



State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.
(Government of India, Ministry of Environment & Forests)

Environmental Planning Coordination Organization (EPCO)
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony
Bhopal-4620 16

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No: 1571 /SEIAA/2014

Date: 28-10-14

To,
Mr. Dinesh Gupta, Managing Director,
M/s Prabhatam Infrastructure Ltd.
Rastriya Tower, 38, Rani Jhansi Road,
New Delhi- 55

Sub: - Case no. 667/2012, Prior Environmental Clearance for "Prabhatam Heights" Group Housing project total plot Area 8.668 ha (86,682.94 m²) at Village Kajurikalan (area 8.476 ha, total 28 Khasras) & village Hatai Kheda (area 0.192 ha; total 04 Khasras), Raisen Road, Tehsil Huzur, District Bhopal (M.P.) Built up area 1,26,942.49 m² by M/s Prabhatam Infrastructure Ltd. through Mr. Dinesh Gupta, M.D., Rastriya Tower, 38, Rani Jhansi Road, New Delhi- 55

This has reference to your application No. nil, dated 10.01.2012 received in SEIAA office on 12.01.2012 for seeking Prior Environmental Clearance for the above project under the EIA Notification, 2006. The proposal has been appraised as per prescribed procedure in the light of provisions under the EIA Notification, 2006 and on the basis of the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz., Form I, Form IA, Conceptual Plan, drawings & the additional clarifications furnished in response to the observations of the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) and State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) constituted by the competent Authority.

- (i). The proposed project is building construction group housing project at Village Kajurikalan (28 Khasras) & Hatai Khera (04 Khasras), Raisen Road, Tehsil Huzur, District Bhopal (M.P.) The proponent is by M/s Prabhatam Infrastructure Ltd. through Mr. Dinesh Gupta, M.D., New Delhi.
- (ii). As per the approval of T & CP Bhopal (vide letter no. 324 dtd 26.02.11), the total land area is 8.669 ha (28 Khasras) at Village Kajurikalan & Hatai Kheda (total 04 Khasras), Raisen Road, Tehsil Huzur, District Bhopal (M.P.) The total built-up area proposed by PP is 1,26,942.49 m². The project comes under 8 (a) category B of schedule of EIA Notification, 2006 because total construction is between 20000 sqm & 150000 sqm and total land area is less than 50 ha.
- (iii). It is noted that it is a case of violation of EIA notification 2006 as the construction was carried out prior to the clearance. As per MoEF, Gol para 5 (i) of OM No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dtd 12.12.2012, of, the Proponent has submitted vide letter dated 31.10.2013, notorized copy of Resolution passed by the Board of directors in its meetings dtd. 28.09.13 to the effect that such violation will not be repeated in future. The details of which have been uploaded on website. Further as per 5 (ii) of the above OM, the credible action as been initiated by MP pollution Control Board (letter no. 6087 dtd. 23.09.14) under Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986 on 22.09.14. Thereafter the case was appraised on the merits.

- (iv). As per the notarized copy of Khasra Panchsala 2012-2013 the land possession is in the name of M/s Prabhatam Infrastructure Ltd. The proposed project involves construction of 21 blocks with maximum height of 30 m., School, community and recreational center and shops.
- (v). The total water requirement is 1322 KLD (Fresh water 791 KLD & recycled 533 KLD). The total waste water generation is 972 KLD. PP has provided sewage treatment plant of 1200 KLD capacity. The quantity of treated waste water is 778 KLD out of which 533 KLD water is proposed to be recycled and remaining 245 KLD of surplus water will be discharged in sewer i.e. likely to be laid by Nagar Nigam, Bhopal in near future. PP has submitted affidavit regarding disposal of treated waste water.
- (vi). The total municipal solid waste generation is approximately 4437.6 kg/day. This shall be segregated at source and collected separately in colored bins for biodegradable and non bio degradable waste and final disposal through Nagar Nigam Bhopal.
- (vii). PP has proposed an area of 35.12 % (30287.35 sq.m.) of the total plot area as green area (15% landscape and 20% greenbelt).
- (viii). Fire fighting provisions proposed by PP includes static underground fire storage tank (300 cum), terrace tank (10 cum) in each tower, fire hydrant, wet riser system, hose reel, fire pumps, fire extinguisher etc. as per NBC, 2005.
- (ix). The maximum height of the building is 30 m. PP has proposed to provide Front MOS 22.5 m along the main public road, side / rear MOS 10 m and 12 m main internal access subdivided into 7.50 m wide road to give access to individual buildings.
- (x). PP has proposed parking for total 1279 ECS (residential 1126 ECS, School 48 ECS, community and recreational area 64 ECS and shopping 41 ECS).
- (xi). PP has provided roof top rain water harvesting for ground water recharge through recharge pits (09 nos).
- (xii). The project has been considered in accordance with the provisions of the EIA notification issued by the Ministry of Environment & Forests vide S.O. 1533 (E), dated 14th September 2006, its amendments and OMs.
- (xiii). Based on the information submitted at Para i to xi above and others, the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) considered the case in its 163rd meeting held on 24.09.2014 and decided to accept the recommendations of 103rd SEAC meeting held on 12.09.2012 with 12 special conditions.

Hence, Prior Environmental Clearance is accorded under the provisions of EIA notification dtd. 14th September 2006 to the proposed "Prabhatam Heights" Group Housing project total plot Area 8.668 ha at Village Kajurikalan (area 8.476 ha, total 28 Khasras) & village Hataikheda (area 0.192 ha 04 Khasras.), Raisen Road, Tehsil Huzur, District Bhopal (M.P.) Built up area 1,26,942.49 m² by M/s Prabhatam Infrastructure Ltd. through Mr. Dinesh Gupta, M.D., Rastriya Tower, 38, Rani Jhansi Road, New Delhi- 55 subject to:-

- a) The Directions / Judgment of the Court in the legal case initiated against the project for violation shall be binding on part of the project proponents. Point-wise compliances for the Directions / Judgment shall be submitted by the PP to SEIAA.
- b) The compliance of the Standard Conditions enclosed at Annex-I and the following additional Specific Conditions as recommended by SEIAA & SEAC in its meeting.

Specific Conditions as recommended by SEIAA

- (1) The total demand of water should be met through municipal supply and there should be no extraction of ground water. (109th SEIAA meeting dtd 08.10.12).
- (2) Since there is no sewer line in the project area at present, PP should ensure zero discharge of treated waste water (778 KLD). PP should ensure daily monitoring for zero discharge from the premises as it might lead to environmental pollution which may adversely affect the nearby inhabitants. PP should provide a peripheral wall of adequate height on both sides of nalla beyond HFL with a foot over bridge to cross the nalla. Also green belt of 10 m width with 02 rows of trees should be provided on both sides of nalla. (163rd SEIAA meeting dtd 24.09.14).
- (3) As per MPBVR, 2012 rule 42 (3) PP should submit necessary drawings and details to the Authority (Nagar Nigam, Bhopal) incorporating all the fire fighting measures recommended in National Building Code part – IV. The occupancy permit shall be issued by Nagar Nigam only after ensuring that all fire fighting measures are physically in place. (163rd SEIAA meeting dtd 24.09.14).
- (4) PP should provide road width and open spaces as per MPBVR 2012 rule no. 42(1) Table 4 s.no. 3 for buildings height up to 30 m. (163rd SEIAA meeting dtd 24.09.14).
- (5) PP should provide car parking for 1284 ECS as per the MPBVR 2012 rule no. 84 Appendix I- 1 clause 1 (3) S. No. 1, 2, 4 (iii) and 6. (163rd SEIAA meeting dtd 24.09.14).
- (6) PP should provide plantation as proposed in an area of 35.12% (30287.35 sq. m.) of the total plot area (15% landscape & 20% green belt) including trees in two rows all along the periphery of the project area, avenue plantation along the roads with one tree per 100 sq. m. of the plot area and parks as proposed in the landscape plan subject to 35.12% of total area as green coverage. The specie should include trees of indigenous local varieties like Neem, Peepal, Kadam, Kachnaar etc. The occupancy certificate to the building should be issued only when the authority (Nagar Nigam Bhopal) is satisfied that the provisions of the rule no. 67 MPBVR 2012 have been complied with. Every effort should be made to protect the existing trees on the plot. (163rd SEIAA meeting dtd 24.09.14).

Specific Conditions as recommended by SEAC

- (7) It should be ensured that no construction should be done within the HFL of the nallah.
- (8) PP shall promote schemes for conservation of water in such a way that the fresh water demand shall not go beyond 1322 KLD.
- (9) Waste water generation shall be 972 KLD which shall be treated through STP having design capacity of 1200 KLD.
- (10) All sanitary fittings, pipelines etc. used in the project shall be of premium quality conforming the norms to avoid wastage of water through leakages.
- (11) The construction site shall be provided with adequately barricades of at least 3 m height on its periphery with adequate signage.
- (12) Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. The safe disposal of wastewater and solid wastes generated during the construction phase should be ensured.



- (13) All topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticultural / landscape development within the project site.
- (14) Diesel generator sets proposed as backup power shall be of enclosed type and conform to prescribed standards under EPA rules. All exhausts shall be 5.5 m above roof top. Necessary acoustic enclosures shall be provided at diesel generator set to mitigate the impact of noise.
- (15) Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution load on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Readymade mix concrete should be used as far as possible.
- (16) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of curing agents, plasticizers and other best practices.
- (17) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per provisions of Fly Ash Notification under EPA.
- (18) The construction materials and debris shall be properly stored and handled to avoid negative impacts such as air pollution and public nuisances by blocking the roads and public passages.

Encl: Annex-I

Endt No. ¹⁵⁷² / SEIAA/ 14
Copy to:-

Dated 28-10-14


(Ajatshatru Shrivastava)
Member Secretary

- (1). Principal Secretary, Urban Development & Environment Deptt. 3rd Floor, Mantralaya Vallabh Bhawan, Bhopal.
- (2). Secretary, SEAC, Research and Development Wing Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony Bhopal-462016.
- (3). Member Secretary, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-462016.
- (4). The Collector, Distt-Bhopal -M.P.
- (5). The Commissioner, Municipal Corporation, Bhopal, MP
- (6). The Jt. Director, Town & Country Planning, Bhopal, MP
- (7). Director, I. A. Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF, Gol, Ministry of Environment & Forest Indira Paryavaran Bhwan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi – 110 003
- (8). Director (S), Regional office of the MOEF, (Western Region), Kendriya Paryavaran Bhawan, Link Road No. 3, Ravi Shankar Nagar, Bhopal-462016.
- (9). Guard file.

Encl: Annex-I


(Ajatshatru Shrivastava)
Member Secretary

State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.

(Government of India, Ministry of Environment & Forests)

Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-4620 16

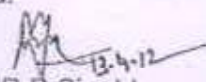
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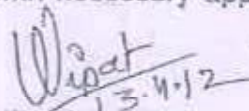
Standard Conditions related to under item 8 (a) & 8 (b) of the schedule of EIA notification, 2006

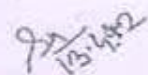
(Building/ construction projects / area development projects & township)

A. Construction Phase

1. The construction site shall be provided with adequately barricades of at least 3 m height on its periphery with adequate signage.
2. All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting any construction work and are to be maintained throughout the project phase.
3. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
4. Occupational health and safety measures for the workers including identification of work related health hazards, training on malaria eradication, HIV, and health effects on exposure to dust etc. shall be carried out. Periodic monitoring for exposure to respirable dust on the workers shall be conducted and records maintained including health records of the workers. Awareness programme for workers on impact of dust on their health and precautionary measures like use of personal equipments etc. shall be carried out periodically.
5. A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and operation of the project.
6. All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
7. Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
8. Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.
9. Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials, must not be allowed to contaminate water courses and the dump sites, for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.
10. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the M.P. Pollution Control Board.


(Dr R P Singh)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Vinita Vipat)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)
Officer-in-Charge

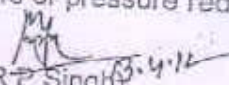
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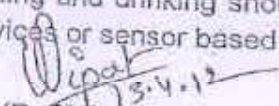
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Dated 28-10-14

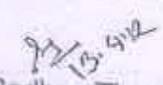
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Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-4620 18

11. The diesel generator sets (if any) to be used during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environment (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
12. The diesel required (if any) for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.
13. Wastewater generated from temporary labour tents will be diverted to the sewer network in the area.
14. No water logging should take place at any point during construction phase.
15. If the project site is located within the 100 km of Thermal Power Stations, then fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003.
16. As far as possible ready mixed concrete should be used in construction work.
17. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
18. Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/ MPPCB.
19. Storm water control and its use should be as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.
20. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
21. Care shall be taken during the wet drilling activities.
22. Spread of contaminated water should be prevented by installing temporary barriers of G.I. Sheets.
23. To prevent surface and ground water contamination by oil/grease, leak proof containers shall be used for storage and transportation of oil/grease. The floors of oil/grease handling area will be kept effectively impervious.
24. On-site burning of waste material will not be permitted.
25. Ground water should not be used during construction phase. Private tanker water suppliers may be asked to supply water during construction phase.
26. Commitment towards CSR have to be followed strictly.
27. Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.


(Dr R.P. Singh)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Vinita Vipat)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)
Officer-in-Charge

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State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, M.P.

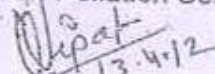
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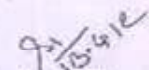
28. Wherever possible, the area around the STP / ETP should be surrounded with dense green belt.
29. To reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning, high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows should be promoted.
30. Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
31. Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-air conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
32. Approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

B. Operation Phase

1. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) as submitted by PP in the office of SEIAA should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the Regional office of the Ministry of Environment & Forest, Gol before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated effluent discharge from STP shall be recycled/reused to the maximum extent possible. Treated effluent shall conform to the norms and standards of the M.P. Pollution Control Board. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
2. Treated waste water should not be used for air conditioning.
3. Treatment of 100% grey water by decentralized treatment should be done.
4. The bio-medical waste (if applicable) generated should be disposed off as per the provisions of Bio-medical waste (Management and Handling) Rules 1988 as amended till date.
5. Provision of separate entrance / exit gate should be made for collection of segregated bio-medical waste (if applicable) from the storage area.
6. The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material as per CPCB norms.
7. Diesel power generating sets if proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Low sulphur diesel must be used. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board.


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(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)
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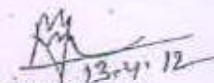
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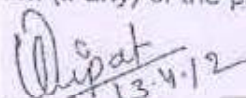
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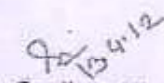
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Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
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8. No water logging should take place at any point during operation phase.
9. The Project Proponent shall explore the possibility of using solar energy wherever possible.
10. Provision for plantation has to be made as per Madhya Pradesh Bhumi Vikas Niyam, 1984.
11. Any hazardous waste generated during operation phase, should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the M.P. Pollution Control Board.
12. Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards of CPCB.
13. Weep holes in the compound walls shall be provided to ensure natural drainage of rain water in the catchment area during the monsoon period.
14. Rain water harvesting for roof run-off and surface run-off, should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The bore well for rainwater recharging should be kept at least 5 mts. above the highest ground water table.
15. The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Central Ground Water Authority.
16. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
17. A Report on the energy conservation measures conforming to energy conservation norms finalize by Bureau of Energy Efficiency should be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc and submit to the Regional office of Ministry of Environment & Forest, GoI in three months time.
18. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible.
19. The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
20. The area earmarked for the parking shall be used for parking only. No other activity shall be permitted in this area.
21. Ozone Depleting Substances (Regulation & Control) Rules shall be followed while designing the air conditioning system (if any) of the project.


(Dr R P Singh)
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(Dr Sadhna Tiwari)
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Dated 28-10-14
SEIAA/EPCCO


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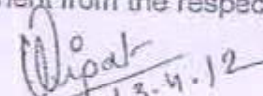
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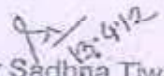
Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-4620 16

C. Others

1. All activities / mitigative measures proposed by PP in Environmental Impact Assessment (if applicable) and approved by SEAC must be ensured.
2. All activities / mitigative measures proposed by PP in Environmental Management Plan and approved by SEAC must be ensured.
3. All parameters listed in Environmental Monitoring Plan approved by SEAC must be monitored at approved locations and frequencies.
4. Project Proponent has to strictly follow the direction/guidelines issued by MoEF, CPCB and other Govt. agencies from time to time.
5. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure shall be reported to the MoEF, GoI, and its Regional Office located at Bhopal.
6. The Ministry or any other competent authority may alter/modify the conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.
7. The Environmental Clearance shall be valid for a period of five years from the date of issue of this letter.
8. The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on 1st June and 1st December of each calendar year on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data to the regulatory Authority in hard and soft copies.
9. The Regional Office, MoEF, GoI, Bhopal and MPPCB shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. A complete set of documents including Environment Impact Assessment Report, Environmental Management Plan and other documents information should be given to Regional Office of the MoEF, GoI at Bhopal and MPPCB.
10. The Project Proponent shall inform to the Regional Office, MoEF, GoI, Bhopal and MP PCB regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.
11. In the case of expansion or any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project shall again require prior Environmental Clearance as per EIA notification, 2006.
12. The SEIAA of M.P. reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
13. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained (as and when applicable), by the project proponent from the respective competent authorities.


(Dr R P Singh)
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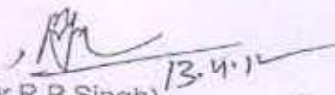

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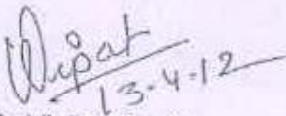
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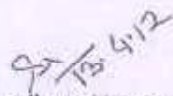
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Research and Development Wing, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal-4620 16

14. These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.
15. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company and in the public domain.
16. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF.
17. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
18. A copy of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the Project Proponent to the Heads of the Local Bodies, Panchayat and municipal bodies as applicable in addition to the relevant officers of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
19. The Project Proponent shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at website of the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) at www.mpseiaa.nic.in and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional Office, MoEF, Gol, Bhopal.
20. Any appeal against this prior environmental clearance shall lie with the Green Tribunal, if necessary, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.


(Dr R P Singh)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Vinita Vipat)
Officer-in-Charge


(Dr Sachna Tiwari)
Officer-in-Charge

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