha, Kaundh madeyan-01 16.720 ha, Kaundh madeyan-02-13.340 ha, Kaundh madeyan-03-13.930 ha Ajeeta-9ha, & Khairoli-19ha, Sada 5.00ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Roun & Mehgaon Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 86.45 Hectares located in village/Mangarh, kaundh, Ajeeta & Khairoli Sada under Roun & Mehgaon Tehsil of District Bhind

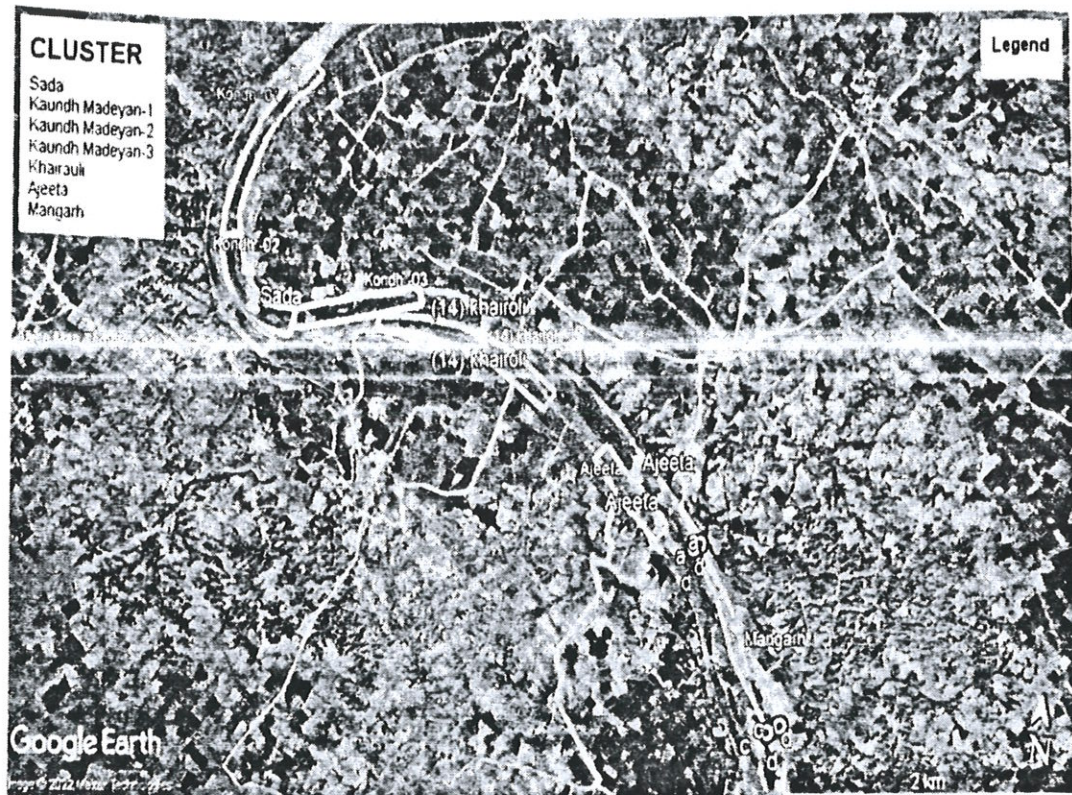
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
7	1	Mangarh	9.460	86.45	Block-1
	2	Ajeeta	9.000		Block-2
	3	Khairoli	19.000		Block-2
	4	KONDH-01	16.720		Block-1
	5	KONDH - 02	13.340		Block-1
	6	KONDH-03	13.930		Block-1
	7	Sada	5.00		Block-2


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines, consists of Dahema 3-24.73 ha, Bharulikala 11.17 ha, Dahema 2- 12.75 ha, Mahayar 5ha, Mahayar 4ha, Goram 1420-10ha, Goram 1472- 7.780 ha, Bharaulikhurd 10.57ha, Nivasai Ridiya 1-20.14ha, Nivasai Ridiya-2 Nivasai Ridiya-3 -2ha, Nivasai 534-01-19.860, & Nivasai 534-02 - 19ha sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Roun & Mehgaon Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total Mineralised area of 214.4 Hectares located in village/Dahema, Bharaulikala, Mahayar, Bharaulikhurd Nivasai, Goram under Roun & Mehgaon Tehsil of District Bhind

As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi ,the 14th August 2018 cluster -08 (Fig.01) Comes under Cluster of any size with any of the individual lease greater than 100 ha has a Category

A

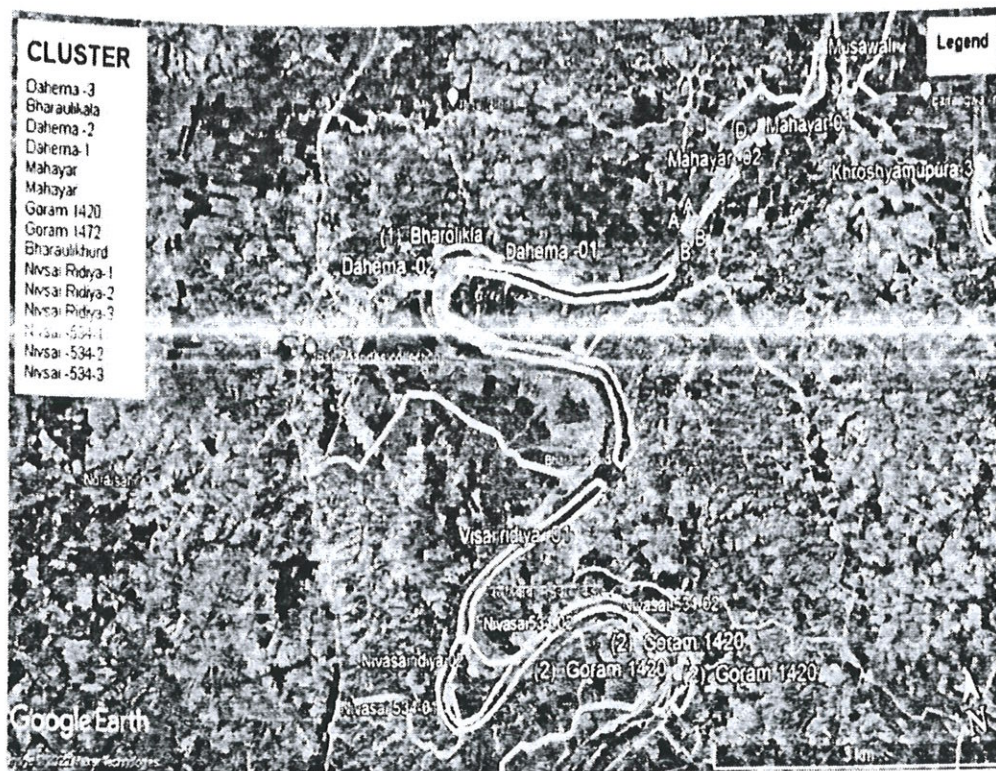
Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
8	1	Dahema -3	24.73	212.77	Block- 1
	2	Bharaulikala	11.17		Block- 2
	3	Dahema -2	12.75		Block- 1
	4	Dahema-1	24		Block- 1
	5	Mahayar	5		Block- 1
	6	Mahayar	4		Block- 1
	7	Goram 1420	10		Block- 2
	8	Goram 1472	7.78		Block- 2
	9	Bharaulikhurd	8.94		Block- 2
	10	Nivsai Ridiya-1	20.14		Block- 1
	11	Nivsai Ridiya-2	24.4		Block- 1
	12	Nivsai Ridiya-3	2		Block- 1
	13	Nivsai -534-1	19.86		Block- 1
	14	Nivsai -534-2	19		Block- 1
	15	Nivsai -534-3	19		Block- 1

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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt. 15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines consists of Padhora-01 Padhora-02 sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Roun Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total Mineralised area of 15 Hectares located in village/padhora under Roun Tehsil of District Bhind

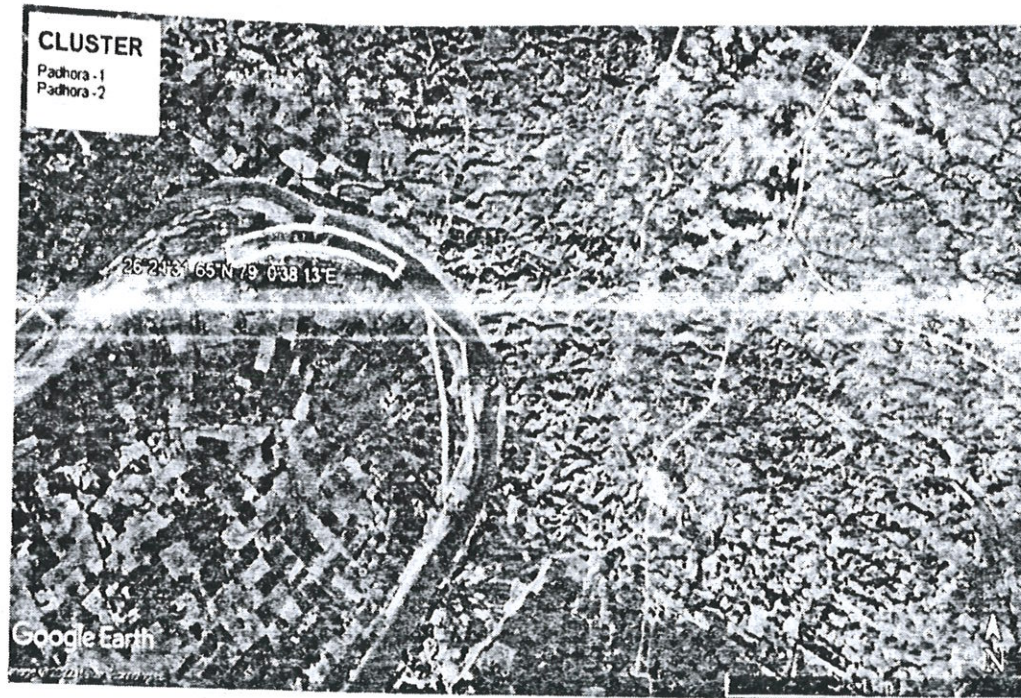
As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 cluster Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
10	1	Padhora -1	5.000	15.000	Block-1
	2	Padhora -2	10.000		Block-1




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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES


Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1 & B2. As per MoEF & CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt. 15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster consists of Musawali Vilav, Remja sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Mehgaon Bhind & Roun Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 24.748 Hectares located in village/Vilav Remja & Musawali under Bhind, Roun & Mehgaon Tehsil of District Bhind

As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 cluster -11 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
11	1	Vilav	3.50	24.748	Block-1
	2	Remja	14.248		Block- 1
	3	Musawali	7		Block- 2


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES

Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.


As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines. Cluster- consists of Attrasuma Bahadurpura sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Bhind & Roun Tehsil or Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 14.00 Hectares located in village/Attrasuma, Bahadurpura under Bhind & Roun Tehsil of District Bhind

As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi ,the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category

B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Block
12	1	Attrasuma	4.000	14.000	Block-1
	2	Bahadupura	10.000		Block-1


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SATELLITE MAP SHOWING CLUSTER -LEASE AREA



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CLUSTER SCENARIO OF AUCTION SAND MINES


Sand is the major requirement for construction industry. The mining of Sand comes under minor mineral mining. As per EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments Environment clearance is mandatory for the entire mining project.

As per the said notification the activities has been categorized as Category B1&B2. As per MoEF& CC notification S.O. 141(E) dt.15th January, 2016 "A cluster shall be formed when the distance between the peripheries of one lease is less than 500 m from the periphery of other lease in a homogeneous mineral area".

Cluster of sand mines Cluster- consists of Menhda, Menhda Kherashyampura 1, Kherashyampura 2, Kherashyampura 3, Kherashyampura 4 sand quarry located within a lateral distance of 500m from each other. This cluster comes under Bhind & Roun Tehsil of Bhind District, lease areas covering a total mineralised area of 40.63 Hectares located in village/Menhda, & Kherashyampura under Roun & Bhind Tehsil of District Bhind

As per Notification Ministry of environment, forest and climate change new Delhi, the 14th August 2018 (Fig.01) Comes under total Cluster area of mine leases of area greater or equal 25 ha with individual lease size less than or equal to 100 ha has a Category B1

Cluster	Sr No.	Name of Mine	Area ha	Total Cluster area	Remark
13	1	Menhda	10	40.63	Block-1
	2	Menhda	4.9		Block-1
	3	Kherashyampura-1	1.702		Block-1
	4	Kherashyampura-2	9.752		Block-1
	5	Kherashyampura -3	7.06		Block-1
	6	Kherashyampura -4	7.216		Block-1


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ANNEXURE -IV

Transportation Routes for individual leases

Sr no	Lease No	Transportation Route No	Number of tippers /day of lease	Number of tippers /day of all the lease on route	Length of Route in KM	Type of Road (Black Topped/ unpaved)	Recommendation for road (Black Topped/ unpaved)	The road will be Constructed by Govt/ Lease Owner	Route Map & Location
1	Ajeeta	1	16	16	2.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
2	Baccheta	1	8	8	1.60	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
3	Barethiraj	1	5	5	0.80	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
4	Girwasa Naveen	1	17	17	1.79	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
5	Girwasa Purani	1	4	4	2.12	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
6	Gurira	1	11	11	2.23	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
7	Kacharghat	1	9	9	4.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
8	Lagdua	1	4	4	2.12	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
9	Lilwari-1	1	9	9	7.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
10	Lilwari-2	1	29	29	0.94	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
11	Matiyawali-2	1	21	21	1.80	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
12	Matiyawali-3	1	24	24	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
13	Sanduri	1	7	7	4.40	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
14	Ajnaar 1	1	48	48	4.90	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
15	Ajnaar 2	1	17	17	4.90	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
16	Baddettar	1	12	12	2.20	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
17	Badera	1	14	14	1.60	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
18	Baretikhurd-2	1	14	14	1.80	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
19	Bharolikalan	1	32	32	2.58	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
20	Dhaur-1	1	11	11	1.55	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
21	Dhaur-2	1	9	9	0.64	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
	Dhaur-3	1	10	10	1.90	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed

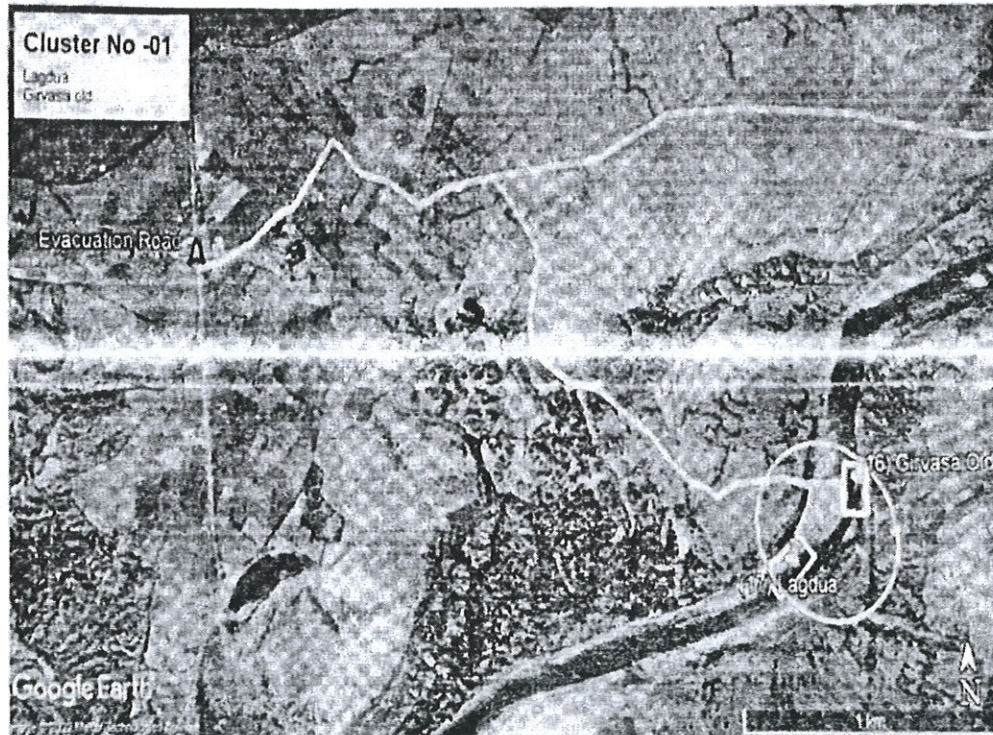
23	Goram 1420	1	18	18	5.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
24	Kharoli	1	33	33	4.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
25	Kheriyasindh	1	12	12	1.18	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
26	Madori	1	11	11	1.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
27	Matiyawali-1	1	14	14	3.38	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
28	Bacchroll	1	9	9	2.88	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
29	Baretikhurd-1	1	30	30	2.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
30	Bharolikhurd	1	17	17	2.50	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
31	Chandrawali	1	9	9	7.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
32	Dubka	1	45	45	1.90	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
33	Musawali	1	27	27	1.50	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
34	Sadha	1	8	8	1.60	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
35	Bhapar	1	7	7	1.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
36	Goram 1472	1	12	12	5.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
37	Sijrolli	1	8	8	0.48	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
38	Dochra	1	7	7	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
39	Kaundh - 2	1	21	21	2.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
40	Mahayar 2	1	11	11	2.30	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
41	Padhora-1	1	12	12	2.17	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
42	Nivsal 534-2	1	18	18	4.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
43	Nivsal Ridliya-2	1	33	33	4.40	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
44	Kaundh - 1	1	25	25	4.50	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
45	Nivsal 534-1	1	31	31	2.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
46	Nivsal Ridliya-3	1	5	5	4.40	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
47	Kaundh - 3	1	17	17	3.50	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
48	Kheira	1	3	3	0.90	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
49	Shvampura-1	1	10	10	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
50	Bahadurpura	1	9	9	2.54	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
51	Muratpura	1	20	20	3.61	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
52	Mahayar	1	20	20	3.61	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed




52	Blav	1	14	14	2.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
53	Dahema 3	1	19	19	3.27	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
54	Mangarh	1	15	15	4.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
55	Dahema 1	1	19	19	2.53	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
56	Mehanda	1	16	16	0.40	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
57	Virana	1	33	33	1.40	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
58	Nivsai Ridiya-1	1	31	31	2.50	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
59	Attrsuma	1	8	8	0.31	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
60	Dahema 2	1	10	10	3.70	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
61	Khroshyamupura-2	1	7	7	0.60	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
62	Khroshyamupura-3	1	4	4	2.30	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
63	Khroshyamupura-4	1	5	5	1.80	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
64	Mehanda	1	4	4	1.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
65	Padhora-2	1	7	7	2.82	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
66	Remja	1	20	20	1.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
67	Nivsai S34-3	1	9	9	3.80	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
68	Baghalli Bhadiupura	1	6	6	0.77	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
69	Larol	1	2	2	1.13	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
70	Dwar	1	13	13	1.00	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
71	Hilgawan	1	13	13	4.97	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
72	Indurkhi	1	9	9	4.20	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
73	Jakhmoli	1	10	10	2.81	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
74	Kakhara	1	18	18	1.10	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
75	Ojaghat	1	6	6	1.34	(Black, Topped, Unpaved	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed

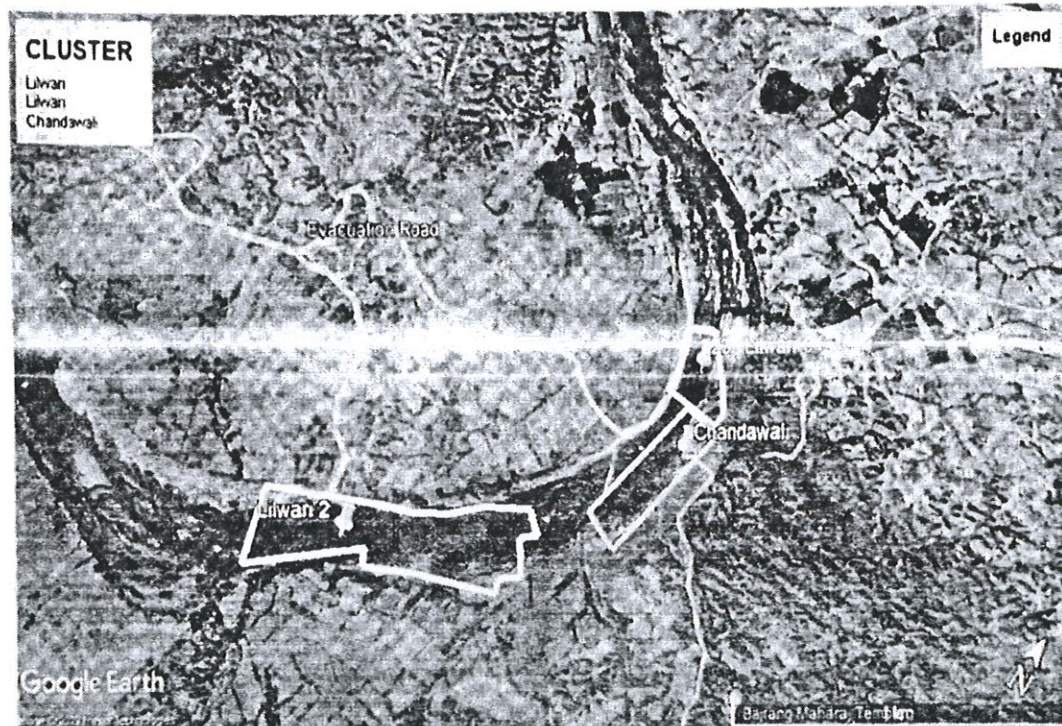


SATELLITE MAP SHOWING EVACUATION ROAD.




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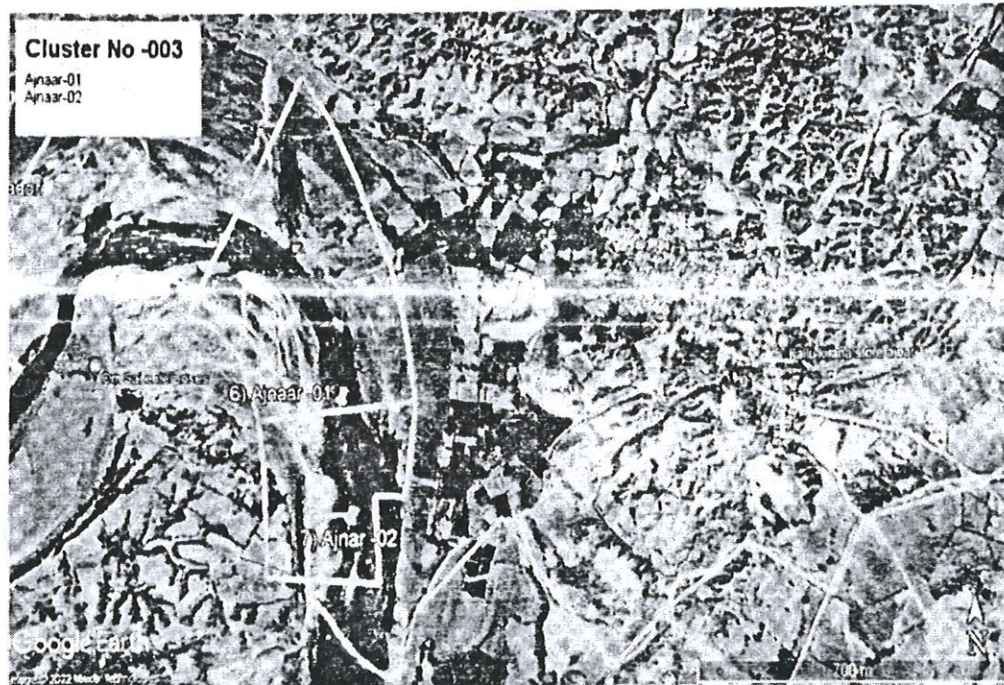
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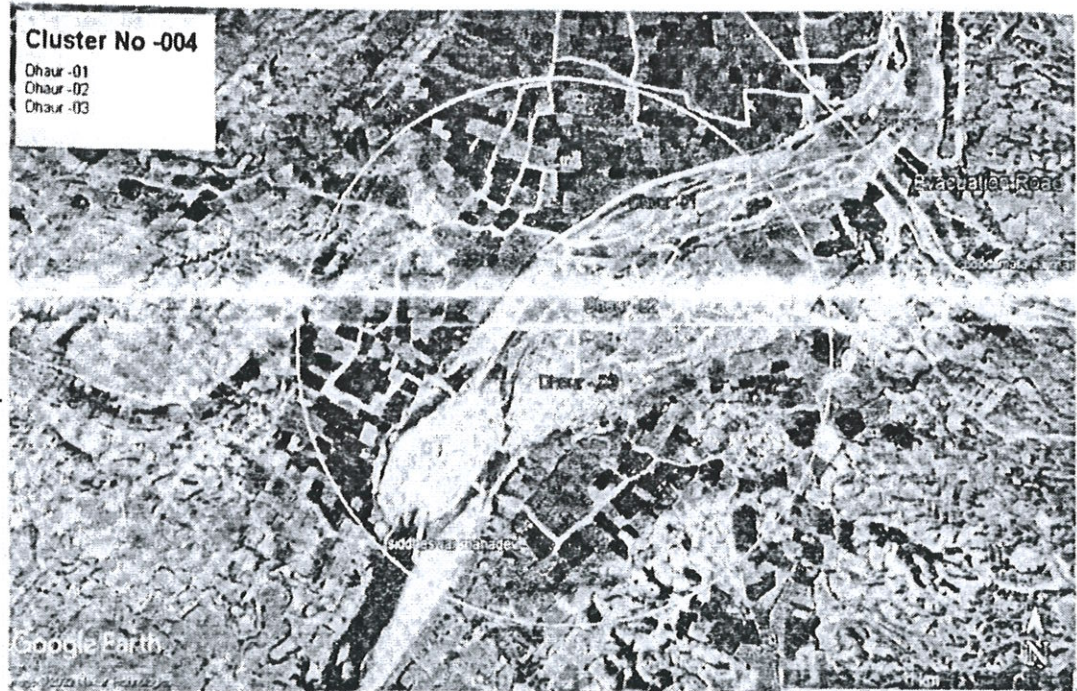
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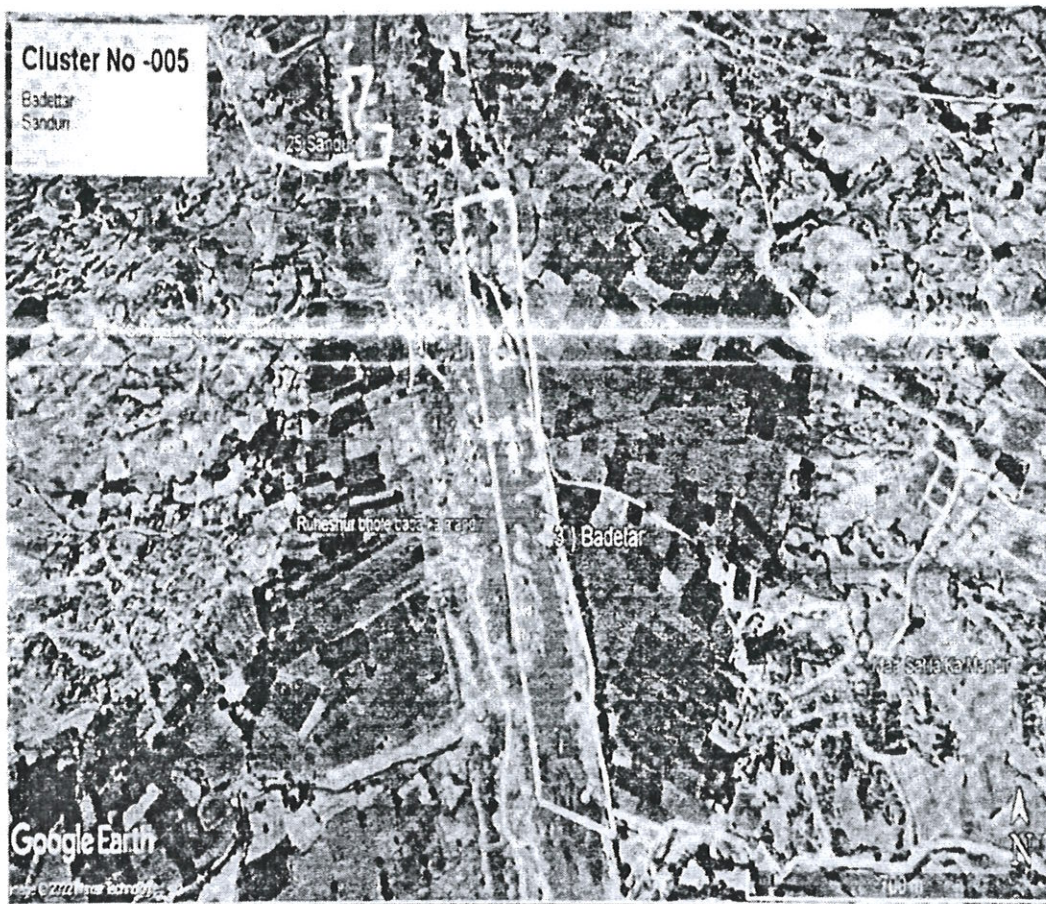
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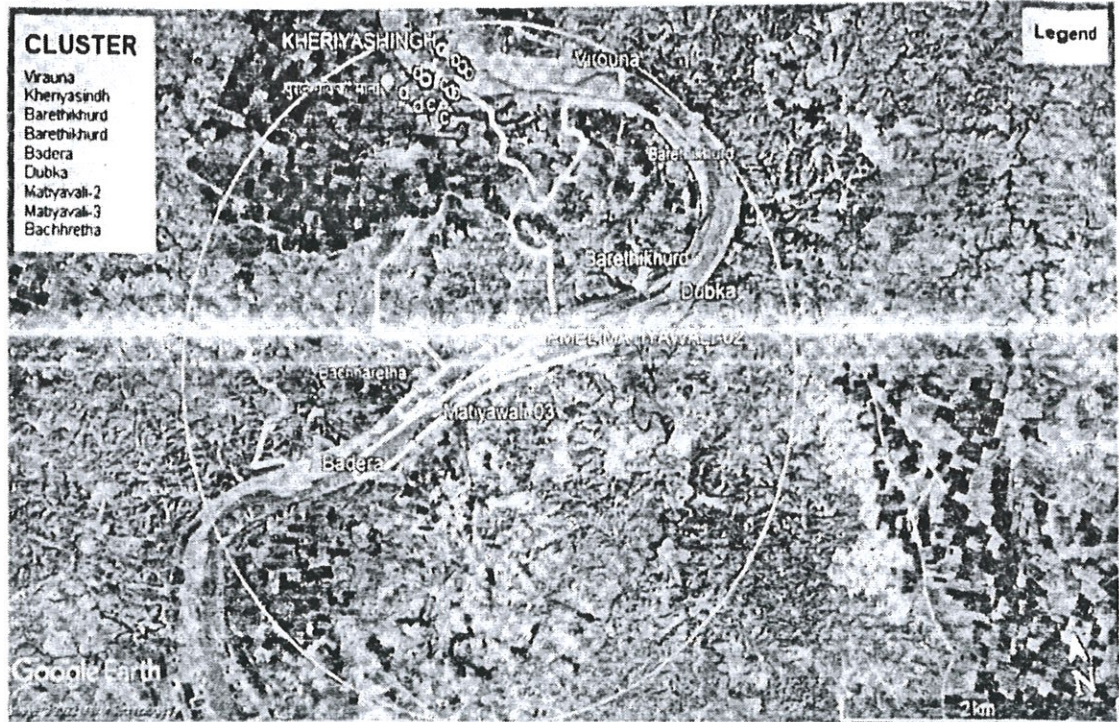
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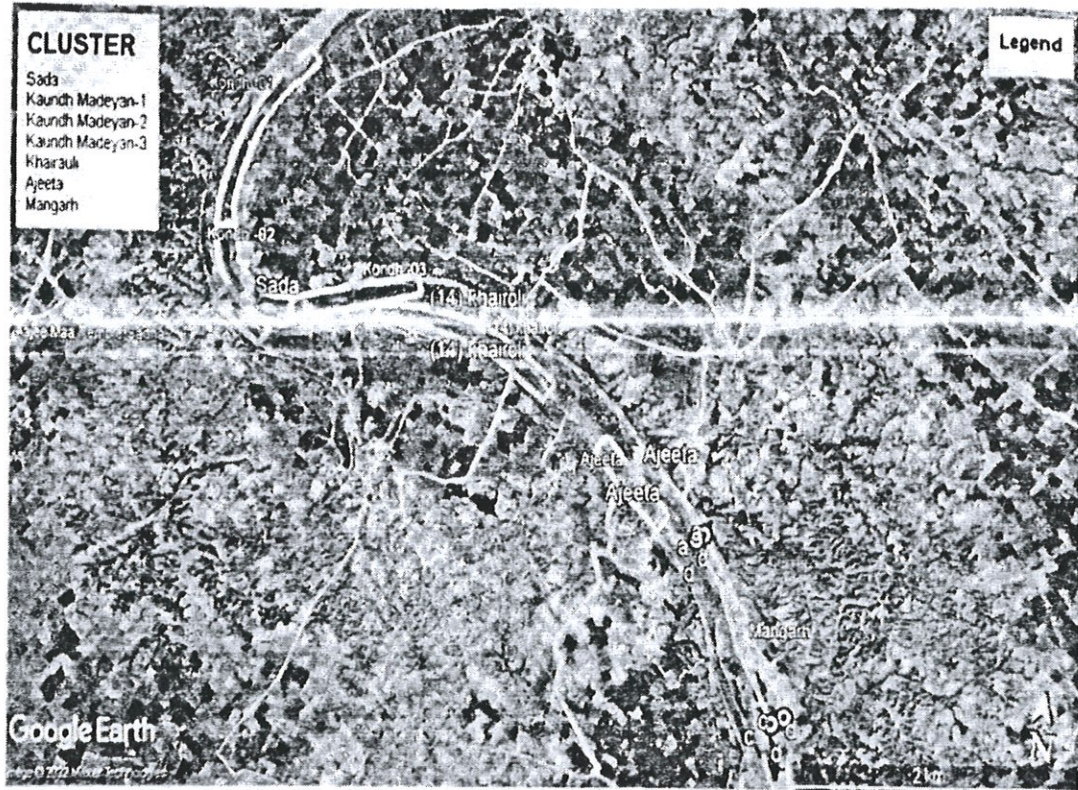
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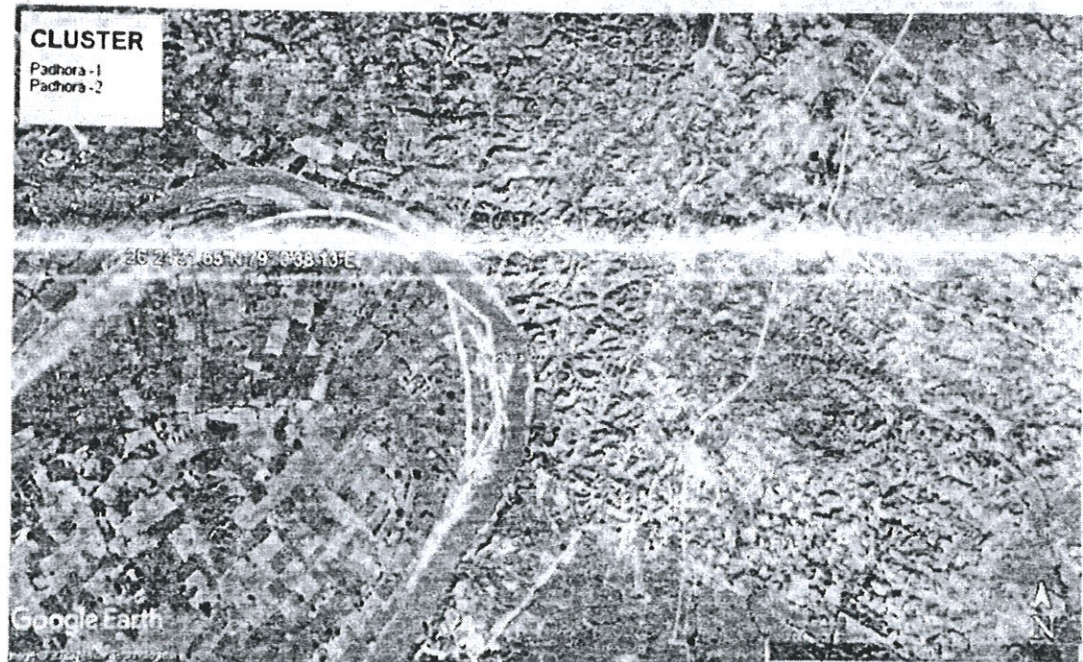
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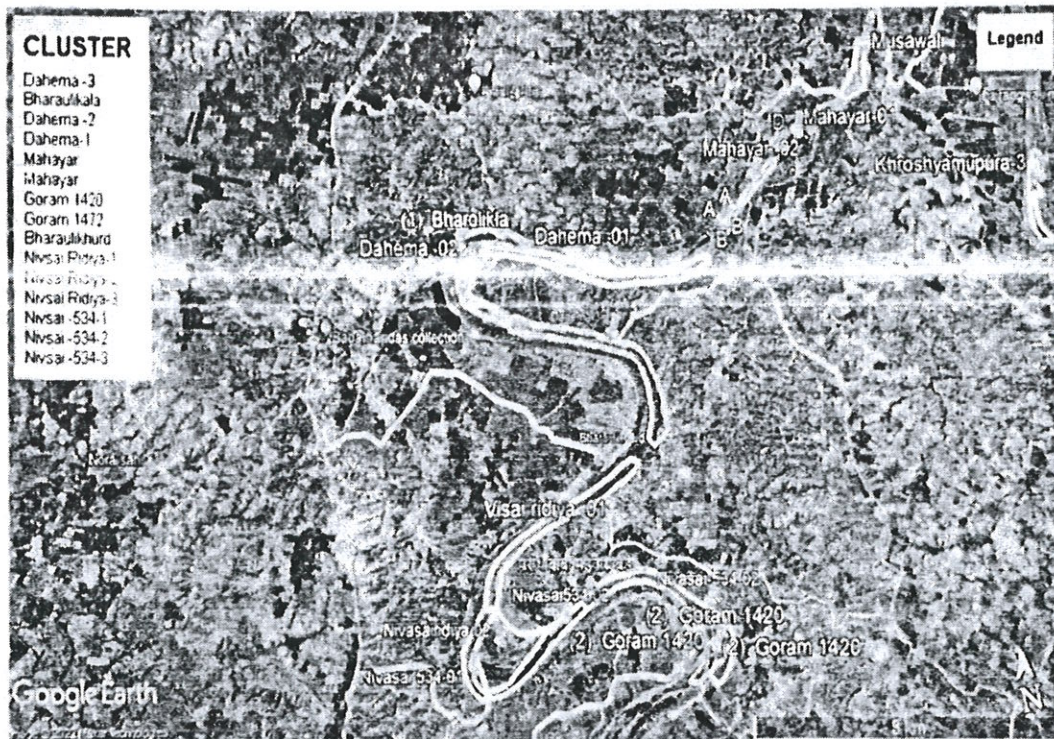
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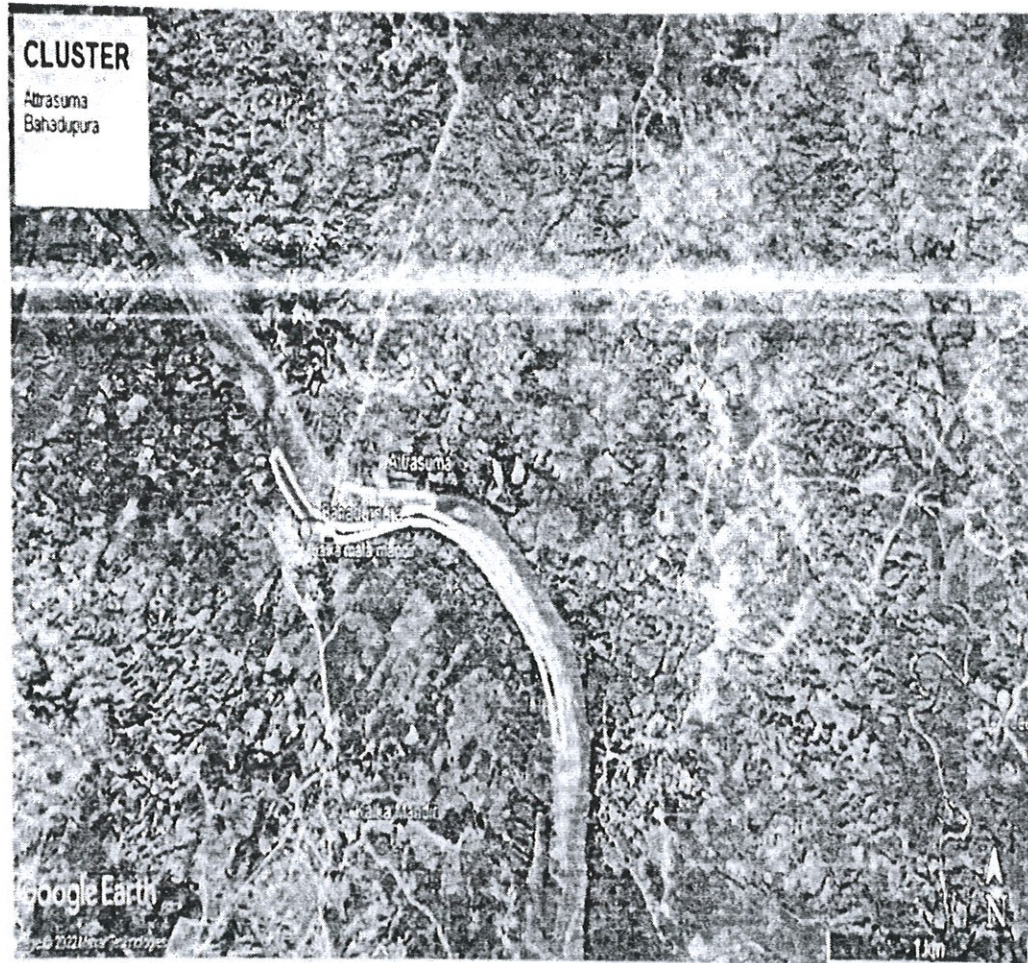
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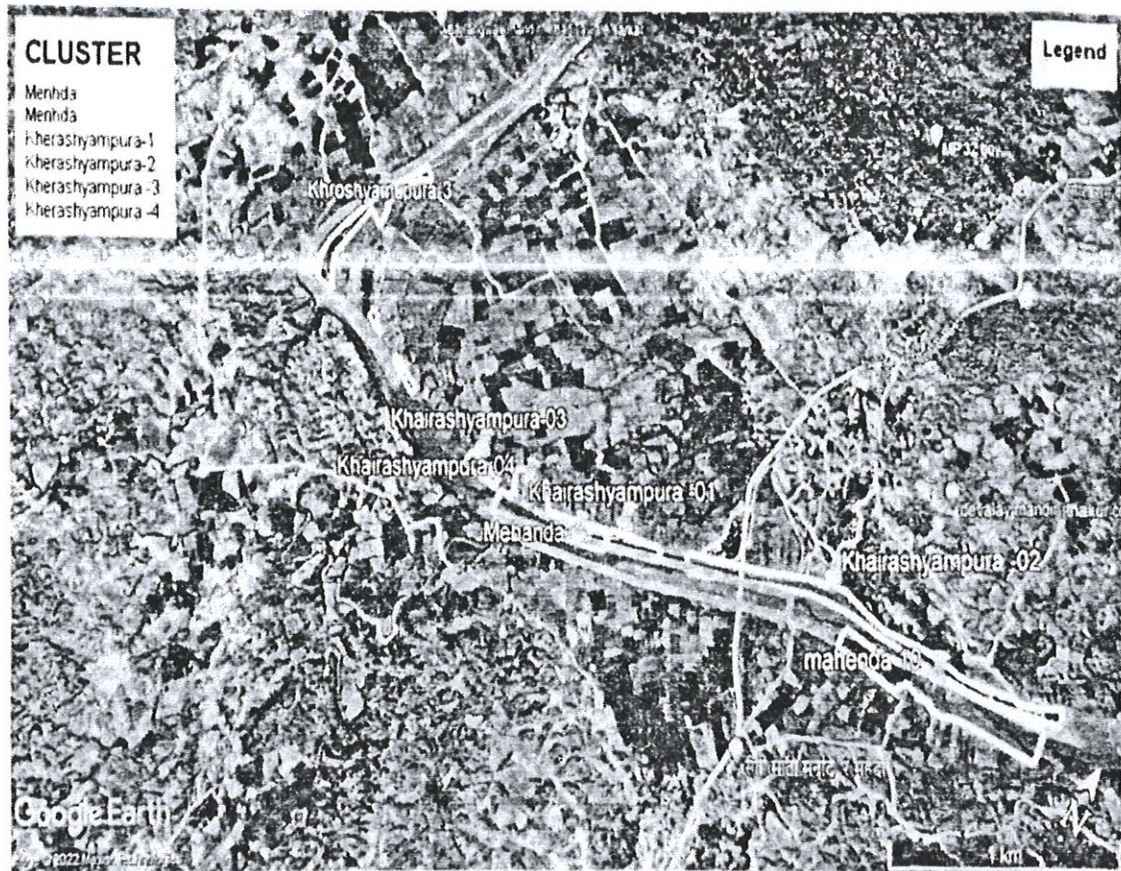
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ANNEXURE V															
Sr. No.	Mines Name	Tehsil	Khasra No	Area	Distance (in KM) from PA/B R/W C	Distance from forest Area (in KM)	Mining leases Within 500 Meters (if yes cluster areae	Total Exavati on in Mine depth Max as 3m)	Miner al to be Mined (Sand/ Bajir/ RBM etc)	Existing / Proposed	Total Area in sqm	Stan dard Dept h in mete rs	Sand Quantity Cubic meters	Mineable mineral potential In M3 (60 % of total mineral potential)	Mineable mineral potential (in MT (60 % of total mineral potential))
1	Ajeeta	Mehgaon	1360	9.00	-	More than 500	Yes	86800	Sand	Existing	90000	1.15	103333	62000	86800
2	Bacchreta	Mehgaon	883	3.00	-	More than 500	Yes	45360	Sand	Existing	30000	1.80	54000	32400	45360
3	Barethiraj	Mehgaon	445	3.00	-	More than 500	No	25200	Sand	Existing	30000	1.00	30000	18000	25200
4	Girwasa Naveen	lahar	6,210,1325	10.00	-	More than 500	No	91000	Sand	Existing	100000	1.08	108333	65000	91000
5	Girwasa Purani	lahar	100	1.67	-	More than 500	Yes	21067	Sand	Existing	16720	1.50	25080	15048	21067
6	Gurira	Mihona	1	4.00	-	More than 500	No	60480	Sand	Existing	40000	1.80	72000	43200	60480
7	Kaccharchhat	Mehgaon	610	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	49280	Sand	Existing	50000	1.17	58667	35200	49280
8	Lagdua	Lahar	185	2.00	-	More than 500	No	22400	Sand	Existing	20000	1.33	26667	16000	22400
9	Lilwari-1	NO	258,259	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	50400	Sand	Existing	40000	1.50	60000	36000	50400
10	Lilwari-2	Lahar	258,259	17.17	-	More than 500	Yes	156800	Sand	Existing	171700	1.09	186667	112000	156800
11	Matiyawali-2	Mihona	452	15.21	-	More than 500	Yes	113400	Sand	Existing	152100	0.89	135000	81000	113400
12	Matiyawali-3	Mihona	514	17.65	-	More than 500	Yes	130900	Sand	Existing	176500	0.88	155833	93500	130900
13	Sanduri	Mehgaon	665,666,668	3.19	-	More than 500	Yes	40194	Sand	Existing	31900	1.50	47850	28710	40194



14	Ajnaar 1	lahar	1576	23.81	-	More than 500	Yes	256004	Sand	Existing	238100	1.28	304767	182860	256004
15	Ajnaar 2	lahar	1576	9.00	-	More than 500	Yes	91280	Sand	Existing	90000	1.21	108667	65200	91280
16	Baddettar	Mihona	1	24.90	-	More than 500	Yes	65694	Sand	Existing	249000	0.31	78207	46924	65694
17	Badera	Mehgaon	542	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	73080	Sand	Existing	40000	2.18	87000	52200	73080
18	Baretkhurd-2	Mehgaon	434	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	74900	Sand	Existing	40000	2.23	89167	53500	74900
19	Bharolikalan	Mehgaon	1713, 2278, 2435	11.17	-	More than 500	Yes	170800	Sand	Existing	111700	1.82	203333	122000	170800
20	Dhaur-1	Mihona	1,212,45,67	18.23	-	More than 500	Yes	59940	Sand	Existing	182300	0.39	71357	42814	59940
21	Dhaur-2	Mihona	245,246,251	11.68	-	More than 500	Yes	46234		Existing	116800	0.47	55040	33024	46234
22	Dhaur-3	Mihona	247,200	15.85	-	More than 500	Yes	54600	Sand	Existing	158500	0.41	65000	39000	54600
23	Gorani 1420	Mehgaon	1420	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	99400	Sand	Existing	100000	1.18	118333	71000	99400
24	Kharoli	Mehgaon	546,850	19.00	-	More than 500	Yes	177100	Sand	Existing	190000	1.11	210833	126500	177100
25	Kheriyasindh	Mehgaon	1331	4.00	-	More than 500		65184	Sand	Existing	40000	1.94	77600	46560	65184
26	Madori	lahar	770	3.00	-	More than 500	No	60760	Sand	Existing	30000	2.41	72333	43400	60760
27	Mariyawali-1	Mihona	66,75	14.71	-	More than 500	Yes	77014	Sand	Existing	147100	0.62	91683	55010	77014
28	Baccholi	Mehgaon	545	2.97	-	More than 500	No	50400	Sand	Existing	29700	2.02	60000	36000	50400
29	Baretkhurd-1	Mehgaon	284,515	13.00	-	More than 500	Yes	163800	Sand	Existing	130000	1.50	195000	117000	163800
30	Bharolikhurd	Mehgaon	3349, 3355, 3402, 3403, 3405	8.94	-	More than 500	Yes	88813	Sand	Existing	105700	1.00	105730	63438	88813

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31	Chandrawali	lahar	1.20.15	5.98	-	More than 500	Yes	50533	Sand	Existing	59750	1.01	60158	36095	50533
32	Dubka	Mehgaon	1208	13.51	-	More than 500	Yes	241710	Sand	Existing	135100	2.13	287750	172650	241710
33	Musawali	Mehgaon	1212	7.00	-	More than 500	Yes	147000	Sand	Existing	70000	2.50	175000	105000	147000
34	Sadha	Mehgaon	801	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	42000	Sand	Existing	50000	1.00	50000	30000	42000
35	Bhapar	lahar	125.127.91	2.63	-	More than 500	No	37800	Sand	Existing	26300	1.71	45000	27000	37800
36	Goram 1472	Mehgaon	1418	7.78	-	More than 500	Yes	65352	Sand	Existing	77800	1.00	77800	46680	65352
37	Sujoli	lahar	61	7.98	-	More than 500	No	42000	Sand	Existing	79800	0.63	50000	30000	42000
38	Dochra	Bhind	2787	4.00	-	More than 500	No	36400	Sand	Proposed	40000	1.08	43333	26000	36400
39	Kaundh Madeyan - 2	Roun	274	13.34	-	More than 500	Yes	112056	Sand	Proposed	133400	1.00	133400	80040	112056
40	Mahayar 2	Roun	2	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	60200	Sand	Proposed	40000	1.79	71667	43000	60200
41	Padhorn-1	Roun	22	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	64400	Sand	Proposed	50000	1.53	76667	46000	64400
42	Niwasi 534-2	Roun	534	19.00	-	More than 500	Yes	95900	Sand	Proposed	190000	0.60	114167	68500	95900
43	Niwasi Ridiya-2	Roun	410	24.40	-	More than 500	Yes	179200	Sand	Proposed	244000	0.87	213333	128000	179200
44	Kaundh Madeyan - 1	Roun	1	16.72	-	More than 500	Yes	135408	Sand	Proposed	167200	0.96	161200	96720	135408

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45	Nivsai 534-1	Roun	534	19.86	-	More than 500		167636	Sand	Proposed	198600	1.00	199567	119740	167636
46	Nivsai Ridiya-3	Roun	410	2.00	-	More than 500	Yes	25900	Sand	Proposed	20000	1.54	30833	18500	25900
47	Kaundh Madeyan - 3	Roun	500	13.93	-	More than 500	Yes	93240	Sand	Proposed	139300	0.80	111000	66600	93240
48	Kheira Shyampura-1	Bhind	849, 855, 1486	1.70	-	More than 500	Yes	16870	Sand	Proposed	17020	1.18	20083	12050	16870
49	Bahadurpura	Roun	1288, 1339	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	54600	Sand	Proposed	100000	0.65	65000	39000	54600
50	Muratpura	Roun	1	4.88	-	More than 500	No	51030	Sand	Proposed	48800	1.24	60750	36450	51030
51	Mahayar	Roun	1.2	5.00	-	More than 500	Yes	105000	Sand	Proposed	50000	2.50	125000	75000	105000
52	Bilav	Bhind	5234	3.50	-	More than 500	Yes	75600	Sand	Proposed	35000	2.57	90000	54000	75600
53	Dahema 3	Roun	181	24.73	-	More than 500	Yes	103866	Sand	Proposed	247300	0.50	123650	74190	103866
54	Mangarh	Roun	1043, 1103	9.46	-	More than 500	Yes	79464	Sand	Proposed	94600	1.00	94600	56760	79464
55	Dahema 1	Roun	1	24.00	-	More than 500	Yes	100800	Sand	Proposed	240000	0.50	120000	72000	100800
56	Mehanda	Roun	1	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	86800	Sand	Proposed	100000	1.03	103333	62000	86800

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57	Virauna	Roun	2638	21.10	-	More than 500	Yes	177257	Sand	Proposed	211000	1.00	211020	126612	177257
58	Nivaisi Ridiya-1	Roun	12,9371,372	20.14	-	More than 500	Yes	169176	Sand	Proposed	201400	1.00	201400	120840	169176
59	Attrsuma	Bhind	1115, 1171	4.00	-	More than 500	Yes	42840	Sand	Proposed	40000	1.28	51000	30600	42840
60	Dahema 2	Roun	12,181	12.75	-	More than 500	Yes	53550	Sand	Proposed	127500	0.50	63750	38250	53550
61	Khroshyamupu ra-2	Bhind	1486	9.75	-	More than 500	Yes	36862	Sand	Proposed	97520	0.45	43883	26330	36862
62	Khroshyamupu ra-3	Bhind	578, 599, 741, 787	7.06	-	More than 500	Yes	19656	Sand	Proposed	70600	0.33	23400	14040	19656
63	Khroshyamupu ra-4	Bhind	809, 810, 1486	7.22	-	More than 500	Yes	27276	Sand	Proposed	72160	0.45	32472	19483	27276
64	Mehanda	Roun	1	4.90	-	More than 500	Yes	22680	Sand	Proposed	49000	0.55	27000	16200	22680
65	Padhora-2	Roun	1201, 1139 (Naveen-629, 1209)	10.00	-	More than 500	Yes	37800	Sand	Proposed	100000	0.45	45000	27000	37800
66	Remja	Roun	197/2, 200, 285 (Naveen-205, 739)	14.25	-	More than 500	Yes	107715	Sand	Proposed	142480	0.90	128232	76939	107715
67	Nivaisi 534-3	Roun	534	19.00	-	More than 500	Yes	47880	Sand	Proposed	190000	0.30	57000	34200	47880



68	Baghali Bhadurpura	Roun	287	4.00	-	More than 500	No	33600	Sand	Propose d	40000	1.00	40000	24000	33600
69	Larol	Roun	472	3.22	-	More than 500	No	12172	Sand	Propose d	32200	0.45	14490	8694	12172
70	Dwar	Bhind	1195	4.00	-	More than 500	No	67200	Sand	Propose d	40000	2.00	80000	48000	67200
71	Hilgawan	Roun	1,391	23.58	-	More than 500	No	71306	Sand	Propose d	235800	0.36	84888	50933	71306
72	Indurkhi	Roun	8/3010, 8/3011, 8/3015, 8/3016, 8/3018	10.96	-	More than 500	No	46019	Sand	Propose d	109570	0.50	54785	32871	46019
73	Jakhmoli	Bhind	1274, 1290 (Naveen- 121, 1846)	4.15	-	More than 500	No	52290	Sand	Propose d	41500	1.50	62250	37350	52290
74	Kakhara	Bhind	1374, 1619, 2324, 2341	19.77	-	More than 500	No	98811	Sand	Propose d	197700	0.60	117632	70579	98811
75	Ojhaghat	Bhind	1254	4.00	-	More than 500	No	33600	Sand	Propose d	40000	1.00	40000	24000	33600




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CHPATER -8
DETAILS OF PRODUCTION OF SAND OR BAJRI IN LAST THREE YEARS


Table 6.1: Details of Sand Production in Last Three Years

S.No	Year	Production (in cum)
1.	2016 -2017	1117308
2.	2017-2018	444572
3.	2018-2019	1502315

CHPATER -9
DETAILS OF ROYALTY OR REVENUE RECEIVED IN LAST THREE YEARS

List Containing Royalty and Revenue Received in Last Three Years

S. No	Year	Royalty/Revenue(In Lakh Rs)
1.	2016 -2017	15,12,86,378.78
2.	2017-2018	6,71,11,384
3.	2018-2019	43,88,25,970


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ANNEXURE VI

Cluster & Contiguous Cluster details cluster


River Name	Cluster	Lease No	Location Rivebad/Patta land	Village	Area (in Ha)	Total Excavation (CUM)	Total Excavation (TON)
Sindh	1	1	River Bed	Attusuma	14	69600	97440
		1	River Bed	Bahadurpura			
Sindh	2	1	River Bed	Padhora-1	15	73000	102200
		1	River Bed	Padhora-2			
Sindh	3	1	River Bed	Mehanda	46.63	150103	210144
		1	River Bed	Mehanda			
		1	River Bed	Kheira Shyampur-1			
		1	River Bed	Khroshyamupura-2			
		1	River Bed	Khroshyamupura-3			
Sindh	4	1	River Bed	Khroshyamupura-4	24.78	235939	330315
		1	River Bed	Musawali			
		1	River Bed	Remja			
		1	River Bed	Bilav			
		1	River Bed	Dahema-1			
Sindh	5	1	River Bed	Dahema-2	212.77	1095338	1533473
		1	River Bed	Dahema-3			
		1	River Bed	Bharolikalan			
		1	River Bed	Mahayar			
		1	River Bed	Mahayar-2			
		1	River Bed	Goram-1420			
		1	River Bed	Goram-1472			
		1	River Bed	Bharolikburd			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-1			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-2			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai Ridiya-3			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai-534-1			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai-534-2			
		1	River Bed	Nivsai-534-3			
Sindh	6	1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan-1	86.45	518620	726068
		1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan-2			
		1	River Bed	Kaundh Madayan-3			
		1	River Bed	Mangarh			
		1	River Bed	Ajeeta			
Sindh	7	1	River Bed	Kharoli	28.09	75634	105888
		1	River Bed	Sadha			
		1	River Bed	Baddettar			
Sindh	8	1	River Bed	Sanduri	109.182	801872	1122621
		1	River Bed	Bacchreta			
		1	River Bed	Virauna			
Sindh		1	River Bed	Barethiraj			
		1	River Bed	Baretikburd-1			

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		1	River Bed	Baretikhurd-2			
		1	River Bed	Badera			
		1	River Bed	Dubka			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-1			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-2			
		1	River Bed	Matiyawali-3			
Sindh	9	1	River Bed	Dhaur-1	45.76	114838	160773
		1	River Bed	Dhaur-2			
		1	River Bed	Dhaur-3			
Sindh	10	1	River Bed	Lagdua	3.672	31048	43467
		1	River Bed	Girwasa Purani			
Sindh	11	1	River Bed	Lilwari-1	27.145	184095	257733
		1	River Bed	Lilwari-2			
		1	River Bed	Chandrawali			
Sindh	12	1	River Bed	Ajnaar 1	32.81	248060	347284
		1	River Bed	Ajnaar 2			
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Dochra	10.957	26,000	36400
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Muratpura	5	36,450	51030
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Baghali Bhadurpura	4	24,000	33600
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Larol	4	8,694	12172
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Dwar	2.63	48,000	67200
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Hilgawan	2.97	50,933	71306
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Indurkhi	4	32,871	46019
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Jakhmoli	23.58	37,350	52290
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Kakhara	4	70,579	98811
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Ojhaghat	4.15	24,000	33600
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Bacchroli	3.22	36,000	50400
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Bhapar	4.88	27,000	37800
Sindh	Without cluster	1	River Bed	Girwasa Naveen	19.77	65,000	91000
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Gurira	4	43,200	60480
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Kacchaghat	3	35,200	49280
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Kheriyasindh	4	46,560	65184
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Madori	10	43,400	60760
Sindh	without cluster	1	River Bed	Sijroli	7.98	30,000	42000


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Annexure VII									
Transportation Routes for individual leases									
Sr no	Lease Name	Transportation Route No.	No. of trippers/day of lease	No. of trippers/day of all the lease route	Length of Route in KM	Type of Road (Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Recommendation for Road (Black, Topped, Unpaved)	The road will be constructed by Govt/Lease Owner	Route Map & Location
1	Ajeeta	1	16	16	2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
2	Bachheta	1	8	8	1.6	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
3	Barethiraj	1	5	5	0.8	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
4	Girwasa Naveen	1	17	17	1.79	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
5	Girwasa Purani	1	4	4	2.12	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
6	Gurira	1	11	11	2.23	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
7	Kachharghat	1	9	9	4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
8	Lagdua	1	4	4	2.12	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
9	Lilwari-1	1	9	9	7	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
10	Lilwari-2	1	29	29	0.94	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
11	Matiyawall-2	1	21	21	1.8	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
12	Matiyawall-3	1	24	24	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
13	Sanduri	1	7	7	4.4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed

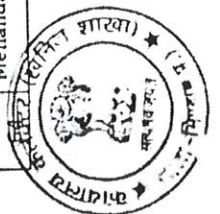


14	Ajnaar 1	1	48	48	4.9	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
15	Ajnaar 2	1	17	17	4.9	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
16	Baddettar	1	12	12	2.2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
17	Badera	1	14	14	1.6	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
18	Baretikhurd-2	1	14	14	1.8	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
19	Bharolikalan	1	32	32	2.58	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
20	Dhaur-1	1	11	11	1.55	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
21	Dhaur-2	1	9	9	0.64	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
22	Dhaur-3	1	10	10	1.9	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
23	Goram 1420	1	18	18	5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
24	Kharoli	1	33	33	4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
25	Kheriyasindh	1	12	12	1.18	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
26	Madori	1	11	11	1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
27	Matiyawall-1	1	14	14	3.38	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
28	Bacchroli	1	9	9	2.88	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
29	Baretikhurd-1	1	30	30	2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
	Bharolikurd	1	17	17	2.5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed



31	Chandrawali	1	9	9	7	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
32	Dubka	1	45	45	1.9	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
33	Musawali	1	27	27	1.5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
34	Sadha	1	8	8	1.6	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
35	Bhapar	1	7	7	1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
36	Goram 1472	1	12	12	5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
37	Sijroli	1	8	8	0.48	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
38	Dochra	1	7	7	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
39	Kaundh - 2	1	21	21	2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
40	Mahayar 2	1	11	11	2.3	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
41	Padhora-1	1	12	12	2.17	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
42	Nivsal 534-2	1	18	18	4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
43	Nivsal Ridliya-2	1	33	33	4.4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
44	Kaundh - 1	1	25	25	4.5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
45	Nivsal 534-1	1	31	31	2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
46	Nivsal Ridliya-3	1	5	5	4.4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
47	Kaundh - 3	1	17	17	3.5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed

48	Kheira Shyampura-1	1	3	3	0.9	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
49	Bahadurpura	1	10	10	0.65	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
50	Muratpura	1	9	9	2.54	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
51	Mahayar	1	20	20	3.61	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
52	Bilav	1	14	14	2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
53	Dahema 3	1	19	19	3.27	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
54	Mangarh	1	15	15	4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
55	Dahema 1	1	19	19	2.53	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
56	Mehanda	1	16	16	0.4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
57	Virauna	1	33	33	1.4	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
58	Nivsal Ridiya-1	1	31	31	2.5	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
59	Attrsuma	1	8	8	0.31	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
60	Dahema 2	1	10	10	3.7	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
61	Khroshyamupura-2	1	7	7	0.6	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
62	Khroshyamupura-3	1	4	4	2.3	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
63	Khroshyamupura-4	1	5	5	1.8	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
	Mehanda	1	4	4	1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed



65	Padhora -2	1	7	7	2.82	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
66	Remja	1	20	20	1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
67	Nivsal 534-3	1	9	9	3.8	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
68	Baghali Bhadurpura	1	6	6	0.77	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
69	Larol	1	2	2	1.13	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
70	Dwar	1	13	13	1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
71	Hilgawan	1	13	13	4.97	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
72	Indurkhi	1	9	9	4.2	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
73	Jakhmoli	1	10	10	2.81	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
74	Kakhara	1	18	18	1.1	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed
75	Ojhaghat	1	6	6	1.34	(Black, Topped, Unpaved)	Black, Topped	Govt	Enclosed




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CHPATER -10

PROCESS OF DEPOSITION OF SEDIMENTS IN THE RIVERS OF THE DISTRICT


Sediment refers to the conglomerate of materials, organic and inorganic, that can be carried away by water, wind or ice. While the term is often used to indicate soil-based, mineral matter (e.g. clay, silt and sand), decomposing organic substances and inorganic biogenic material are also considered sediment. Most mineral sediment comes from erosion and weathering, while organic sediment is typically detritus and decomposing material such as algae. Sediment particles come in different sizes and can be inorganic or organic in origin. These particulates are typically small, with clay defined as particles less than 0.00195 mm in diameter, and coarse sand reaching up only to 1.5 mm in diameter. However, during a flood or other high flow event, even large rocks can be classified as sediment as they are carried downstream. Sediment is a naturally occurring element in many bodies of water, though it can be influenced by anthropogenic factors.

In an aquatic environment, sediment can either be suspended (floating in the water column) or bedded (settled on the bottom of a body of water). In other words, waterflow tries to scour its surface whenever it flows in the channel. Silt or gravels even larger boulders are detached from its bed or banks. The moving water sweeps these detached particles in downstream along its flow. Silting and scouring is not very uncommon and must be avoided by proper designs. It reduces supply level of water. The channel section gets reduced by silt and reduces discharging capacity. Sediments seriously threaten various projects due to silt carried out by rivers up to point of interceptions. Sediment is also threatening denudation of forests. Sediment is a major obstruction on the flow line. It shortens longevity of channel. It causes soil erosion. Therefore data base must be needed for policy making and planning.

The mineral potential is calculated based on field investigation and geology of the catchment area of the river/ streams. As per the policy of the State and location, depth of minable mineral is defined. The area for removal of mineral in a river or stream can be decided depending on geomorphology and other factors, it can be 50% to 60% of the area of a particular river/stream, e.g. in river mineral constituents like sand up to a depth of three meter are considered as resource mineral. Other constituents like clay and silt are excluded as waste while calculating the mineral potential of particular river/ stream.

The specific gravity of each mineral constituent is different. The percent of mineral constituent like boulder, river Bajri, and sand also varies for different river and streams. While calculating the mineral potential, the percentage of each mineral constituent is taken as 25-30% for sand and 5-10% for silt and clay.

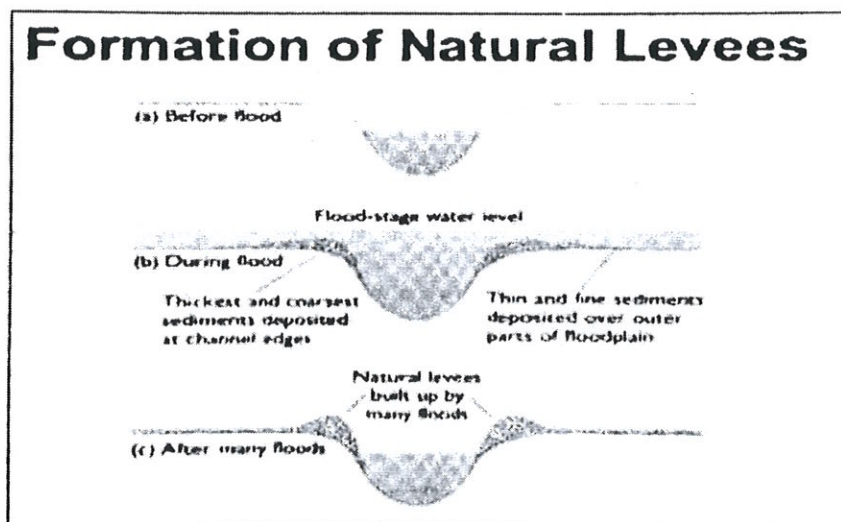
The quantum of deposition varies from stream to stream depending upon factors like catchment lithology, discharge, river profile and geomorphology of the river course. There are certain geomorphological features developed in the river beds such as channel bar, point bar etc where annual deposition is more even two to three meters.

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Process of Deposition

Sediment is a naturally occurring material that is broken down by processes of weathering and erosion, and is subsequently transported by the action of wind, water and/or by the force of gravity acting on the particles. Sediments are most often transported by water. Sediment is transported based on the strength of the flow that carries it and its own size, volume, density, and shape. Stronger flows will increase the lift and drag on the particle, causing it to rise, while larger or denser particles will be more likely to fall through the flow. Deposition is the processes where material being transported by a river is deposited. Deposition occurs when a river loses energy. This can be when a river enters a shallow area (this could be when it floods and comes into contact with the flood plain) or towards its mouth where it meets another body of water. Deposition is the geological process in which sediments, soil and rocks are added to a landform or land mass. Wind, ice, and water, as well as sediment flowing via gravity, transport previously eroded sediment, which, at the loss of enough kinetic energy in the fluid, is deposited, building up layers of sediment. Rivers flood on a regular basis. The area over which they flood is known as the floodplain and this often coincides with regions where meanders form. Meanders support the formation of flood plains through lateral erosion. When river floods the velocity of water slows. As the result of this the river's capacity to transport material is reduced and deposition occurs. This deposition leaves a layer of sediment across the whole floodplain. After a series of floods, layers of sediment form along the floodplain.



: Formation of Natural Levees Due to Floods

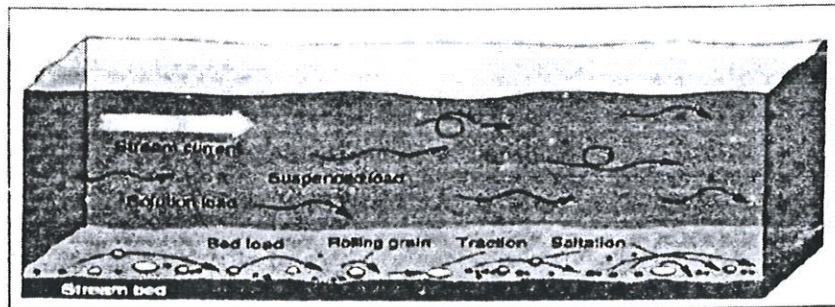

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Modes of Sediment Transport

The sediment load of a river is transported in various ways although these distinctions are to some extent arbitrary and not always very practical in the sense that not all of the components can be separated in practice:

- ✓ Dissolved load
- ✓ Suspended load
- ✓ Intermittent suspension (saltation) load
- ✓ Wash load
- ✓ Bed load



Methods of Sediment Transport in Stream

The sand deposits being an integral part of the dynamic river system to which it belongs. Therefore, as a part of natural cycle, the monsoon flow of every river carries with it replenishment of silt and washed out soil and clay from upstream areas in the catchment. This silt shall be removed during the sieving of sand before it is loaded into truck/tipper/trailer to carry to the consumers.

Sand mining is critical to infrastructure development around the globe. Sand is an essential minor mineral used extensively across the country as a useful construction constituent and variety of other uses in sports, agriculture, glass making (a form of sand with high silica content) etc. The rivers are the most important source of Sand. It acts as source of transportation and deposition of sand etc.

Annual Replenishment of Mineral in River Bed Area/ Sedimentation

The deposition in a river bed is more pronounced during rainy season although the quantum of deposition varies from stream to stream depending upon numbers of factors such as catchment, lithology, discharge, river profile and geomorphology of the river course where annual deposition is two to three meter, but it is noticed that during flood season whole of the pit so excavated is completely filled up and as such the excavated area is replenished with new harvest of minerals. In order to calculate the mineral deposits in the stream beds, the mineral constituents have been categorized as clay, silt, sand, Bajri and boulder. However, during present calculation, the waste material i.e. silt which varies from 10 to 20% in different streams has also been included in the total production. Further, the Survey of India Topo-Sheets has been used as base map to know the extent of river course. The mineral reserves have been

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calculated only upto 2 to 3 meter depth although there are some portions in the river beds such as channel bars, point bars and central islands where

the annual deposition is raising the level of river bed thus causing shifting of the rivers towards banks resulting in to cutting of banks and at such locations, removal of this material upto the bed level is essential to control the river flow in its central part to check the bank cutting. While calculating the mineral potentials, the mineral deposits lying in the sub-tributaries of that particular stream/river has not been taken into consideration. Since these mineral deposits are adding annually.

Sedimentation is generally considered by geologists in terms of the textures, structures, and fossil content of the deposits lay down in different geographic and geomorphic environments. The factors which affects the "Computation of Sediment":

- Geomorphology & Drainage Pattern: The following geomorphic units plays important role.
 - Structural Plain
 - Structural Hill
 - Structural Ridge
 - Denudation Ridge & Valley
 - Plain & Plateau
 - Highly Dissected pediment
 - Undissected pediment
- Distribution of Basin Area River wise
- Drainage System/Pattern of the area, Rainfall & Climate: Year wise Rainfall data

Replenishment Study

The need for replenishment study for river bed sand is required in order to nullify the adverse impacts arising due to excess sand extraction. Mining within or near riverbed has a direct impact on the stream's physical characteristics, such as channel geometry, bed elevation, substratum composition and stability, in-stream roughness of the bed, flow velocity, discharge capacity, sediment transport capacity, turbidity, temperature etc. Alteration or modification of the above attributes may cause an impact on the ecological equilibrium of the riverside regime, disturbance in channel configuration and flow-paths. This may also cause an adverse impact on in stream biota and riparian habitats.


The effects of sediment replenishment are investigated for cross section bed deposition, flow velocity, grain size distribution, water quality and organisms.

Methodology Adopted for Replenishment study

The methodology adopted for the study is an integrated approach involving:

- 1) **Field data collection** followed by cross section survey over the sections of fixed intervals along the river showing river bed material (RBM) with present elevations.
- 2) **Remote sensing** was used for identification of watershed area relevant to the mine lease along the river at different coordinates.
- 3) **Estimation of catchment yield and bed load transport:** The catchment yield has been computed using the Strange's runoff method for the runoff coefficient. The Iso-pluvial maps of IMD have been used for estimation of catchment yield and peak flood discharge for the study area by various methods like Dickens, Jarvis, and Rational formula at 25, 50 and 100 years return period

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Hydrology

Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers drain the area. Ravines & Gullies have developed along the course of all rivers particularly along the flood plains. A very fine network of gullies and forming dendritic drainage network characterizes these. The depth of dissection by gullies is more intense along the river Chambal as compared to others.

Climate

The climate of Bhind district, characterized by a hot summer and general dryness except during the southwestern monsoon. A year may be divided into four seasons, cold season from December to February followed by the hot season from March to about middle of June. The period from Middle of June to September is the southwestern monsoon season. October & November forms the post monsoon or transition period. During the southwest monsoon season the relative humidity generally exceeds 83% (August month). The driest period is summer season when relative humidity is less than 26%. May is the driest month of the year. Normal maximum temperature during the month of May is 42°C and minimum during January month is 7.1°C. Normal mean maximum & minimum temperature is 32.5°C & 21.8°C respectively. Wind velocity is higher during the pre-monsoon period as compared to the post monsoon period. The maximum wind velocity is 11.3 km/h during the month of June and minimum is 3.1 km/h during the month of November. Average normal annual wind velocity is 6.4 km/h.

Temperature

There is no meteorological observatory in Bhind. After February the temperature increases steadily till May, when the mean daily temperature is about 46 degree C and the mean daily minimum is about 28 degree C. In the June the mean daily temperature is higher than in may by a couple of degrees. The heat in summer is intense and the dust laden scorching winds which blow often add much to the discomfort. With onset of monsoon in district by about middle of June, there is an appreciable drop in the temperature. After October day and night temperature decrease rapidly. January is greatly the coldest month with the mean daily maximum temperature at about 23 degreeC, and the mean daily minimum at about 5 degree C. In 2003 it dropped to about 2-3 degree C. In the cold season in the rear of passing western disturbances, cold waves affect the District and the minimum temperature may drop down to about a degree below the freezing point of water.

Rainfall

Number(m)	Year	Rainfall (In mm)
1	2000-01	477
2	2001-2	759.2
3	2002-3	430.8
4	2003-4	771.1
5	2004-5	503.3
6	2005-6	535.2
7	2006-7	494.3
8	2007-8	476.3
9	2008-9	1030.4
10	2009-10	603.6
11	2010-11	894.4
12	2011-12	808
13	2012-13	795.4
14	2013-14	1261.8



15		
16	2014-15	552.6
17	2015-16	474.6
18	2016-17	637.7
19	2017-18	626.8
20	2018-19	931.3
21	2019-20	907.6
22	2020-21	560.4
	2021-22	978.3

Source IMD Bhind

The average annual rainfall of Bhind is 668.3 mm. The spatial variation of the district is not too much. About 92% of the annual rainfall is received in the south-west monsoon months. On an average there are 33 rainy days in a year

Estimation of Catchment Yield

The replenishment estimation is based on a theoretical empirical formula with the estimation of bed load transport comprising of analytical models to calculate the replenishment estimation. The iso-pluvial maps of IMD can be used for estimation of rainfall. Catchment yield is computed using different standard empirical formulas relevant to the geographical and channel attributes.

Strange's Monsoon runoff curves for runoff coefficient). Peak flood discharge for the study area can be calculated by using Dickens, Jarvis and Rational formula at 25, 50 and 100 years return period. The estimation of bed load transport using Ackers and White Equation is made.

For estimation of surface run off coefficient, we considered a particular value of peak rainfall. In absence of non-availability, peak storm water has been estimated as under:



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GROUP - 2

POST MANSOON

Sr no	Mines Name	OLD DSR Area in (HA)	New DSR Area (HA)	Difference in Area (HA)	OLD DSR Depth	New DSR Depth	Old DSR Sand Quantities in Cum	New DSR Sand Quantity in Cum	OLD Dsr Mineable mineral potential in M3 (60 % of total mineral potential)	New Mineable mineral potential in M3 (60 % of total mineral potential)	Difference	12	13	14	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11					
1	Ajeeta	6.00	9	3.00	2.25	1.15	135000	103333	81000	62000	-19000	-			Due to Decrease in Depth
2	Bacchreta	2.00	3	1.00	2.7	1.8	54000	54000	32400	32400	0				
3	Barethiraj	2.00	3	1.00	0.45	1	9000	30000	5400	18000	12600	+			Due to Increase in Area
4	Girwasa Naveen	6.67	10	3.33	1.5	1.08	100000	108333	60000	65000	5000	+			Due to Increase in Area
5	Girwasa Purani	1.11	1.672	0.56	2.25	1.5	25080	25080	15048	15048	0				
6	Gurira	2.66	4	1.34	2.7	1.8	72000	72000	43200	43200	0				
7	Kaccharchat	3.33	5	1.67	0.9	1.17	30000	58667	18000	35200	17200	+			Due to Increase in Area
8	Lagdua	1.33	2	0.67	0.75	1.33	10000	26667	6000	16000	10000	+			Due to Increase in Area
9	Lilwari-1	2.67	4	1.33	2.25	1.5	60000	60000	36000	36000	0				
10	Lilwari-2	11.14	17.17	6.03	0.83	1.09	95000	186667	57000	112000	55000	+			Due to Increase in Area
11	Matiyawali-2	10.14	15.21	5.07	0.75	0.89	75600	135000	45360	81000	35640	+			Due to Increase in Area &Depth
12	Matiyawali-3	11.77	17.65	5.88	0.75	0.88	88250	155833	52950	93500	40550	+			Due to Increase in Area &Depth
13	Sanduri	2.13	3.19	1.06	2.25	1.5	47850	47850	28710	28710	0				
14	Ajnaar 1	6.00	23.81	17.81	1.5	1.28	90000	304767	54000	182860	128860	+			Due to Increase in Area
15	Ajnaar 2	15.87	9	-6.87	1.5	1.21	238100	108667	142860	65200	-77660	-			Due to Decrease in Depth

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कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड (म0प्र0)

Email - modgmbh@mp.gov.in

क्रमांक-6763/खनिज/2022
प्रति,

भिण्ड, दिनांक 29/12/22

सचिव (SEAC),
अनुसंधान एवं विकास विंग,
म.प्र. प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड,
पर्यावरण परिसर, ई-5, अरेरा कॉलोनी, भोपाल (म.प्र.)

विषय:-

जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के संबंध में।

संदर्भ:-


1. माननीय राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण नई दिल्ली का आदेश 726/2018 एवं 456/2018 दिनांक 04.11.2020।
2. संचालनालय, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, म.प्र. भोपाल का पत्र क्र.-16039 दिनांक 25.11.2021, पत्र क्र. 2981 दिनांक 03.03.2022 एवं पत्र क्र. 4755 दिनांक 08.04.2022

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उपरोक्त विषयान्तर्गत लेख है कि जिला भिण्ड की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट आपके पत्र क्र. 728 दिनांक 08.06.2022 से अनुमोदित की गई है। अनुमोदित डी0एस0आर0 में ग्राम गोरम 1472, चंद्रावली व भरौलीखुर्द रेत खदानों में निजी सर्वे होने से पुनः जिला स्तरीय समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा सस्टेनेबल सेण्ड माइनिंग मैनेजमेंट गाईडलाइन, 2016 एवं इनफोर्समेंट मानिट्रिंग फार सेण्ड माइनिंग 2020 के निर्देशों के तहत प्रारूप जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) का तैयार की गई। प्रारूप डीएसआर को 21 दिवस की अवधि हेतु जिले के पोर्टल (bhind.nic.in) पर तथा हार्डकॉपी खनिज कार्यालय भिण्ड में आमजन के दाबा/आपत्ति एवं सुझाव हेतु रखी गयी। प्राप्त दाबा/आपत्तियों का समिति द्वारा अवलोकन एवं निराकरण कर उक्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट को अद्यतन किया गया। पूर्ण परीक्षण उपरांत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) के भौतिक और भौगोलिक क्षेत्रों से संबंधित प्रासंगिक तथ्यों के सही पाये जाने पर समिति द्वारा अनुमोदन कर प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया गया।

अतः भिण्ड जिले की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) अग्रिम कार्यवाही हेतु आपकी ओर अग्रेषित है।

संलग्न:- उपरोक्तानुसार।


कलेक्टर

जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)

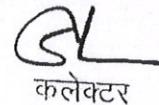
पृ0क्रमांक-6764/खनिज/2022

प्रतिलिपि:-

भिण्ड, दिनांक 29/12/22

1. प्रमुख सचिव, म.प्र. शासन, खनिज साधन विभाग, मंत्रालय, भोपाल की ओर सूचनार्थ।
2. संचालक, भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, 29-ए, अरेरा हिल्स, भोपाल की ओर सूचनार्थ।
3. कार्यवाहक संचालक, म.प्र. राज्य खनिज निगम लिमिटेड, भोपाल की ओर सूचनार्थ।

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जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)


CHAPTER-11

GEOLOGY AND MINERAL WEALTH

The Chambal Badlands consist of alluvial deposits that are 50 – 60 m thick, and were deposited during the Quaternary period: the soils include highly oxidized fine sands, sandy loam and clayey loam, with some coarse sand in some areas (Joshi, 2014). The alluvial deposits include sediment rich in mica and non-expanding clays like illite and kaolinite, as well as high amounts of smectite clays.


The alluvial formation covers the major part of the district. Thickness varies from 70 to 250m and resting over the Vindhyan & Archaeans rocks. Alluvium consists of clay, sand & gravels. The thickness of the clay overburden generally decreases towards north. Thickness of sand and gravel aquifers vary from 3 to 17 m. The thickness of the overburden more than 60 m is occurring in south of Mehgaon. Some outcrops of this formation are exposed in the western parts of the district in Gohad tehsil. The sandstone & shales of the formation are encountered in the tube wells between 86 to 172 m b.g.l. (Source CGWB, Ground water Exploration). As these rocks are hard compact & devoid of weaker zones therefore the ground water occurrence is meager and ground water development in this formation is less. The Vindhyan Basin, containing more than 5000 m thick sequence of sandstones, shales and limestone, occupies an area of about 1,62,000 sq.km of which about 80,000 Sq.km extends into the Ganga valley in the north and northeast beneath the Tertiary sediment of the Himalayan foredeep. In the southwest, the Vindhyan rocks are covered by Deccan volcanics. Gwalior series is exposed in southwestern part of the district and consists of Banded Hematite Quartzite. Ground water occurs under semi confined to confined conditions and yield potential is less.




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Geological Profile of the District

Age	Super Group	Group/ Formation	Lithology
Holocene	-	Younger Alluvium	Grey, red to brownish red, quartzo-felspathic, and micaceous sand and silt (cut off meanders, point bar and channel deposits)
Middle to late Pleistocene	-	Old Alluvium	Grey, red to brownish micaceous and silt and clay loos, unconsolidated rock debris, colluvium, oxidised silt, subordinate grey to brown, micaceous sand with kankar and ferruginous nodules. Silt clay with red, medium to coarse sand stoned quartzo felspathic sand with ferruginous nodules at places.
Early Pleistocene	Vindhyan	-	White to greyish-white fine to medium grained thickly bedded sandstone. Green, brown, dirty white soft shale with limestone, dark grey to black hard, massive jaspilite.
Paleo to Meso Proterozoic	-	Gwalior Group	Ochre yellow, reddish brown, red, ferruginous shale with bands of chert, jasper, and limestone at base.


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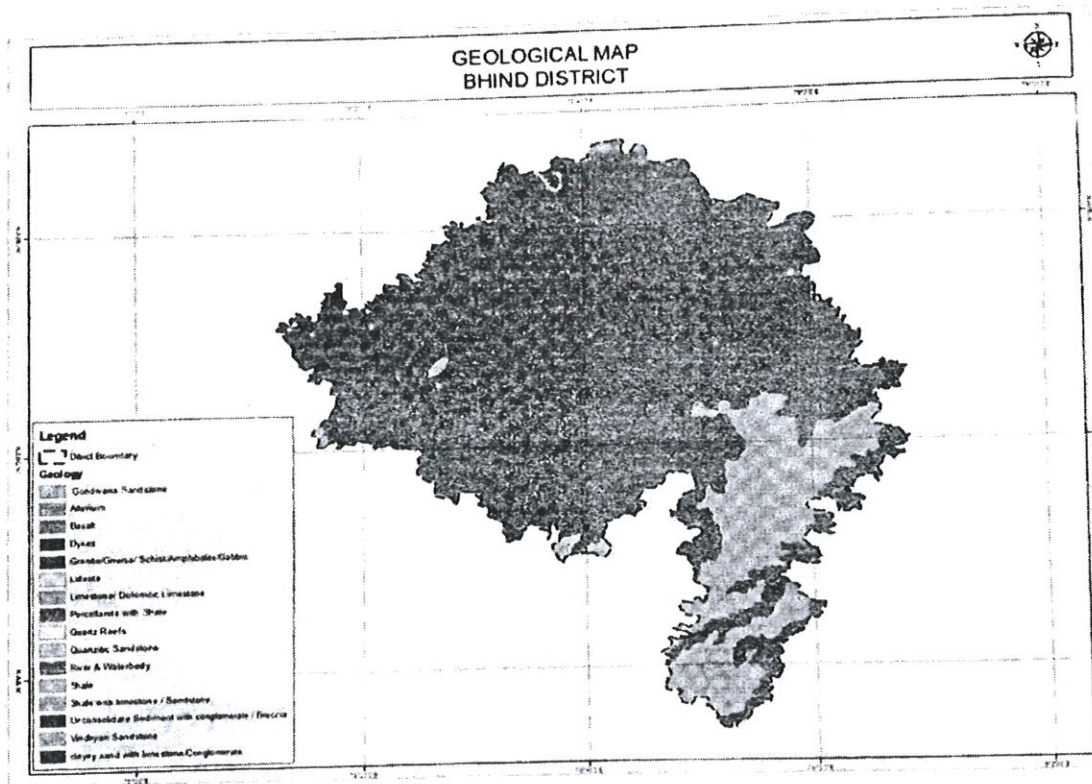

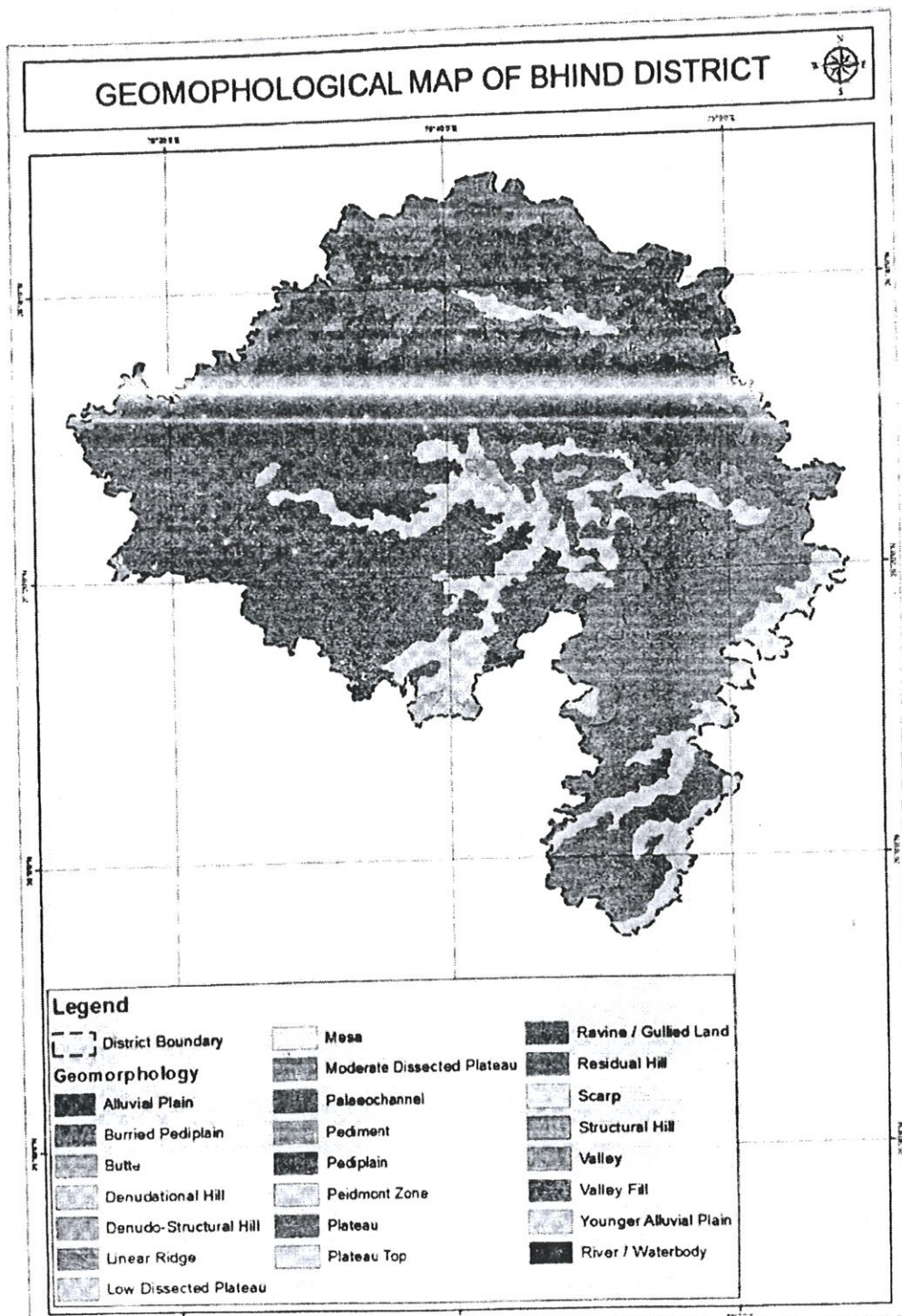


Figure 7 Geological Map of the District

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Geomorphologic Map of the District

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Drainage and Irrigation Pattern

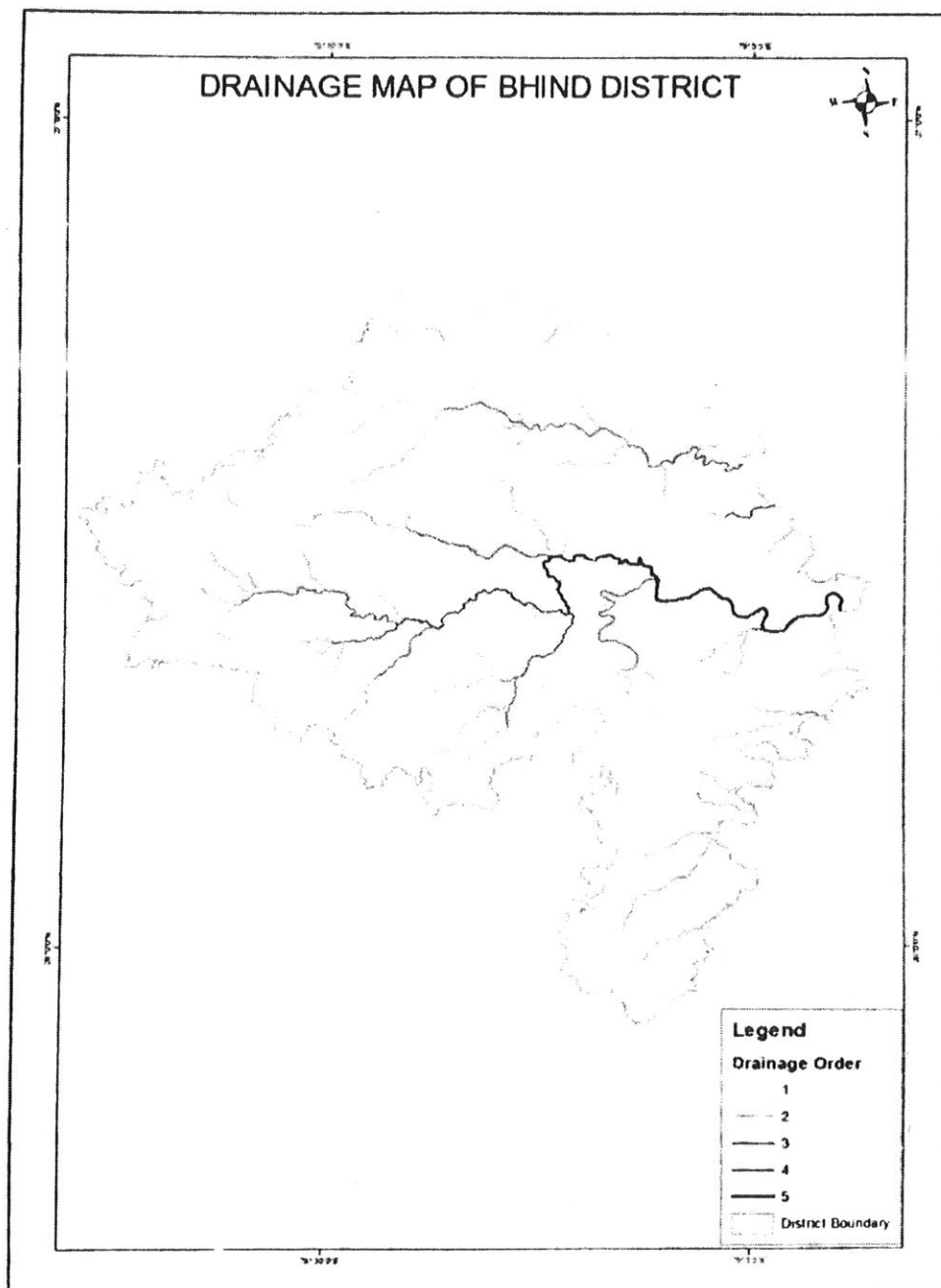
Drainage Pattern

Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh and Pahuj rivers drain the area. Ravines & Gullies have developed along the course of all rivers particularly along the flood plains. A very fine network of gullies and forming dendritic drainage network characterizes these. The depth of dissection by gullies is more intense along the river Chambal as compared to others.


Irrigation Practices

Irrigation is the artificial application of water to the soil for normal growth of plants. Water is an important determinant factor for production of crops in agriculture sector. Intensive and extensive cultivation of land depends mainly on the availability of water. Medium and minor irrigation schemes are implemented in the state for augmenting the water supply for agriculture. The various sources of irrigation are canals, tanks, tube wells, ordinary wells, springs, and channels.


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Drainage Map of the District


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Surface Water and Ground water scenario of the district

Ground Water

Ground Water is found beneath the earth's surface and is an important source of water in most of the Districts in the State. Ground Water is withdrawn for Agriculture, Municipal and industrial use. The depth at which the ground water occurs is called Ground water Table.

Variation of groundwater levels in an area is an important component of hydrological cycle because it is a physical reflection of aquifer systems. As the change in groundwater level is directly related to groundwater balance and its continuous records provide direct information of subsurface geo-environmental changes due to withdrawal of groundwater. During the pre-monsoon period depth to water level ranges from 4.10 mbgl to 34.9 mbgl. However, in major part the depth to water level is less than 28 mbgl. Deeper water level of more than 30 mbgl is observed in small, isolated patches in northern and northeastern part. The depth to water level in post monsoon ranges from 2.40 mbgl to 34.9 mbgl. However, in major part the depth to water level ranges from 5 to 30 mbgl. Deeper water level of more than 30 mbgl is observed in two isolated patches one each in northern and north eastern part. During Pre-monsoon period an overall declining trend is observed. It ranges from 11.17 cm/year to 76.13 cm/year.

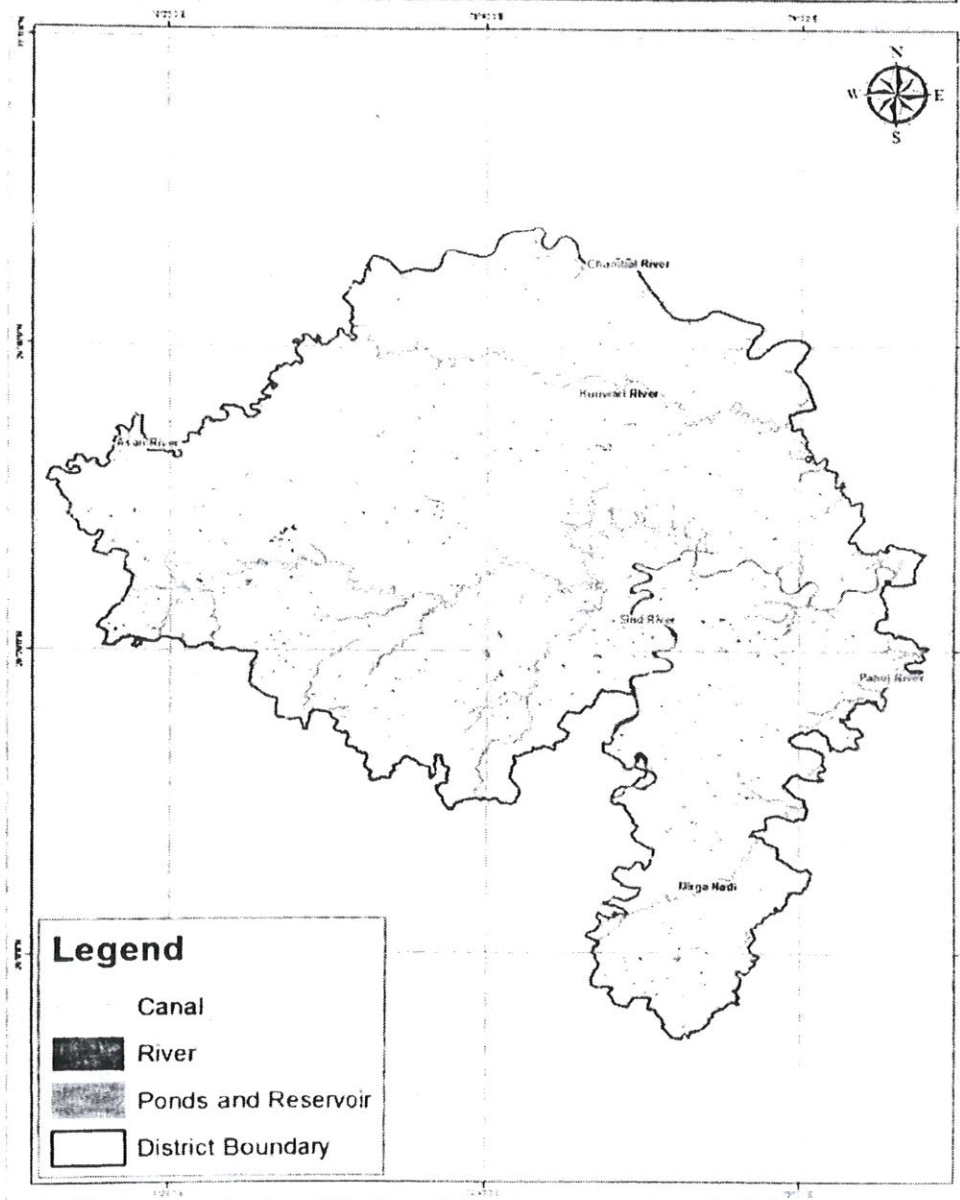
Surface Water

Chambal, Asad, Kunawari, Besali, Sindh and Pahuj rivers drain the area. Ravines & Gullies have developed along the course of all rivers particularly along the flood plains. A very fine network of gullies and forming dendritic drainage network characterizes these. The depth of dissection by gullies is more intense along the river Chambal as compared to others. The entire Bhind district lies in lower Chambal basin. Major tributaries are Kunwari, Asad, Besali, Sindh & Pahuj rivers.


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WATER RESOURCES MAP OF BHIND DISTRICT

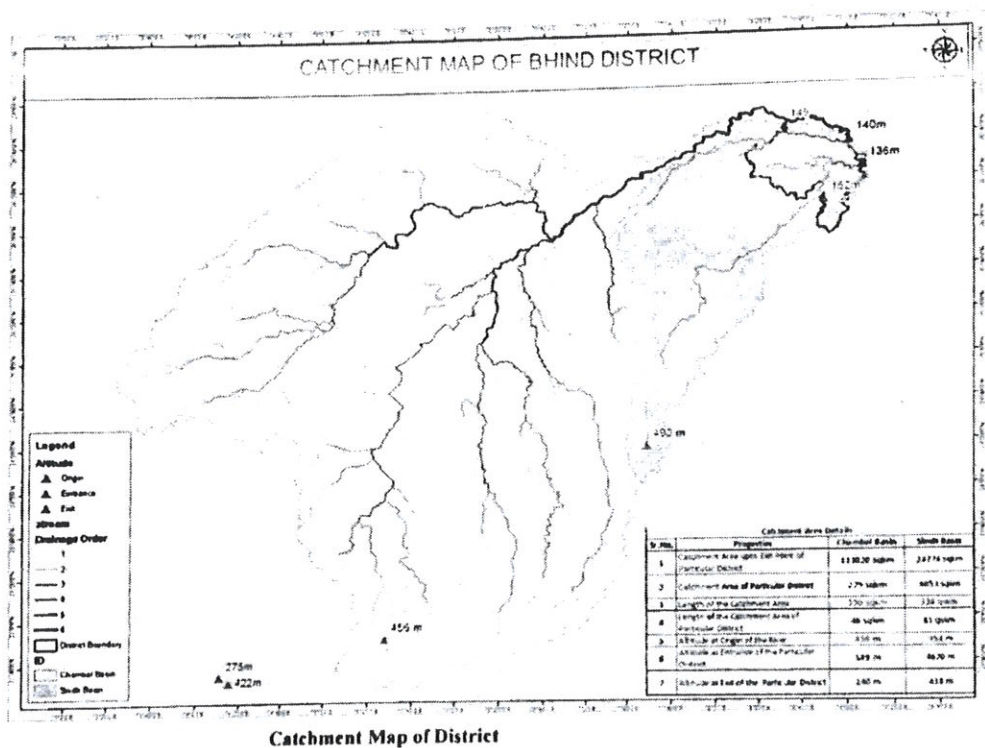



Water Resources Map of the District

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Details of Catchment Area

Sr.No.	Properties	Chambal Basin	Sindh Basin
1	Catchment Area up to Exit Point of Particular District	133,020 sq. km	24,774 sq. km
2	Catchment Area of Particular District	279 sq. km	4,053 sq. km
3	Length of the Catchment Area	556 sq. km	324 sq. km
4	Length of the Catchment Area of Particular District	46 sq. km	81 sq. km
5	Altitude at Origin of the River	456 m	494 m
6	Altitude at Entrance of the Particular District	440 m	4670 m
7	Altitude at Exit of the Particular District	418 m	438 m


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Risk Assessment & Disaster Management Plan:

The Disaster Management Plan (DMP) is supposed to be a dynamic, changing, document focusing on continual improvement of emergency response planning and arrangements.

The disaster management plan is aimed to ensure safety of life, protection of environment, protection of installation, restoration of production and salvage operations in this same order of priorities. For effective implementation of the disaster management plan, it should be widely circulated and personnel training through rehearsals/induction conducted by the respective department from time to time.

General Responsibilities during an Emergency

During an emergency, it becomes more enhanced and pronounced when an emergency warning is raised, the workers in-charge, should adopt safe and emergency shut down and attend any prescribed duty as essential employee. If no such responsibility is assigned, he should adopt a safe course to assembly point and await instructions. He should not resort to spread panic. On the other hand, he must assist emergency personnel towards objectives of DMP.

Co-ordination with Local Authorities

The mine manager who is responsible for emergency will always keep a jeep ready at site.

In case any eventualities the victim will be taken to the nearby hospitals after carrying out the first aid at site. A certified first aid certificate holder will be responsible to carry out the first aid at site. The mine manager should collect and have adequate information of the nearby hospitals, fire station, police station, village Panchayat heads, taxi stands, medical shop, district revenue authorities etc., and use them efficiently during the case of emergency.

Disaster Management Plan

The objectives of DMP are to describe the company's emergency preparedness, organization, the resource availability and response actions applicable to deal with various types of situations that can occur at mines in shortest possible time.

Thus, the overall objectives of the emergency plan are summarized as: -

- Rapid control and containment of Hazardous situation
- Minimum the risk and impact of event/ accident
- Effective prevention of damage to property.

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- In order to achieve effectively the objectives of emergency planning, the critical elements that form the backbone of Disaster Management Plan (DMP) are: -
- Reliable and early detection of an emergency and immediate careful planning.
- The command, co-ordination and response organization structure along with availability of efficient trained personnel.
- The availability of resources for handling emergencies.
- Appropriate emergency response action.
- Effective notification and communication facilities.
- Regular review and updating DMP.
- Training of the concerned personnel.
- Steps taken for minimizing the effects may include rescue operations, first aid, evacuation, rehabilitation and communicating promptly to people living nearby.

Mining and allied activities are associated with several potential hazards to both the employees and the public at large. A worker in a mine will be able to work under conditions, which are adequately safe and healthy. At the same time the environmental conditions also will not impair his working efficiency. This is possible only when there is adequate safety in mines. Hence mine safety is one of the most essential aspects of any working mine. The safety of the mine and the employees is taken care of by the Mines Act 1952, which is well defined with laid down procedure to ensure safety and constantly monitored and supervised by Directorate General of Mines Safety and Department of Mines, State Government.


Details of the Occupational Health issues in the District:

Open cast method involves dust generation by excavation, loading and transportation of mineral. At site, during excavation and loading activity, dust is main pollutant which affects the health of workers whereas environmental and climatic conditions also generate the health problems. Addressing the occupational health hazard means gaining an understanding of the source (its location and magnitude or concentration), identifying an exposure pathway (e.g., a means to get it in contact with someone), and determination of likely a receptor (someone receiving the stuff that is migrating).

Occupational hazard due to open cast mining mainly comes under the physical hazards. Possible physical hazards are as below: -

Physical Hazards due to Mining Operations:

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Following health related hazards were identified in open cast mining operations to the workers:

Light: - The workers may be exposed to the risk of poor illumination or excessive brightness. The effects are eye strain, headache, eye pain and lachrymation, congestion around the cornea and eye fatigue. In present case, the mining activity is done during day time only.

Heat and Humidity: - The most common physical hazard is heat. The direct effects of heat exposure are burns, heat exhaustion, heat stroke and heat cramps; the indirect effects are decreased efficiency, increased fatigue and enhanced accident rates. Heat and humidity are encountered in hot and humid condition when temperatures and air temperatures increase in summer time up to 46.10C or above in the river bed mining area.


Eye Irritation: - During the high windy days in summer the dust could be the problems for eyes like itching and watering of eyes.

Respiratory Problems: - Large amounts of dust in air can be a health hazard, exacerbating respiratory disorders such as asthma and irritating the lungs and bronchial passages.

Noise Induced Hearing Loss: - Machinery is the main source of noise pollution at the mine site.

Risk Level using Risk Matrix: Risk Matrix is used to identify the level of risk involved in various hazards identified.

The CM&HO Bhind is responsible for the public Health activities and is in charge of the District Hospital, and the Civil and Ayurvedic dispensaries in the District. Administratively his office functions under the immediate control of the Joint Director of Health Services, Gwalior and under the overall control of the Director of Health Services Madhya Pradesh Bhopal.


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Number of Health Centre's in Bhind District

Block wise Distribution of Hospitals				
Block	Ayurvedic, Homeo & Yunani	PHC+ Allopathic	SHC	Allopathic
Ater	11	7	33	30
Bhind	11	5	29	262
Mehgaon	12	5	41	40
Gohad	7	4	30	60
Roan	4	2	22	30
Lahar	9	5	25	30
Total	54	28	180	452

Employees in formation of Health Centre's in Bhind District

Medical and Health Employees (Block wise)							
Block	Medical Officer		Health Inspector s	Nurse	Compounder	Others	Total
	Allopathic	Others					
Ater	9	11	-	56	13	78	167
Bhind	33	08	1	85	23	173	323
Mehgaon	09	11	-	64	15	91	190
Gohad	14	05	-	54	10	74	157
Roan	03	1	-	31	07	36	78
Lahar	09	7	-	40	12	57	125
Total	77	43	1	330	80	509	1040


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Tuberculosis Patient's list of Bhind District.

Sr. No.	Year	No. of Patient in Govt. Hospital	No of Patient In Private Hospital	No of Active Patient in Govt. & Private Hospital
1.	2017	2262	76	00
2.	2208	551	551	00
3.	2019	2457	885	00
4.	2020	2551	566	00
5.	2021	2758	1272	765 Active Patient in Govt. Hospital and 357 Active Patient in Private Hospital from October 2021 to December 2021

Silicosis Patient's list of Bhind District.

S. no.	Village	No. of patients	Name of Patients	Age	Disease	Death
1.	Gohad	11	Shri Badansingh s/o Dharmjeet , gram dilipsingh ka pura	32	Silicosis	--
2.	Gohad		Shri Jagram s/o Dharmjeet, Gram Dang Sarkar	62	Silicosis	--
3.	Gohad		Shri Shivalal s/o Maanpal, Gram Dang Sarkar	70	Silicosis	--
4.	Gohad		Shri Chotelal s/o Ramdeen,	53	Silicosis	--
5.	Gohad		Shri Maharaj Singh s/o Dharmjeet, Gram Dang Sarkar	55	Silicosis	--
6.	Gohad		Smt Bisuna w/o Amarsingh, Gram Dang Sarkar	55	Silicosis	--
7.	Gohad		Shri Nathuram s/o Hargovind, Tonde wali Mata ka pura		Silicosis	Dead
8.	Gohad		Shri Asharam s/o Nanhelal, Gram Dang Sarkar		Silicosis	Dead
9.	Gohad		Shri Hakimsingh s/o Mahendrasingh	40	Silicosis	Dead
10.	Gohad		Shri Mangilal, Toliwali Mata		Silicosis	Dead
11.	Gohad		Shri Ramasare s/o Khutansingh, todewali Mata		Silicosis	Dead


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Plantation and Green Belt Development in respect of lease granted in the District:

Mining activities result in pollution of the environment. This requires protection of our environment. Plantation is the oldest technology for the restoration of the land damaged by the human activities as well as air pollution.

Trees are highly suitable for the detection and monitoring of the air pollutants and have been effectively used at various places by planting trees we can achieve the dual purpose of bio aesthetics as well as mitigation of pollution. Proper planning and plantation scheme depends upon the magnitude and type of pollution, selection of pollution tolerant and dust capturing plants

The plants should be ever green, large leaved, with rough bark, ecologically compatible, with low water requirement, requiring minimum care, capable to absorb pollutants, pollutant resistant, agro climatically suitable, fast growing, free from wind throw and breakage and with high pollution tolerance index. The species should be suitable to the climate, topography and soil. A minimum two rows of plantation will be carried out to minimize the effect of pollution. This would attenuate the pollutants level

Seondha Range of Datia Forest Division lie in the impact zone. The forest is a tropical dry deciduous mixed forest and tropical thorny scrub forest of density varying between 0.2 to 0.4. General site quality of the forests is V with some patches of site quality IVB. Greenbelt will be developed along the lease periphery covering 0.358 ha area. Native species will be planted like Amla, Neem, Pipal, Sissoo, Bargad, Mango, Amaltas, Karanj and about 1600 number of trees will be planted each year within safety zone, along approach Road, and in Village area and other places.




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Recommended Plant species for green belt development/plantation

S. No.	Botanical Name	Family	Common Name
1.	Acacia leucophloea	Fabaceae	safed kikkar
2.	Acacia nilotica	Fabaceae	Babool
3.	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae	Neem
4.	Balanites aegyptica	Zygophyllaceae	Hingor / Hingot
5.	Cordia dicotoma	Boraginaceae	gunda
6.	Dalbergia sisoo	Fabaceae	Shisham
7.	Capparis sepiaria	Capparaceae	Kanthari
8.	Delonix regia	Cesalpiniaceae	Gulmohar
9.	Ficus religiosa	Moraceae	Pipal
10.	Miliusa tomentosa	Miliusa tomentosa	Annonaceae
11.	Prosopis cineraria	Mimosaceae	Shemi
12.	Prosopis juliflora	Mimosaceae	Junglee kikkar
13.	Clerodendrum multiflorum	Verbenaceae	Arani
14.	Salvadora oleoides	Salvadoraceae	Bada Pilu
15.	Ziziphus oenoplea	Rhamnaceae	Makkay
16.	Capparis decidua	Capparaceae	Kair
17.	Ziziphus mauritiana	Rhamnaceae	ber
18.	Commiphora wightii	Bursersceae	guggul
19.	Jatropha curcas	Euphorbiaceae	Jamal Ghota
20.	Ricinus comunis	Euphorbiaceae	Arandi
21.	Securinega leucopyrus	Phyllanthaceae	Ghat baur
22.	Lantana indica	Verbraceae	Ghaneri
23.	Mimosa himalayana	Mimosaceae	Agla
24.	Grewia flavescens	Tiliaceae	Chapra
25.	Achyranthes aspera	Amaranthaceae	Chirchita
26.	Alysicarpus vaginalis	Fabaceae	Chauli

Plantation has been done by project proponent on Barrier Zone, Non Mining Area, Approach road, nearby river bank and ravines etc. as per the suggestions of the authority.


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CHPATER -12

ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT PROSPECT OF THE SAND MINING

Monitoring System on Illegal Mining & Transportation

To curb the illegal mining and transportation system, three tire monitoring system is established in district.

a) District Level Monitor System


Mines surveillance system is implemented in Bhind district. All sand mining plots are digitally mapped with their geo reference (latitude and longitude) of the periphery of the leased. All sand carrying vehicle to issue a bar coded transit passes which invoice number is generated through online software system. Any government officer who registered with this system can check the sand carrying vehicle for the verification and take a legal action if it will illegal, overloaded or without transit passes.

District flying squad is working in the district that frequently checks the sand plots and routes of the sand carrying vehicle and take a legal action wherever found the illegal and transportation.

District Vigilance Committee headed Hon'ble Collector, Superintendent of Police, and District Mining Officer take a regular monthly review of illegal mining in the district and make a policy to curb the illegal mining activity in the district.

Impact on Surrounding Environment & Mitigation Measures

All development projects are likely to have an impact on the natural set up of the environment. This impact may be beneficial or adverse, depending on the improvement or the deterioration it brings about change in the status of air, water, land, ecology, natural systems, socio-cultural life styles and economics of the population. Depending on the nature of activities and baseline environment status, the impacts are assessed for their importance. On the basis of the impact analysis, the mitigating action and future monitoring requirement are focused in the Environmental Management plan for countering or minimizing the impacts.


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All possible mitigation measures associated with efficient management methods will be adopted for and management would become an integral component of the project.

b) Objectives of Environmental Monitoring

- Assessment of the prevailing baseline situation with regard to environmental problems such as air, water, soil and noise pollution;
- Quantification/ prediction of impact for the identified activities and to study level of impact on various environmental components.
- Evaluation of impacts after superimposing the predicted/ quantified scenario over the baseline scenario.
- Formulation of Environmental Management Plan for implementation in the proposed project.

c) Post Environmental Clearance Components:

1. Air Environment:

- ☐ Ambient air quality parameters recommended for monitoring with regard to mining activities are PM2.5, PM10 CO, SO2 & NOx
- ☐ Dust generation due to transportation material by tractor trolley per day.
- ☐ In mining activities, the only source of gaseous emissions is from the engines of transport vehicles.

d) Mitigation Measures:

- ☐ The roads will be maintained regularly.
- ☐ The loaded vehicles will be covered with tarpaulin.
- ☐ PUC certified vehicles will be used.
- ☐ Over loading will be avoided.
- ☐ Plantation will be carried out the approach road, river bank and vicinity area.
- ☐ Periodic air quality monitoring will be done and adequate measures will be taken.

e) Water Environment


- ☐ Impact on water table to interception.

Mitigation Measures:

- ☐ No waste water is generated from the mining activity of minor mineral.
- ☐ River streams will not be diverted to form inactive channels.
- ☐ Ground water will not be intersected during mining activities,
- ☐ Mobile toilets will be made available near mine's office away from the river.
- ☐ Washing of vehicles in the river will be prohibited

Noise Environment

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- ❑ Tractors will be source of noise pollution.

Mitigation Measures:

- ❑ Sources of noise will be during loading and transport vehicles, for this proper maintenance will be done at regular intervals.
- ❑ Vehicle will be maintained in good condition to avoid unnecessary noise.
- ❑ Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles.
- ❑ Minimum use of horns and speed limit of 10 km/hr in the village area.
- ❑ Plantation will be carried out the approach road, river bank and vicinity area.
- ❑ Restricted working hours, sand mining operation has to be carried out between 6 am to 6 pm.

Land Environment

- ❑ Surface degradation due to road network
- ❑ River Bank Management/ River Bank Erosion

Mitigation Measures:

- ❑ Road will be maintained in good condition by using local earth material.
- ❑ Regular leveling of transportation route
- ❑ Removal of sand shall not exceed 60% of the mine lease area, which minimize effect of erosion.
- ❑ Sand mining will create temporary activity in the dry river bed, which will be replenished during monsoon.
- ❑ The mining will not be carried out below the river water table.

Biological Environment

- ❑ Ecological impact on aquatic life, flora & fauna and surrounding habitat due to fugitive emission

Mitigation Measures:

- ❑ No mining will be carried out during the monsoon season to minimize impact on aquatic life which is mainly breeding season.
- ❑ The lease area is not inhabited by any wild life, as there is no forest cover. Hence there will not be any effect on migration or extinction of wild life.
- ❑ The riparian ecosystem or the wetlands will not be disturbed by the workers.


Occupational Health & Safety

- ❑ Impact on Occupational Health

Mitigation Measures:


- ❑ Onsite basic first aid facility and PPE Will be provided.
- ❑ Provision of First Aid and Drinking Water, Temporary shed.
- ❑ Regular health check camp organized for Local employees.

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- ☐ Fencing of approach road for avoiding un-authorized entry to the proposed sand ghat.
- ☐ Provision of Boards displaying all information as regards to mining of sand including quantity, period of mining activity and details of project proponent.
- ☐ Display of warning signal boards at prominent locations.
- ☐ Deployment of adequate security arrangement.
- ☐ Provision of Boards displaying all information as regards to mining of sand including quantity, period of mining activity and details of project proponent.
- ☐ Display of warning signal boards at prominent locations.
- ☐ Deployment of adequate security arrangement.



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As per rule, After preparing the District Survey Report (DSR) ,District Survey Report Was uploaded on NIC collector portal & for general public public information published in daily Local & National New Paper for objection & Suggestion for period of 26 Days

As per DGM letter for Constitution of Committee for field Visit

Brief description of the above information is as follows


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Letter from DGM

कार्यालय
संचालक भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म
मध्यप्रदेश
एच-5, "अररा कॉलोनी", अररा, जिला, भोपाल
फोन एवं फैक्स : 0755-2553795
E-mail : dgm@mp.mca.gov.in

कमर्क 2981 खनिज विविध/न.क. 2022, भोपाल, दिनांक 03/03/22

प्रति,
समस्त कलेक्टर
(खनि शाखा)
मध्यप्रदेश

विषय : सस्टेनेबल रोण्ड माइनिंग मेनेजमेंट गाइडलाइन्स 2016 एवं इनफार्मेट मानिटरिंग फार रोण्ड माइनिंग 2020 के अंतर्गत रेत खनिज हेतु जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट तैयार किये जाने के संबंध में।

प्रायः जिले में सस्टेनेबल रोण्ड माइनिंग मेनेजमेंट गाइडलाइन्स 2016 एवं इनफार्मेट मानिटरिंग फार रोण्ड माइनिंग 2020 गाइडलाइन्स के तहत जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (डीएसआर) तैयार की जाती है। जिले की डीएसआर तैयार किये जाने की प्रक्रिया प्रचलन में है। माननीय सर्वोच्च न्यायालय द्वारा सिविल अपील क्रमांक 3661-3662/2020 (बिहार राज्य एवं अन्य विरुद्ध पवन कुमार एवं अन्य) में पारित आदेश दिनांक 10.11.2021 के अनुसार एवं सस्टेनेबल रोण्ड माइनिंग मेनेजमेंट गाइडलाइन्स 2016 एवं इनफार्मेट मानिटरिंग फार रोण्ड माइनिंग 2020 के पालन में प्रारूप डीएसआर निम्न समिति द्वारा तैयार की जाती है :-

1. अनुविभागीय अधिकारी (यजस्य)
 2. जल संसाधन विभाग के अधिकारी
 3. राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल के नामांकित अधिकारी
 4. वन विभाग के अधिकारी
 5. जिले के खनि अधिकारी/संचालनालय भौमिकी तथा खनिकर्म द्वारा पदस्थ अधिकारी
- उपरोक्तानुसार तैयार प्रारूप डीएसआर को जिला कलेक्टर द्वारा सिआक (SEAC) को अद्योषित की जायेगी। सिआक (SEAC) द्वारा इसे सिआ (SEIAA) को प्रेषित किया जायेगा।
उपरोक्त निर्देशों का पालन सुनिश्चित किया जाये।

(राकेश कुमार भोपाल)
भा.प्र.से.
संचालक
(प्रशासन एवं खनिकर्म)

State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)



Letter from collector to form Sub Divisional Committee

कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला गिण्ड (म.प्र.)

Email id: modgmbhi@mp.gov.in

गिण्ड, दिनांक 30/3/22

// आदेश //

क्रमांक- 5303 / खनिज / 2022- संचालक, भूमिकी तथा खनिकर्म
कमपदेश भोपाल के पत्र क्रमांक 2981/खनिज/विधि/नक्र/2022 भोपाल, दिनांक 03.03.2022
के माध्यम से निर्देश दिये गये हैं कि प्रत्येक जिले में सस्टेनेबल ग्रेण्ड माइनिंग मैनेजमेंट गाईडलाइन,
2015 एवं इन्फोर्सेमेंट मायिटरिय नगर मण्डल माइनिंग 2020 तथा मातृकीय सर्वेक्षण न्यायालय द्वारा
प्रदान किये गये क्रमांक 3661/3662/2020 (नोटिफिकेशन) एवं अन्य प्रावधानों के अन्तर्गत
प्रारित आदेश दिनांक 10.11.2021 के अनुसार जिला गिण्ड की जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) तैयार
की जाती है। जिसमें निम्नानुसार समिति गठित की जाती है:-

- 1 अनुविभागीय अधिकारी (राजराज) गिण्ड
- 2 कार्यपालन मंत्री, जल संसाधन विभाग, गिण्ड
- 3 राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल के नामांकित अधिकारी
- 4 वनमण्डलाधिकारी, सामान्य वनमण्डल गिण्ड
- 5 खनि अधिकारी, जिला गिण्ड/संचालनालय,
भूमिकी तथा खनिकर्म द्वारा पदस्थ अधिकारी

चूंकि संचालनालय द्वारा डीएसआर तैयार किये जाने हेतु नियुक्त एजेंसी द्वारा प्रारूप
डीएसआर तैयार किया जा चुका है, जिसका परीक्षण उक्त समिति द्वारा किया जाना है। अतः
उपरोक्तानुसार गठित समिति द्वारा प्रारूप डीएसआर का परीक्षण कर प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया जावे,
जिससे अग्रिम कार्यवाही की जा सके।
(यह आदेश तत्काल प्रभावशील होगा।)



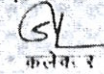
कलेक्टर
जिला गिण्ड (मोप्रा)

गिण्ड, दिनांक 30/3/22


पत्रक्रमांक-5304 / खनिज / 2022

प्रतिलिपि:-

- 1 प्रमुख सचिव, मोप्रा शासन, खनिज साधन विभाग, मंत्रालय वल्लभ भवन भोपाल की ओर
सूचनाार्थ
- 2 संचालक, भूमिकी तथा खनिकर्म, 29-ए, अरेरा हिल्स भोपाल की ओर सूचनाार्थ।
- 3 कार्यपालक संचालक, मप्र राज्य खनिज निगम, भोपाल की ओर सूचनाार्थ।
- 4 क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी, मप्र प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड, दीनदयाल नगर हाउसिंग बोर्ड कालोनी
व्यालियर की ओर, स्वयं अथवा नामांकित अधिकारी नियुक्त कर सूचित करने हेतु।
- 5 सचिव की ओर सूचनाार्थ एवं पालनार्थ।

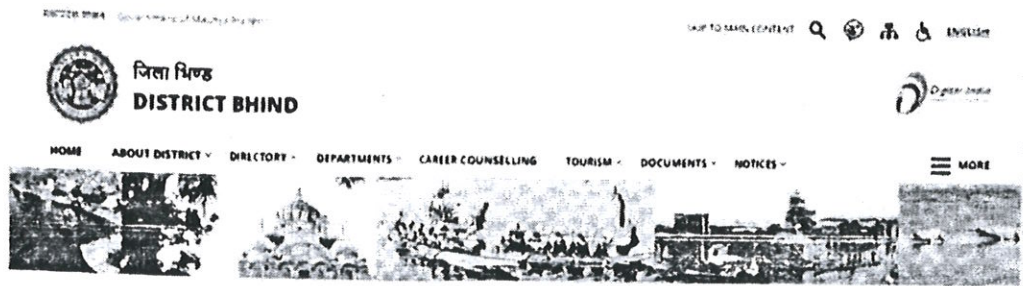


कलेक्टर
जिला गिण्ड (मोप्रा)


State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)




District Survey Report uploaded on NIC portal Bhind



District Survey Report (DSR)

District Survey Report (DSR)		
Title	Date	View/Download
District Survey Report (DSR)	11/12/2020	View/Download


State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)



Information published in daily & a National News Paper for objections
& Suggestion for general public

कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)

Email-modgmbhi@mp.gov.in

क्रमांक-6486/खनिज/2022 भिण्ड,

दिनांक: 16.11.2022


सूचना

एतद् द्वारा सर्व माध्याम को सूचित किया जाता है कि जिला भिण्ड में मेन खनिज हेतु जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) तैयार की गई है। जो कि जिला पोर्टल (bhind.nic.in) पर सूचना जारी होने की तिथि से 21 दिवस तक उपलब्ध होगी। उक्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के सम्बन्ध में आमजन के दावा/आपत्ति ई-मेल modgmbhi@mp.gov.in पर अथवा खनिज कार्यालय में कार्यालयीन समय में स्वयं उपस्थित होकर प्रस्तुत किया जा सकता है। उक्त समयवाधि के पश्चात् अथवा उक्त माध्यमों के अतिरिक्त किसी अन्य माध्यम से प्रस्तुत किये गये दावे/आपत्ति सुनाने स्वीकार नहीं होंगे।

अपर कलेक्टर

जिला-भिण्ड (म.प्र.)




State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)
150

कार्यालय कलेक्टर (खनिज शाखा) जिला भिण्ड (म.प्र.)

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क्रमांक-6486/खनिज/2022

भिण्ड, दिनांक -16/11/2022

सूचना

एतद् द्वारा सर्व साधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि जिला भिण्ड में रेत खनिज हेतु जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट (DSR) तैयार की गई है। जो कि जिला पोर्टल (bhind.nic.in) पर सूचना जारी होने की दिनांक से 21 दिवस तक उपलब्ध होगी। उक्त जिला सर्वेक्षण रिपोर्ट के संबंध में आमजन के दावा/आपत्ति ई-मेल modgmbhi@mp.gov.in पर अथवा खनिज कार्यालय में कार्यालयीन समय में स्वयं उपस्थित होकर प्रस्तुत किया जा सकता है। उक्त समयावधि के पश्चात् अथवा उक्त माध्यमों के अतिरिक्त किसी अन्य माध्यम से प्रस्तुत किये गये दावे/आपत्ति/सुझाव स्वीकार नहीं होंगे।

अपर कलेक्टर
जिला-भिण्ड (म.प्र.)



State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, M.P.
(EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar
E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal (M.P.)